

2022 Cost Report and 2023 Accountability Report Instructions for Residential Care (RC)

For assistance with:

Report completion

Provider Finance Long-term Services and Supports Center for Training and Information (737) 867-7817 or <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u>

Receipt of the report

Phone: (737) 867-7812, Email: <u>costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov</u>

Report Groups assigned to the provider's entity

Phone: (737) 867-7812, Email: costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov

Report Preparers or the list of trained Preparers

Phone: (737) 867-7812, Email: costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov

Adding Contacts or issues with your State of Texas Automated Information Reporting System (STAIRS) Login:

Fairbanks, LLC. Phone: (877) 354-3831, Email: info@fairbanksllc.com

Table of Contents

State of Texas Automated Information System (STAIRS)	5
Purpose of a Cost Report	6
Who Must Complete this Report?	6
Excusals	6
Updates to Prior Cost Report Template/Instructions Error! Bookmark no	ot defined.
Step Four – Natural Disaster and COVID-19 Related Questions Error! Bookmark no	ot defined.
COVID Funding Questions	7
CARES ACT and TAC Rule guidance	7
CARES ACT - Provider Relief Funds	7
CARES ACT – Paycheck Protection Program	8
Rate Enhancement	8
Local Funds	9
Supporting Documentation	9
General Information	10
Due Date and Submission	10
Reporting Period	11
Website	11
Failure to File an Acceptable Cost Report	11
Extensions Granted Only for Good Cause	11
Standards for an Acceptable Cost Report	11
Return of Unacceptable Cost Reports	12
Amended Cost Reports	12
Accounting Methods	13
Cost Report Certification	13
Reporting Data/Statistics	13
Direct Costing	13
Split Payroll Periods	14
Cost Allocation Methods	14
Recordkeeping	16
Recordkeeping for Owners and Related Parties	16
Retention of Records	17
Failure to Maintain Records	17
Access to Records	17
Field Audits and Desk Reviews of Cost Reports	
Notification of Exclusions and Adjustments	

Informal Review of Exclusions and Adjustments	
Common Cost Reporting Errors	19
Definitions	20
Detailed Instructions	
General System Navigation	31
User Interface and Dashboard	32
Step 1. Combined Entity Identification	
Step 2. General Information	
Step 3. Contracts/Business Components	
Step 3.a. Verify Contracts for Requested Reports	
Step 3.b. Enter Other Business Components (Other Contracts, Grants or Busing with the State of Texas or any other entity, or other funding sources)	
Step 3.c. Verify Business Component Summary	
Step 4. General Information	
Step 5. Resident Days and Revenue	44
Step 5.a. Statistical Data	44
Step 5.b. Residential Care (RC) Resident Days	44
Step 5.c. STAR+PLUS Assisted Living (AL), Residential Care (RC), and Persona Resident Days	· · ·
Step 6. Wages and Compensation	47
Step 6.a. General Information Error! Bo	okmark not defined.
Step 6.b. Related-Party	
Step 6.c Attendant	53
Step 6.d. Non-Attendant Error! Bo	okmark not defined.
Step 6.e Administrative and Operations Personnel	
Step 7. Payroll Taxes and Workers' Compensation	60
Step 8. Facility and Operations Costs	63
Step 8.a. General Information Error! Bo	okmark not defined.
Step 8.b Related-Party Non-depreciable Equipment and Supplies	67
Step 8.c. Related-Party Loans	69
Step 8.d. Related-Party Contracted Services	71
Step 8.e. Depreciation Expense and Related-Party Lease/Purchase of Deprecial	ble Assets73
Step 8.f. Non-Related Party Facility, Operations, Administrative and Other Dire	
Step 8.g. Facility and Operations Costs Summary	90
Online Verification and Submission	
Step 9. Preparer Verification Summary	
Steps 10 and 11. Preparer Certification and Entity Contact Certification	
Step 13. Agree/Disagree	
Step 14. HHSC Informal Review	

Appendix A. Uploading Documents into STAIRS	
Appendix B. Allocation Methodologies	
Appendix C. Reserved for Future Use	
Appendix D. List of Useful Lives for Depreciation	
Appendix E. Self-Insurance	
Appendix F. Importing Data Into STAIRS	

State of Texas Automated Information System (STAIRS)

STAIRS is the web-based system used for long-term care Medicaid cost reporting in the State of Texas. The system is used for all long-term services and supports programs that are required to submit cost reports: the 24-hour Residential Child Care (24RCC) program; the Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with an Intellectual Disability or Related Condition (ICF/IID) program; the Home and Community-based Services (HCS) and Texas Home Living (TxHmL) waiver programs; the Nursing Facilities (NF), Primary Home Care (PHC) and Community Living Assistance and Support Services (CLASS) programs (including both CLASS Case Management Agency (CLASS CMA) and Class Direct Service Agency (CLASS DSA) providers) via the CPC (CLASS/PHC) Cost Report; the Day Activity and Health Services (DAHS) program; and the Residential Care (RC) program.

The preparer needs to read these instructions carefully.

Login IDs and passwords do not change year-to-year. The provider's designated Primary Entity Contact can access STAIRS via the links given in the email notifying them of their login ID and password. If the provider is new for 2022, the provider's Primary Entity Contact should receive an email with their login information. If the provider's Primary Entity Contact has not received an email with their login information, they should contact costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov. Preparers can only access STAIRS if they have been designated as the Preparer by the Primary Entity Contact and have received an email notifying them of their login ID and password for STAIRS.

Cost Report Training

All Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) Provider Finance Department (PFD) sponsored cost report training will be offered via webinar. Each webinar will include how to enter a report into the State of Texas Automated Information Reporting System (STAIRS).

Upon completion of the appropriate webinar, preparers will be given the appropriate credit to be qualified to submit a cost report. Attendees of a Cost Report Training webinar will not receive a certificate because HHSC Provider Finance will track training attendance internally. Additionally, there will be NO Continuing Education Units (CEUs) or Continuing Professional Education (CPEs) credits for completing a cost report training webinar.

In order to be able to submit a 2022 cost report, a preparer must attend the 2022 Cost Report Training Webinar. Preparers without the proper training credit will not be able to access the STAIRS data entry application.

Purpose of a Cost Report

The purpose of a Medicaid Cost Report is to gather financial and statistical information for HHSC to use in developing reimbursement rates. Some cost reports are also used in the determination of accountability under the Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement program.

Who Must Complete this Report?

RC providers are required to complete and submit a 2022 RC Cost Report. The only exception to this requirement is if the provider did not provide any billable attendant services to HHSC recipients during the reporting period.

Providers with more than one RC contract must file cost reports according to the assigned Cost Report Group.

A provider that is not enrolled in Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement during the reporting period for the cost report in question must complete and submit a 2022 RC Cost Report for each RC contract unless excused.

Excusals

Providers may receive an excusal from the requirement to submit a cost report based on meeting one or more of the following conditions:

- If the provider performed no billable services during the provider's cost-reporting period.
- If the cost-reporting period would be less than or equal to 30 calendar days or one entire calendar month.
- If circumstances beyond the provider's control, such as the loss of records due to natural disasters or removal of records from the provider's custody by a regulatory agency, make cost-report completion impossible.
- If all of the contracts that the provider is required to include in the cost report have been terminated before the cost-report due date.
- If the total number of days that the provider performed service for HHSC recipients during the cost-reporting period is less than the total number of calendar days included in the cost-reporting period.

Contact HHSC PFD at <u>costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov</u> to determine if you qualify for an excusal.

COVID Funding Questions

HHSC PFD developed the below information to provide guidance and address questions pertaining to the 2022 Cost/Accountability Reports related to COVID-19. The following sections include guidance on COVID-19-related revenue providers may have received and instructs when to report or offset revenue against incurred expenses.

CARES ACT and TAC Rule Guidance

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act was passed by Congress and signed into law by President Trump on March 27th, 2020. The CARES Act provides that "...these funds may not be used to reimburse expenses or losses that have been reimbursed from other sources or that other sources are obligated to reimburse...."i In this case, Medicaid is considered an "Other Source" that is obligated to reimburse the expense of providing Medicaid services.

Furthermore, Title 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(18)(B), provides, "Grants and contracts from federal, state or local government, such as transportation grants, United States Department of Agriculture grants, education grants, Housing and Urban Development grants, and Community Service Block Grants, should be offset, prior to reporting on the cost report, against the particular cost or group of costs for which the grant was intended...." For purposes of the Cost/Accountability reports, the CARES Act Provider Relief Funds, the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP), and portions of the Economic Injury Disaster Loans are considered grants to the extent the funds are forgiven under the terms of the loan programs and/or the terms and conditions of the funds received.

CARES ACT - Provider Relief Funds

Qualified providers of health care, services, and support may receive Provider Relief Fund payments for healthcare-related expenses or lost revenue due to COVID-19. These distributions do not need to be repaid to the US government, assuming providers comply with the terms and conditions.

For the Cost/Accountability Reports, providers and cost report preparers should offset any PRF recognized as revenue by the provider in 2022 based on increased costs due to COVID-19 not reimbursed by another source against any cost or group of costs incurred to prepare for, prevent, or respond to coronavirus otherwise recorded on the provider unadjusted trial balance before reporting on the actual cost report. Providers can reflect the detail of this offset in the trial balance or allocation summary uploaded as supporting documentation and report the final adjusted expenses on the cost or accountability report. An example may include, but are not limited to:

- A facility experiences an increase in expenses related to COVID-19 of \$100,000.
- Assuming the \$100,000 of additional COVID-19 related cost was paid for using PRF funds, the \$100,000 would be offset against any expense incurred to prepare for, prevent, or respond to coronavirus prior to reporting on the cost report.

• The additional Covid-19 related cost can be reflected in the provider's trial balance or allocation summary.

PRF revenue recognized in 2022 as a result of lost revenue should not reduce any expenses included on the unadjusted trial balance before those expenses are reported on the cost report because these lost revenue dollars are not associated with any specific expense. Providers who are required to complete cost or accountability reports should be prepared to submit this information, upon request.

CARES ACT – Paycheck Protection Program

The Cares Act also established the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). PPP funds are forgivable per the terms and conditions of the program.

For the Cost/Accountability Reports, providers and cost report preparers should offset an amount equal to any staff wages reimbursed by PPP against any otherwise incurred salary, during the cost reporting period, before reporting. An offset should also be made to any other non-payroll-related expense for the portion of the PPP loan utilized for those non-payroll items. Providers can reflect the detail of this offset in the trial balance or allocation summary uploaded as supporting documentation and report the final adjusted expenses on the cost or accountability report. An example may include, but is not limited to:

- A facility received a PPP loan of \$10,000 and met the requirements for forgiveness before its fiscal year-end.
- Assuming 60% of the loan amount was used for payroll-related costs and 40% was used for non-payroll costs, an offset of \$6,000 would occur against any department(s) otherwise incurred payroll-related expenses.
- \$4,000 would be offset against any non-payroll-related expenses on the unadjusted trial balance before reporting the net wages on the cost or accountability report.

Rate Enhancement

Providers enrolled in the Attendant Compensation/Direct Care Compensation Rate Enhancement program receive additional funds to provide increased wages and benefits for attendants or direct care staff and must demonstrate compliance with enhanced staffing or spending requirements. Spending requirements related to rate enhancement are only applicable to paid units reported on the cost/accountability reports. 1 TAC Sections 355.308(j) and 355.112(s) outline the determination of staffing requirements for rate enhancement participants. As it relates to staffing, which is based on direct care hours, the offset of PRF and PPP revenues described above should not impact the hours reported for any department on the cost or accountability report. While the offset of some of the PRF and PPP revenues could reduce certain salaries reported on the cost report, the number of hours reported should agree with the actual hours related to the unadjusted salaries. Even if the salary was paid using PRF or PPP dollars, the actual hours incurred did not change and should not be reduced on the cost or accountability report. In these instances, the provider may be required to provide an explanation and should reference the PRF or PPP offset.

Local Funds

As per 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(18)(B), "Grants and contracts from federal, state or local government, such as transportation grants, United States Department of Agriculture grants, education grants, Housing and Urban Development grants, and Community Service Block Grants, should be offset, prior to reporting on the cost report, against the particular cost or group of costs for which the grant was intended....". If you have any questions about the treatment of local funds for purposes of the cost report, please contact the LTSS Center for Information and Training at <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u>.

Supporting Documentation

As in prior years, providers may be required to submit support documentation (e.g., trial balances, allocation summary, etc.) to support the information reported in their 2020 Cost/Accountability Report.

The state acknowledges providers may be required to submit reports to local or federal jurisdictions based on funds received (e.g. PRF, etc.). Do not provide the State with a copy of these reports and/or any applicable support documentation for these reports.

General Information

This cost report is governed by the following rules and instructions:

- Cost Determination Process Rules from 1 TAC Sections 355.101-355.111 and 355.112
- RC program-specific rules at 1 TAC Section 355.509;
- The *Instructions* for completion of the report;
- The 2022 general and program-specific Cost Report training materials.

As stated at 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(1), federal tax laws and Internal Revenue Service (IRS) regulations do not necessarily apply in the preparation of Texas Medicaid Cost Reports. Except as otherwise specified in HHSC's Cost Determination Process Rules, cost reports should be prepared consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Cost Determination Process Rules and program-specific rules take precedence when the Cost Determination Process Rules and/or program-specific rules conflict with IRS, GAAP, or other authorities.

To properly complete this cost report, the preparer must:

- Read these instructions;
- Review the provider's most recently audited cost report and audit adjustment information. The most recently received adjustments are likely those for the 2020 Cost Report (if adjustment information has not been received, call (737) 867-7812;
- First-time preparers must attend an Initial Cost Report Training Webinar session and receive credit for the 2022 Cost Report Training sponsored by HHSC. Preparers without the proper credit will not be able to access the STAIRS data entry application;
- Create a comprehensive reconciliation worksheet to serve as a crosswalk between the facility/contracted provider's accounting records and the cost report; and
- Create worksheets to explain adjustments to year-end balances due to the application of Medicaid cost reporting rules and instructions.

Due Date and Submission

The cost report is due to HHSC Provider PFD on or before April 30, 2023.

All attachments and signed and notarized certification pages must be uploaded into STAIRS.

Reports will not be considered "received" until the online report has been finalized and all required documents uploaded. See *Appendix A. Uploading Documents into STAIRS*.

Documentation mailed rather than uploaded into the system will not be accepted. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(c) for more information.

Reporting Period

The reporting period is generally the period of time during the contracted provider's 2022 fiscal year during which its contract was in effect. The reporting period must not exceed twelve months. The beginning and ending dates are pre-populated. If a provider believes the pre-populated dates are incorrect, it is extremely important to call (737) 867-7812 before continuing with cost report preparation. Refer to the *Instructions*, **Step 2** for additional assistance.

Website

The HHSC PFD website contains program-specific cost report instructions, cost report training information and materials, and payment rates. Additional information and features are added periodically. We encourage you to visit our website at the following link: <u>https://pfd.hhs.texas.gov/long-term-services-supports</u>.

Failure to File an Acceptable Cost Report

Failure to file a cost report completed according to instructions and rules by the cost report due date constitutes an administrative contract violation. In the case of an administrative contract violation, procedural guidelines and informal reconsideration, and/or appeal processes are specified in 1 TAC Section 355.111. Also refer to 1 TAC section 355.105(b)(4)(C)(ii).

Extensions Granted Only for Good Cause

Extensions of cost report due dates are limited to those requested for good cause. Good cause refers to extreme circumstances that are beyond the control of the contracted provider and for which adequate advance planning and organization would not have been of any assistance. HHSC Provider Finance must receive requests for extensions before the due date of the cost report. The extension request must be made by the provider (owner or authorized signor). The extension request must clearly explain the necessity for the extension and specify the extension due date being requested. Failure to file an acceptable cost report by the original cost report due date because of the denial of a due date extension request constitutes an administrative contract violation. In the case of an administrative contract violation, procedural guidelines and informal reconsideration and/or appeal processes are specified in 1 TAC Section 355.111. Also, refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(c)(3).

Standards for an Acceptable Cost Report

To be acceptable, a cost report must:

1. Be completed according to the Cost Determination Process Rules, program-specific rules, cost report instructions, and policy clarifications;

- Be completed for the correct cost-reporting period (Note that the cost-reporting period has been prepopulated. See **Step 4.** If a provider believes that the dates are incorrect, contact HHSC Provider Finance at <u>costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov</u> for assistance);
- 3. Be completed using an accrual method of accounting (except for governmental entities required to operate on a cash basis);
- 4. Be submitted online as a 2022 Cost Report for the correct program through STAIRS;
- 5. Include any necessary supporting documentation, as required, uploaded into STAIRS;
- 6. Include signed, notarized, original certification pages (Cost Report Certification and Methodology Certification) scanned and uploaded into STAIRS. This can also be digitally signed.
- 7. Calculate all allocation percentages to at least two decimal places (i.e., 25.75%);
- 8. If allocated costs are reported, include acceptable allocation summaries, uploaded into STAIRS.
- 9. Have uploaded in STAIRS a detailed asset listing/depreciation schedule if the summary method of reporting was used in **Step 8.e**.
- 10.Have uploaded in STAIRS a work paper supporting related party building rent/lease if the summary method of reporting was used in **Step 8.e**.

Return of Unacceptable Cost Reports

Failure to complete cost reports according to instructions and rules constitutes an administrative contract violation. In the case of an administrative contract violation, procedural guidelines and informal reconsideration, and or appeal processes are specified in §355.111. Cost reports that are not completed according to applicable rules and instructions will be returned for correction and resubmission. The return of the cost report will consist of un-certifying the file originally submitted via STAIRS which will re-open the cost report to allow additional work and resubmission by the contracted provider. Notification of the return will be sent through email and certified mail. HHSC grants the provider a compliance period of no more than 15 calendar days to correct the contract violation. Failure to resubmit an **acceptable** corrected cost report by the due date indicated in the return notification will result in a recommendation for a vendor hold. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.106(a)(2).

Amended Cost Reports

An interested party legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider may initiate an amendment no later than 60 days after the original due date. Provider-initiated amendment requests can be sent to: <u>costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov</u>. Request received that is not signed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted

provider, or received after the 60th day, will not be accepted. Failure to submit the requested amendment to the cost report by the due date is considered a failure to complete a cost report. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(d)(1)(A).

Accounting Methods

All revenues, expenses, and statistical information submitted on cost reports must be based upon an accrual method of accounting except where otherwise specified in the Cost Determination Process Rules or program-specific reimbursement methodology rules. Governmental entities may report on a cash basis or modified accrual basis. To be allowable on the cost report, costs must have been accrued during the cost reporting period and paid within 180 days of the end of the cost reporting period unless the provider is under bankruptcy protection and has received a written waiver of the 180-day rule from HHSC PFD. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(1).

Cost Report Certification

Contracted providers must certify the accuracy of the cost report submitted to HHSC. Contracted providers may be liable for civil and/or criminal penalties if the cost report is not completed according to HHSC requirements or if the information is misrepresented and/or falsified. Before signing the certification pages, carefully read the certification statements to ensure that the signers have complied with the cost-reporting requirements. The Methodology Certification page advises preparers that they may lose the authority to prepare future cost reports if cost reports are not prepared according to all applicable rules, instructions, and training materials.

Reporting Data/Statistics

Statistical data such as "Hours" must be reported to two decimal places. Please note that the two decimal places are NOT the same as the minutes, but are stated as the percent of an hour. For example, when reporting the hours for Registered Nurses (RN), 150 hours and 30 minutes would be reported as 150.50 hours, and 150 hours and 20 minutes would be reported as 150.33 hours.

Direct Costing

Direct costing must be used whenever reasonably possible. Direct costing means that costs incurred for the benefit of, or directly attributable to, a specific business component must be charged directly to that particular business component.

Certain costs are required to be direct-costed, including medical/health/dental insurance premiums, life insurance premiums, other employee benefits (such as employer-paid disability premiums, employer-paid retirement/pension plan contributions, employer-paid deferred compensation contributions, employer-paid child day care, and accrued leave), attendant care staff salaries and wages and attendant contract labor compensation (see **Definitions**, Attendant Care for Community for detailed instructions on the reporting of attendant care staff time, salaries and wages) and, for Nursing Facilities only, direct care staff (e.g. RNs, LVNs, medication aides and certified nurse aides) salaries and contract

labor compensation (see **Definitions**, Direct Care for Nursing Facilities for detailed instructions on the reporting of direct care staff time, salaries and wages).

For all attendant care and, for nursing facilities, direct care costs, the provider must have documentation that demonstrates the reported costs directly benefited only the program and contracts for which the cost report is being completed. Daily timesheets documenting time are required for all attendant salaries directly charged to the cost report. If the employee works for the provider in only one program and one position type, the daily timesheet must document the start time, the end time, and the total time worked. If the attendant works in different programs, or more than one position type (such as habilitation attendant and file clerk), there must be daily timesheets to document the actual time spent working for each provider, program, or position type so that costs associated with that employee can be properly direct costed to the appropriate cost area.

Split Payroll Periods

If a payroll period is split such that part of the payroll period falls within the cost reporting period and part of the payroll period does not fall within the cost reporting period, the provider has the option of direct costing or allocating the hours and salaries associated with the split payroll period.

For example, if the payroll period covered two weeks, with six days included in the cost-reporting period and eight days not included in the cost-reporting period, the provider could either review their payroll information to properly direct-cost the paid hours and salaries for only the six days included in the cost-reporting period or the provider could allocate 6/14th of the payroll period's hours and salaries to the cost report. The method chosen must be consistently applied to each cost-reporting period. Any change in the method of allocation used from one reporting period to the next must be fully disclosed as per 1 TAC Section 355.102(j)(1)(D).

Cost Allocation Methods

Whenever direct costing of shared costs is not reasonable, it is necessary to allocate these costs either individually or as a pool of costs across those business components sharing in the benefits of the shared costs. The allocation method must be a reasonable reflection of the actual business operations of the provider. Contracted providers must use reasonable and acceptable methods of allocation and must be consistent in their use of allocation methods for cost-reporting purposes across all program areas and business components. Allocated costs are adjusted during the audit verification process if the allocation method is unreasonable, is not one of the acceptable methods enumerated in the Cost Determination Process Rules, or has not been approved in writing by HHSC Provider Finance. An indirect allocation method approved by some other department, program, or governmental entity (including Medicare, another federal funding source, or a state agency) is not automatically approved by HHSC for cost-reporting purposes. See **Appendix B** for details on the types of approved allocation methodologies, when each can

be used and when, and how to contact HHSC for approval to use an alternate method of allocation other than those approved.

If there is more than one business component, service delivery program, or Medicaid program within the entire related organization, the provider is considered to have central office functions, meaning that administrative functions are more than likely shared across various business components, service delivery programs, or Medicaid contracts. Shared administration costs require allocation before being reported as central office costs on the cost report. The allocation method(s) used must be disclosed as the allocated costs are entered into STAIRS and an allocation summary must be prepared and uploaded to support each allocation calculation.

An adequate allocation summary must include for each allocation calculation: a description of the numerator and denominator that is clear and understandable in words and numbers, the resulting percentage to at least two decimal places, a listing of the various cost categories to be allocated, 100% of the provider's expenses by cost category, the application of the allocation percentage to each shared cost, the resulting allocated amount, and the cost report item on which each allocated amount is reported. The description of the numerator and denominator should document the various cost components of each.

For example, the "salaries" allocation method includes salaries/wages and contracted labor (excluding consultants). Therefore, the description of the numerator and the denominator needs to document that both salaries/wages and contracted labor costs were included in the allocation calculations. For the "labor cost" allocation method, the cost report preparer needs to provide documentation that salaries/wages, payroll taxes, employee benefits, workers' compensation costs, and contracted labor (excluding consultants) were included in the allocation calculations. For the "cost-to-cost" allocation method, the cost report preparer needs to provide documentations. For the "cost-to-cost" allocation method, the cost report preparer needs to provide documentation that all allowable facility and operating costs were included in the allocation calculations. For the "total-cost-less-facility-cost" allocation method, the cost report preparer needs to provide documentation that all facility costs were excluded.

Any allocation method used for cost-reporting purposes must be consistently applied across all contracted programs and business entities in which the contracted provider has an interest (i.e., the entire related organization). If the provider used different allocation methods for reporting to other funding agencies (e.g., USDA, Medicare, HUD), the cost report preparer must provide reconciliation worksheets to HHSC upon request. These reconciliation worksheets must show: 1) that costs have not been charged to more than one funding source, 2) how specific cost categories have been reported differently to each funding source and the reason(s) for such reporting differences, and 3) that the total amount of costs (allowable and unallowable) used for reporting is the same for each report.

Any change in allocation methods for the current year from that used in the previous year must be disclosed on the cost report and accompanied by a written explanation of the reasons for the change. Allocation methods based on revenue or revenue streams are not acceptable.

A provider may have many costs shared between business components. For example, a PHC provider that also provides Medicare Home Health, Medicaid Home Health, private pay services and operates a durable medical equipment company might have shared attendant staff, shared nursing staff, shared clerical staff, shared administration costs, and other shared costs. Guidelines for the allocation of various expenses will be provided in each step of the *Specific Instructions* as appropriate. Refer to 1 TAC Sections 355.102(j) and 355.105(b)(2)(B)(v) for more information.

Recordkeeping

Providers must maintain records that are accurate and sufficiently detailed to support the legal, financial, and statistical information contained in the cost report. These records must demonstrate the necessity, reasonableness, and relationship of the costs to the provision of resident care, or the relationship of the central office to the individual provider. These records include but are not limited to, accounting ledgers, journals, invoices, purchase orders, vouchers, canceled checks, timecards, payrolls, mileage and flight logs, loan documents, insurance policies, asset records, inventory records, organization charts, time studies, functional job descriptions, work papers used in the preparation of the cost report, trial balances, cost allocation spreadsheets, and minutes of meetings of the board of directors. Adequate documentation for seminars/conferences includes a program brochure describing the seminar or a conference program with a description of the workshop attended. The documentation must provide a description clearly demonstrating that the seminar or workshop provided training about contracted-care-related services or quality assurance. Refer to 1 TAC Sections 355.105(b)(2)(A) and 355.105(b)(2)(B).

Recordkeeping for Owners and Related Parties

Regarding compensation of owners and related parties, providers must maintain the following documentation, at a minimum, for each owner or related party:

- A detailed written description of actual duties, functions, and responsibilities;
- Documentation substantiating that the services performed are not duplicative of services performed by other employees;
- Timesheets or other documentation verifying the hours and days worked; (NOTE: this does not mean the number of hours, but the actual hours of the day);
- The amount of total compensation paid for these duties, with a breakdown of regular salary, overtime, bonuses, benefits, and other payments;
- Documentation of regular, periodic payments and/or accruals of the compensation;

- Documentation that the compensation was subject to payroll or self-employment taxes; and
- A detailed allocation worksheet indicating how the total compensation was allocated across business components receiving the benefit of these duties.

Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(xi) for more information.

Retention of Records

Each provider must maintain records according to the requirements stated in 40 TAC Section 69.158 (relating to how long contractors, subrecipients, and subcontractors must keep contract-related records).

- The rule states that records must be kept for a minimum of three years and 90 days after the end of the contract period.
- If any litigation, claim, or audit involving these records begins before three years and 90 days expire, the contractor, sub-recipient, or subcontractor must keep the records and documents for not less than three years and 90 days or until all litigation, claims, or audit findings are resolved, whichever is longer.

If a contractor is terminating business operations, the contractor must ensure that:

- Records are stored and accessible; and
- Someone is responsible for adequately maintaining the records.

Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(A) for more information.

Failure to Maintain Records

Failure to maintain all work papers and any other records that support the information submitted on the cost report relating to all revenue, expense, allocations, and statistical information constitutes an administrative contract violation. Procedural guidelines and informal reconsideration and/or appeal processes are specified in 1 TAC Section 355.111 of this title (relating to Administrative Contract Violations).

Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(A)(iv) for more information.

Access to Records

Each provider or its designated agent(s) must allow access to all records necessary to verify information submitted on the cost report. This requirement includes records for related-party transactions and other business activities in which the contracted provider is engaged. Failure to allow access to all records necessary to verify information submitted to HHSC on cost reports constitutes an administrative contract violation. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.106(f)(2).

Field Audits and Desk Reviews of Cost Reports

Each Medicaid cost report is subject to either a field audit or a desk review by HHSC Cost Report Review Unit (CRRU) Review staff to ensure the fiscal integrity of the program. Cost report audits are performed in a manner consistent with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS), which are included in <u>Government Auditing Standards: Standards for</u> <u>Audit of Governmental Organizations, Programs, Activities, and Functions</u>. These standards are approved by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and are issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

During a field audit or a desk review, the provider must furnish any reasonable documentation requested by HHSC financial examiners within ten (10) working days of the request or a later date as specified by the auditors. If the provider does not present the requested material within the specified time, the audit or desk review is closed, and HHSC automatically disallows the costs in question, pursuant to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(xviii).

For desk reviews and field audits where the relevant records are located outside the state of Texas, the provider's financial records must be made available to HHSC's financial examiners within fifteen (15) working days of field audit or desk review notification. Whenever possible, the provider's records should be made available within Texas. When records are not available within Texas, the provider must pay the actual costs for HHSC staff to travel to and review the records located out of state. HHSC must be reimbursed for these costs within 60 days of the request for payment in accordance with 1 TAC Section 355.105(f).

Notification of Exclusions and Adjustments

HHSC PFD notifies the provider by email of any exclusions and/or adjustments to items on the cost report. See **Step 12** and **Step 13**. The Cost Report Review Unit (CRRU) furnishes providers with written reports of the results of field audits. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.107.

Informal Review of Exclusions and Adjustments

A provider who disagrees with HHSC's adjustments has a right to request an informal review of the adjustments. Requests for informal reviews must be received by HHSC Provider Finance within 30 days of the date on the written notification of adjustments, must be signed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the interested party, and must include a concise statement of the specific actions or determinations the provider disputes, the provider's recommended resolution, and any supporting documentation the provider deems relevant to the dispute. Failure to meet these requirements may result in the request for informal review being denied. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.110.

Common Cost Reporting Errors

The following is a list of some of the more common errors found on cost reports. These errors, as well as others, can be avoided by carefully following the cost report instructions and rules concerning allowable and unallowable expenses.

- 1. Cost reports are submitted on a cash basis rather than on an accrual basis of accounting for providers who are not governmental entities.
- 2. Costs that should be reported separately are combined; for example, the costs incurred for building, vehicle, and general liability insurance are incorrectly all reported in the same item.
- 3. Incorrect related-party staff/contractor information and failure to include an organization chart that clearly identifies each owner-employee, other related-party employee, or related-party contractor, along with each business entity/component.
- 4. Costs are misclassified. For example, the lease expense for a photocopier is incorrectly included in **Step 8.f.** <u>Operations Supplies</u> line instead of being correctly reported in the <u>Rent/Lease Departmental Equipment/Other</u> line.
- 5. Hours and expenses are reported in the incorrect staff-type line items.
- 6. Costs for land are incorrectly included in building historical costs for depreciation purposes.
- 7. Administrative costs shared by several contracts or business components are reported as Program Administration and Operations expenses rather than Central Office expenses.
- 8. Detailed asset listing/depreciation schedule was not uploaded and the summary method of reporting was used in **Step 8.e**.
- 9. 10% salvage value for the building was not removed in calculating depreciation costs; a summary method of reporting was used in **Step 8.e**.
- 10.Vehicle depreciable value was not limited to luxury vehicles.
- 11.Contract labor costs were not included when calculating allocation percentages using the salaries and labor methods.

Common Errors Regarding Unallowable Costs

- 1. Expenses are incorrectly reported for activities that are not related to contracted services.
- 2. Incorrect reporting of personal expenses for items such as personal lunches, personal use of a company vehicle or cellular phone, and personal travel expenses not related to employee business travel.

- 3. Salaries or expenses incorrectly reported for relatives or owners who do not actually work or perform services for the contract.
- 4. Unallowable promotional advertising incorrectly included in reported advertising costs as an allowable cost.
- 5. Erroneous reporting as allowable costs those unallowable dues or membership fees to organizations whose primary emphasis is not related to contracted services. For example, the Chamber of Commerce, Lions Club, or Veterans of Foreign War (VFW) organizations.
- 6. Incorrect reporting (with allowable expenses) of unallowable penalties or fines (such as non-sufficient funds (NSF) fees or late payment penalties).
- 7. Incorrectly expensing bad debts as "Other" costs.
- 8. Incorrect reporting of payroll taxes. For example, incorrectly reporting FICA/Medicare taxes at greater than 7.65% of the total reported salaries (excluding central office salaries).
- 9. Erroneously expensing capital expenditures (rather than properly depreciating them) for items such as roofs, air-conditioning systems, vehicles, sidewalks, and paving of the parking lot.
- 10. Failure to disclose related-party transactions, such as the lease of a building or vehicles.
- Misstatement of allocated costs because the allocation method used was inappropriate (e.g., based on revenue) or based on unreasonable criteria (e.g., administration salary allocations based on square footage).
- 12. Overstatement of depreciation costs because the land cost was incorrectly included with the historical cost of building.
- 13. Overstatement of building depreciation expense because 10% salvage value was not removed.
- 14. Overstatement of transportation equipment depreciation expense because the depreciable value of a luxury vehicle was not limited.

Definitions

Accrual Accounting Method - A method of accounting in which revenues are recorded in the period in which they are earned and expenses are recorded in the period in which they are incurred. If a facility operates on a cash basis, it will be necessary to convert from cash to an accrual basis for cost-reporting purposes. Care must be taken to ensure that a proper cutoff of accounts receivable and accounts payable occurred both at the beginning and end of the reporting period. Amounts earned although not actually received and amounts owed to employees and creditors but not paid should be included in the reporting period in which they were earned or incurred. Allowable expenses properly accrued during the cost-reporting period must be paid within 180 days after the fiscal year-end to remain allowable costs for cost-reporting purposes, unless the provider is under bankruptcy protection and has obtained a written waiver from HHSC from the 180-day rule according to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(1). If accrued expenses are not paid within 180 days after the fiscal year-end and no written exception to the 180-day rule has been approved by HHSC, the cost is unallowable and should not be reported on the cost report. If the provider's cost report is submitted within 180 days after the provider later determines that some of the accrued costs have not been paid within the required 180-day period, the cost report preparer should submit a revised cost report with the unpaid accrued costs removed.

Administration Costs - The share of allowable expenses necessary for the general overall operation of the contracted provider's business that is either directly chargeable or properly allocable to this program. Administration costs include office costs and central office costs (i.e., shared administrative costs properly allocated to this program), if applicable. Administration costs are not direct care costs.

Allocation - A method of distributing costs on a pro-rata basis. For more information, see Cost Allocation Methods in the General Instructions section and the 2018 or 2020 Cost Report Training materials. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.102(j).

Allowable and Unallowable Costs - In accordance with 1 TAC Section 355.102(a), "Allowable and unallowable costs, both direct and indirect, are defined to identify expenses that are reasonable and necessary to provide contracted client care and are consistent with federal and state laws and regulations."

In accordance with 1 TAC Section 355.102(f)(1), Reasonable refers to the amount expended. The test of reasonableness includes the expectation that the provider seeks to minimize costs and that the amount expended does not exceed what a prudent and cost-conscious buyer pays for a given item or service. In determining the reasonableness of a given cost, the following are considered:

- the restraints or requirements imposed by arm's-length bargaining, i.e., transactions with nonowners or other unrelated parties, federal and state laws and regulations, and contract terms and specifications; and
- the action that a prudent person would take in similar circumstances, considering his responsibilities to the public, the government, his employees, clients, shareholders, and members, and the fulfillment of the purpose for which the business was organized.

Beyond the cost's reasonability, an allowable cost must also be necessary. In accordance with 1 TAC Section 355.102(f)(2), "Necessary" refers to the relationship of the cost, direct or indirect, incurred by a provider to the provision of contracted client care. Necessary costs are direct and indirect costs that are appropriate in developing and maintaining the required standard of operation for providing client care in accordance with the contract

and state and federal regulations. In addition, to qualify as a necessary expense, a direct or indirect cost must meet all of the following requirements:

- the expenditure was not for personal or other activities not directly or indirectly related to the provision of contracted services;
- the cost does not appear as a specific unallowable cost in 1 TAC Section 355.103 of this title;
- if a direct cost, it bears a significant relationship to contracted client care. To qualify as significant, the elimination of the expenditure would have an adverse impact on client health, safety, or general wellbeing;
- the direct or indirect expense was incurred in the purchase of materials, supplies, or services provided to clients or staff in the normal conduct of operations to provide contracted client care;
- the direct or indirect costs are not allocable to or included as a cost of any other program in either the current, a prior, or a future cost-reporting period;
- the costs are net of all applicable credits;
- allocated costs of each program are adequately substantiated; and
- the costs are not prohibited under other pertinent federal, state, or local laws or regulations.

Unallowable costs are costs that are neither reasonable or necessary and should not be reported on the Medicaid cost report per 1 TAC Section 355.102(g]). Providers may incur these costs but these costs cannot be considered as part of HHSC's rate determination processes.

Amortization - The periodic reduction of the value of an intangible asset over its useful life or the recovery of the intangible asset's cost over the useful life of the asset. This category may include amortization of deferred financing charges on the financing or refinancing of the purchase of the building, building improvements, building fixed equipment, leasehold improvements, and/or land improvements. The amortization of goodwill is an unallowable cost. The amortization of the purchase price of a Medicaid contract itself (as opposed to the purchase price of the physical facility) is an unallowable cost. For additional information, see instructions for **Step 8.e.** Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(7).

Applied Income - The portion of the daily payment rate paid by the individual in residential programs. HHSC PFDdetermines how much the individual is to pay.

Attendant Care for Community - An attendant is the unlicensed caregiver providing direct assistance to individuals with Activities of Daily Living (ADL) and Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL).

Attendants do not include the director, administrator, assistant director, assistant administrator, clerical and secretarial staff, professional staff, other administrative staff, licensed staff, attendant supervisors, and maintenance staff. See the TAC reference for additional details and exceptions. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.112(b).

Bad Debt - Unrecoverable revenues due to uncollectible accounts receivable. Bad debts are not reported on the Medicaid cost report. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(20)(M).

Building (Facility) Costs - Costs to be reported as Facility Costs. When allocating shared administrative costs (central office costs) based upon the total-cost-less-facility-cost allocation method, the building (facility) costs to be removed from the cost calculation include Lease/Rental of Building/Facility/Building Equipment; Insurance for those items; Utilities, Maintenance and Contract Services of those items; Mortgage Interest; Ad Valorem Taxes; and Depreciation for Building/Facility/Building Equipment/Land/Leasehold Improvements. Building costs must exclude any goodwill (see definition for *Goodwill*).

Business Component - A separate business entity; a state contract, program, or grant; or an operation separate from the contracted provider's contract that makes up part of the total group of entities related by common ownership or control (i.e., one part of the entire related organization). Each separate contract with the state of Texas is usually considered a separate business component/entity. For the IID programs, each component code within a program is considered a separate business component. See also Central Office.

Central Office - Any contracted provider who provides administrative services shared by two or more business components is considered to have a central office. For cost-reporting purposes, a "central office" exists if there are shared administrative functions that require allocation across more than one business. Central office costs are also known as allocated shared administrative costs. The shared administrative functions could be provided by a separate corporation or partnership, or they could be a separate department or separate accounting entity within the contracted entity accounting system. The shared administrative functions could be provided in their own building or co-located with one of the entities for which they provide administrative services (e.g., the shared administrative functions could be provided from spare office space within a programmatic location).

If an organization consists of two or more contracted entities/business components/service delivery programs that are owned, leased, or controlled through any arrangement by the same business entity, that organization probably has administrative costs that benefit more than one of the contracted entities/business components/service delivery programs, requiring that the shared administrative costs be properly allocated across the contracted entities/business components/service delivery programs benefiting from those administrative costs. Typical shared administrative costs may include costs related to the chief executive officer (CEO), chief financial officer (CFO), payroll department, personnel department, and any other administrative function that benefits more than one business component. See also the Instructions for Central Office. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(7). **Chain** - Contracted entities/business components/service delivery programs that have a common owner or sole member or are managed by a related-party management company are considered a chain. A chain may also include business organizations which are engaged in activities other than the provision of the Medicaid program services in the state of Texas. This means that the business components could:

- Be located within or outside of Texas;
- Provide services other than the Medicaid services covered by this cost report, and
- Provide services that may or may not be delivered through contracts with the state of Texas.

Charity Allowance - A reduction in normal charges due to the indigence of the resident/participant. This allowance is not a cost since the costs of the services rendered are already included in the contracted provider's costs.

Combined Entity - One or more commonly owned corporations and/or one or more limited partnerships where the general partner is controlled by the same identical persons as the commonly owned corporation(s). May involve an additional Controlling Entity that owns all members of the combined entity.

Common Ownership - Exists when an individual or individuals possess any ownership or equity in the contracted provider and the institution or organization serving the contracted provider. If a business entity provides goods or services to the provider and also has common ownership with the provider, the business transactions between the two organizations are considered related-party transactions and must be properly disclosed. Administrative costs shared between entities that have common ownership must be properly allocated and reported as central office costs (i.e., shared administrative costs). See the definition for Related Party. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(1).

Compensation of Employees - Compensation includes both cash and non-cash forms of compensation subject to federal payroll tax regulations. Compensation includes wages and salaries (including bonuses); payroll taxes and insurance; and benefits. Payroll taxes and insurance include Federal Insurance Contributions Act (old age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI) and Medicare hospital insurance); Unemployment Compensation Insurance; and Workers' Compensation Insurance. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1).

Compensation of Owners and Related Parties - Compensation includes both cash and non-cash forms of compensation subject to federal payroll tax regulations. Compensation includes withdrawals from an owner's capital account; wages and salaries (including bonuses); payroll taxes and insurance; and benefits. Payroll taxes and insurance include Federal Insurance Contributions Act (old age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI) and Medicare hospital insurance); Unemployment Compensation Insurance; and Workers' Compensation Insurance. Compensation must be made in regular periodic payments, must be subject to payroll or self-employment taxes, and must be verifiable by adequate documentation maintained by the contracted provider. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(2).

Component Code - Specific to IID programs, this is a three-digit code assigned by the HHSC CARE system that is specific to one contracted provider. It may cover one or multiple contracts held by that provider. This code is added to the end of a string that reads "0000H0xxx" for HCS and TxHmL and "0000I0xxx" for ICF/IID to identify the provider in certain HHSC PFD communications.

Contract Labor - Labor provided by non-staff individuals. Non-staff refers to personnel who provide services to the contracted provider intermittently, whose remuneration (i.e., fee or compensation) is not subject to employer payroll tax contributions, and who perform tasks routinely performed by employees. Contract labor does not include consultants.

Contract Management - See definition for Management Services

Contracted Provider See definition for *Provider*

Contracted Staff - See definition for Contract Labor

Contracting Entity - The business component with which Medicaid contracts for the provision of the Medicaid services included on this cost report. See Instructions for **Step 4.**

Control - Exists if an individual or an organization has the power, directly or indirectly, to significantly influence or direct the actions or policies of an organization or institution. Control includes any kind of control, whether or not it is legally enforceable and however it is exercised. It is the reality of the control which is decisive, not its form or the mode of its exercise. Organizations, whether proprietary or nonprofit, are considered to be related through control to their directors in common. Refer to 1 TAC Sections 355.102(i)(1) and 1 TAC 355.102(i)(3).

Controlling Entity - The individual or organization that owns the contracting entity. Controlling entity does not refer to a provider's contracted management organization.

Courtesy Allowance - A reduction in normal charges granted as a courtesy to certain individuals, such as physicians or clergy. This allowance is not a cost since the costs of the services rendered are already included in the contracted provider's costs.

Cost Report Group Code - The number used to identify an individual cost report. HHSC Provider Finance will group one or more RC contracts for each legal entity into an RC Cost Report(s) depending on rate enhancement participation level (if applicable), cost reporting period, and other factors, and will assign the Cost Report Group Code. The Cost Report Group Code for IDD providers will be the component code. **RC Cost Report** – A single cost report that will collect cost data for the RC program. **Depreciation Expense** - The periodic reduction of the value of an asset over its useful life or the recovery of the asset's cost over the useful life of the asset. For additional information, see Instructions for **Step 8.e.** Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(10).

Direct Care - Care provided by provider personnel (i.e., Attendants, RNs, LVNs and Therapists) in order to directly carry out the individual plan of care.

Direct Cost - An allowable expense incurred by the provider specifically designed to provide services for this program. If a general ledger account contains costs (including expenses paid with federal funds) attributable to more than one program, the individual entries to that general ledger account that can be specifically "charged" to a program should be charged to that program (i.e., direct costed or directly charged). Those general ledger entries that are shared by one or more programs should be properly allocated between those programs that benefited. If an employee performs direct care services for more than one program area (or organization or business component), it will be necessary to direct cost (i.e., directly charge) that employee's costs between programs based upon actual timesheets rather than using an allocation method. If an employee performs both direct care services and administrative services within one or more organizations/business components, it will be necessary to document the portion of that employee's costs applicable to the delivery of direct care services based upon daily timesheets; time studies are not an acceptable method for documenting direct care employees' costs. Direct costs include both salary-related costs (i.e., salaries, payroll taxes, employee benefits, and workers' compensation costs) and non-labor costs such as the employee's office space costs (e.g., facility costs related to the square footage occupied by the employee's work area) and departmental equipment (e.g., computer, desk, chair, bookcase) used by the employee in the performance of the employee's duties. See the definition for *Direct* Costing.

Direct Costing - A method of assigning costs specifically to particular units, divisions, cost centers, departments, business components, or service delivery programs for which the expense was incurred. Costs incurred for a specific entity must be charged to that entity. Costs that must be direct-costed include health insurance premiums, life insurance premiums, other employee benefits (e.g., employer-paid disability insurance, employer-paid retirement contributions, and employer-operated child day care for children of employees), and direct care staff salaries and wages. See the definition for *Direct Cost*.

Facility Costs - See definition of Building Costs.

Goodwill - The value of the intangible assets of a business, especially as part of its purchase price. Goodwill is not an allowable cost on the cost report. See instructions for **Step 8** for instructions on the removal of goodwill.

Legend Drug (prescription drug) - Any drug that requires an order from a practitioner (e.g., physician, dentist, nurse practitioner) before it may be dispensed by a pharmacist

or any drug that may be delivered to a resident by a practitioner in the course of the practitioner's practice.

Management Services - Services provided under a contract between the contracted provider and a person or organization to provide for the operation of the contracted provider, including administration, staffing, maintenance, or delivery of resident/participant care services. Management services do not include contracts solely for maintenance, laundry, or food service. If the provider contracts with another entity for the management or operation of the program, the provider must report the specific direct services costs of that entity and not the amount for which the provider is contracting for the entity's services. Expenses for management provided by the contracted provider's central office must be reported as central office costs. Refer to 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(6) and 1 TAC 355.457(b)(2)(A).

Medicaid-only Resident/Participant – Residents/participants who are eligible recipients of Medicaid vendor payments and who ARE NOT ELIGIBLE for payments for ancillary services from other sources (such as Medicare or private insurance).

Necessary - Refers to the relationship of the cost, direct or indirect, incurred by a provider to the provision of contracted care. Necessary costs are direct and indirect costs that are appropriate in developing and maintaining the required standard of operation for providing care for individuals in accordance with the contract and state and federal regulations. See TAC reference for additional requirements. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.102(f)(2).

Net Expenses - Gross expenses less any purchase discounts or returns and purchase allowances. Only net expenses should be reported on the cost report. Refer to 1 TAC Sections 355.102(k) and 1 TAC 355.103(b)(18)(D).

Non-Medicaid Residents/Participants - Non-Medicaid residents /participants include, but are not limited to, private pay, private insurance, Veterans Administration, Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB), Medicaid Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (MQMB) and Dual Eligible (Medicare/Medicaid) residents/participants.

Owner - An individual (or individuals) or organization that possesses ownership or equity in the contracted provider organization or the supplying organization. A person who is a sole proprietor, partner, or corporate stockholder-employee owning any of the outstanding stock of the contracted provider is considered an owner, regardless of the percentage of ownership. Refer to 1 TAC Sections 355.102(i)(2)) and 1 TAC 355.103(b)(2)(A)(i).

Provider - The individual or legal business entity that is contractually responsible for providing Medicaid services, i.e., the business component with which Medicaid contracts for the provision of the services to be reported in this cost report. Also known as contracted provider. See definitions for *Component Code, Contracting Entity*, and *Cost Report Group*.

Purchase Discounts - Discounts such as reductions in purchase prices resulting from prompt payment or quantity purchases, including trade, quantity, and cash discounts. Trade discounts result from the type of purchaser the contracted provider is (i.e., consumer, retailer, or wholesaler). Quantity discounts result from quantity purchasing. Cash discounts are reductions in purchase prices resulting from prompt payment. Reported costs must be reduced by these discounts prior to being reported on the cost report. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.102(k).

Purchase Returns and Allowances –Reductions in expenses resulting from returned merchandise or merchandise that is damaged, lost, or incorrectly billed. Expenses must be reduced by these returns and allowances before being reported on the cost report. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.102(k) for more information.

Reasonable - Refers to the amount expended. The test of reasonableness includes the expectation that the provider seeks to minimize costs and that the amount expended does not exceed what a prudent and cost-conscious buyer pays for a given item or service. See TAC reference for additional considerations in determining reasonableness. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.102(f)(1) for more information.

Refunds and Allowances - Reductions in revenue resulting from overcharges.

Reimbursement Methodology for RC - Rules by which HHSC determines daily payment rates for RC services that are statewide and uniform by class of service and level of need. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.509 for more information.

Related - Related to a contracted provider means that the contracted provider to a significant extent is associated or affiliated with, has control of, or is controlled by the organization furnishing services, equipment, facilities, leases, or supplies. See the definitions of Common Ownership, Control, and Related Party. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(1).

Related Party - A person or organization related to the contracted provider by blood/marriage, common ownership, or any association, which permits either entity to exert power or influence, either directly or indirectly, over the other. In determining whether a related-party relationship exists with the contracted provider, the tests of common ownership and control are applied separately. Control exists where an individual or organization has the power, directly or indirectly, to significantly influence or direct the actions or policies of an organization or institution. If the elements of common ownership or control are not present in both organizations, the organizations are deemed not to be related to each other. The existence of an immediate family relationship will create an irrefutable presumption of relatedness through control or attribution of ownership or equity interests where the significance tests are met. The following persons are considered immediate family for cost-reporting purposes: (1) husband and wife; (2) natural parent, child, and sibling; (3) adopted child and adoptive parent; (4) stepparent, stepchild, stepsister, and stepbrother; (5) father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law,

son-in-law, sister-in-law, and daughter-in-law; (6) grandparent and grandchild; (7) uncles and aunts by blood or marriage; (8) first cousins, and (9) nephews and nieces by blood or marriage. Disclosure of related-party information is required for all allowable costs reported by the contracted provider. **Step 6** and **Step 8** of STAIRS both have substeps designed for reporting compensation of related parties (both wage and contract compensation) and related-party transactions, including the purchase/lease of equipment, facilities, or supplies, and the purchase of services including related-party loans (i.e., lending services). See also definitions of *Common Ownership, Control, Related,* and *Related-Party Transactions*. See also the Cost Report Training materials. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.102(i).

Related-Party Transactions - The purchase/lease of buildings, facilities, services, equipment, goods, or supplies from the contracted provider's central office, an individual related to the provider by common ownership or control, or an organization related to the provider by common ownership or control. Allowable expenses in related-party transactions are reported on the cost report at the cost to the related party. However, such costs must not exceed the price of comparable services, equipment, facilities, or supplies that could be purchased/leased elsewhere in an arm's-length transaction. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.102(i).

Resident - Any individual residing in a residential Medicaid program facility.

Resident Day - Services for one resident for one day. The day the resident is admitted is counted as a day of service. The day the resident is discharged is not counted as a day of service. A resident day is also known as a day of service and is the unit of service for a residential Medicaid program.

Revenue Refunds - Reductions in revenue resulting from overcharges.

Safety Program - An ongoing, well-defined program for the reduction/prevention of employee injuries. The costs to administer such a program may include the development/purchase and maintenance of a training program and safety officer/consultant costs. Salaries and wages for staff administering the safety program must be based on the hours worked on the safety program (from actual timesheets or time studies). These safety program costs should be reported as Administration Costs. Refer to Self-insurance – See Appendix E and 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(13)(B).

Startup Costs - Those reasonable and necessary preparation costs incurred by a provider in the period of developing the provider's ability to deliver services. Startup costs can be incurred before the beginning of a newly formed business and/or before the beginning of a new contract or program for an existing business. Allowable startup costs include, but are not limited to, employee salaries, utilities, rent, insurance, employee training costs, and any other allowable costs incident to the startup period. Startup costs do not include capital purchases, which are purchased assets meeting the criteria for depreciation as described in the Cost Determination Process Rules. Any costs that are identified as organization costs or construction costs must be appropriately classified as such and excluded from startup costs. Allowable startup costs should be amortized over a period of not less than 60 consecutive months. If the business component or corporation never commences actual operations, or if the new contract/program never delivers services, the startup costs are unallowable. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(20)(D) for more information.

Vendor Hold - HHSC rules specify that Medicaid payments from HHSC may be withheld from contracted providers in certain specific situations, as described in 1 TAC Section 355.111.

Workers' Compensation Costs - For cost-reporting purposes, the costs accrued for workers' compensation coverage (such as commercial insurance premiums and/or the medical bills paid on behalf of an injured employee) are allowable. Costs to administer a safety program for the reduction/prevention of employee injuries are not workers' compensation costs. Rather, these costs should be reported as Administration Costs. See the definition of *Safety Program*.

Detailed Instructions

General System Navigation

Add Record: Used to add lines to the current category. It may be used to add an initial entry to the category or to add Allocation detail to an initial entry. If more lines are needed than initially appear, enter the information for the initially appearing lines, Save, and click Add Record again for more lines.

Edit Record: Click the button beside the record to be edited before clicking this box. This will allow the user to change any specifics previously added to this record.

Delete Record: Click the button beside the record to be deleted before clicking this box. This will delete the selected record.

Save: Used to save the current data. Will save the information in the current location and allow additional Add, Edit, or Delete actions.

Save and Return: Saves the current data and returns to the prior level screen.

Cancel: Cancels all unsaved information on the current screen and returns the user to the prior level screen.

Stop Signs: A stop sign appears when an action needs to be taken by the preparer to either continue or before finalizing the cost report. They will tell the preparer that an action must be taken before being able to "Save" information in the current screen, that an edit must be responded to before the report can be finalized, or that a required piece of information is needed on the current screen.

User Interface and Dashboard

Entity List		
Dashboard Cost Reporting		Manage
John Smith	Important Information	Reference Materials
Edit My Info Director	01/15/2014 For 2012 and prior Texas Cost Report users, please <u>click here</u>	
123 Main St. Austin, TX Phone: 123456789	Important Upcoming Dates Upcoming Training Dates Register for Cost Report Training.(excluding MEI) Register for MEI Cost Report Training	
Your Roles 100004001 - RC 100004002 - RC		
General Reference Material Helpful Information for Contacts and Preparers How to Import Depreciable Assets Instructions STAIRS - Managing Contacts - Procedures Uploading File Instructions 2015 STAIRS General Announcement	Program Specific Reference Material	

The initial screen a STAIRS user will see upon logging into the system is the Dashboard. From there the user can see and edit their personal contact information to include their email, street address, and telephone and fax numbers. Also on this Dashboard page are important information messages and listings of important dates and upcoming training opportunities. Training registration can be accessed from this page.

By clicking on "Manage" to the right on the top bar, the user can (depending on his or her permissions) add a contact, attach a person to a role or assign a preparer.

The document titled "Managing Contacts Processing Procedures" gives detailed instructions for managing contacts, including understanding roles and what can be done within the system by persons assigned to the various roles. This document is located in the Reference Materials section located at the bottom of all STAIRS pages.

The Upload Center is also located under "Manage".

Once the user is in the system, they can click on "Cost Reporting" on the top bar. If the user has access permission for only a single cost report group, Cost Report Group 001 for two RC contracts for example, then there will only be one option to click on the initial Cost Reporting page. If the user has access permission for more than one cost report group,

Cost Report Group 002 for one RC contract and Component Code 8zz for HCS/TxHmL for example, then the user will need to choose the component code and report in which the user wishes to work.

Step 1. Combined Entity Identification

Purpose

The purpose of this section is to gather contact information so that HHSC PFD can contact provider/preparer/etc. during the review of the cost report. It is important to verify that all contact information is correct to ensure that provider receives all review correspondence. Step 1 fields will either be auto-populated for subsequent reports (from the prior entities' cost/accountability report) or blank (if this is the first report for an entity).

How HHSC PFD uses the information?

This information is used by the HHSC PFD to obtain information and documentation needed to address issues found in the cost report review. We contact preparers and providers on a regular basis.

To receive notices for report deadlines, notices of reports not received by the deadline (including vendor hold warnings and notices), and notification to providers of adjustments made to their report since certification and recoupments, please ensure your email address is correct in the "Edit My Info" link found when first logging into STAIRS on the Dashboard.

It is vital that the preparer and certifier review, update/enter, and verify the current information for the applicable contacts, as defined below, to ensure timely notifications.

1. Combined Entity Identification		
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Combined Entity Identification

In this section, the provider may update telephone, email, and street address information for the combined entity. If a single provider entity with no combined entities, this entry will be the information for the contracted provider as well.

Entity Contact Identification

In this section, the provider may update the information on the contact person. The contact person must be an employee of the controlling entity, parent company, sole member, governmental body, or related-party management company (i.e., the entire related organization) who is designated on the Entity Contact Certification. The contact person should be able to answer questions about the contents of the provider's cost report.

Financial Contact

A primary contact may designate a Financial Contact. This person can review the cost report, but may not make entries into the system.

Report Preparer Identification

According to 1 TAC Section 355.102(d), it is the responsibility of each provider to ensure that each cost report preparer who signs the Cost Report Methodology Certification completes the required HHSC-sponsored cost report training. The STAIRS cost reporting application will identify whether the person designated as a preparer has completed the required training. Only a preparer who has received credit for one of the cost report training sessions (detailed in the next paragraph), from HHSC for both the General and the Program-Specific training, will be able to complete a cost report in STAIRS. A list of preparers who have completed the training may be accessed through the Provider Finance website (see the Website section of the Instructions) by scrolling down to the "Training Information" heading and clicking on "View Cost Report Training Information", then "Preparer List".

Preparers must complete cost report training for every program for which a cost report is submitted. Such training is required every other year for the odd-year cost to qualify the preparer to complete both that odd-year cost report and the following even-year cost report.

Cost report preparers may be employees of the provider or persons who have been contracted by the provider for the purpose of cost report preparation. NO EXEMPTIONS from the cost report training requirements will be granted.

Location of Accounting Records that Support this Report

Enter the address where the provider's accounting records and supporting documentation used to prepare the cost report are maintained. This address should be one at which a field audit of these records can be conducted. These records do not refer solely to the work papers used by the provider's CPA or other outside cost report preparer. All working papers used in the preparation of the cost report must be maintained in accordance with 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(ii). (See also the Recordkeeping section of the General Instructions.)

Step 2. General Information

Purpose

The purpose of Step 2 is to give general information, including the Combined Entity's reporting period, and to determine if the Combined Entity wants to aggregate reporting expenses used to determine compliance in the Rate Enhancement program.

How HHSC PFD uses the information?

If the provider chooses to aggregate their contracts by the program that participates in the Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement program, then HHSC PFD will use combined expenses to determine compliance with spending requirements.

2. General Information			
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Combined Entity Reporting Period Beginning and Ending Dates

These dates represent the beginning and ending dates for the combined entity's reporting period. If this is a single provider entity with no combined entities, the information for the contracted provider will be used as that of the combined entity. For a combined entity that submitted a cost report in a prior year, these dates will be based on the dates from the prior cost report. For a combined entity that is reporting for the first time this year, the dates are based on the contract beginning date and the assumption that the provider is on a calendar fiscal year, so has an ending date of 12/31 of the cost report year. If these dates are not correct, contact HHSC PFD at costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov for assistance. Failure to assure that the reporting period is correctly identified will result in the cost report being returned and all previous work done on the report being deleted from the system.

This reporting period should include the earliest date the combined entity had a contract with HHSC during the entity's fiscal year ending in 2022 and run through the earlier of the end of the combined entity's fiscal year or the last date on which the combined entity held a contract with HHSC. This date span must match HHSC records regarding the effective

dates of the combined entity's current contract(s). If there is a discrepancy, the cost report will be rejected as unacceptable and returned for proper completion.

To change the provider's corporate fiscal year for cost-reporting purposes, the provider must send written notification to HHSC PFD. The notification should include the name of each affected contracted provider, all 3-digit Cost Report Group Codes, and all 9-digit contract numbers. The notification should also include documentation from the IRS approving the change. The provider must state the effective date of the change and the previous corporate fiscal year. HHSC Provider Finance will notify the provider in writing about how to handle each month for cost-reporting purposes since no cost report can cover more than 12 months. If the provider faxes the notification, it must be followed with an original in the mail. For contracting purposes, HHSC Provider Enrollment must be notified on the appropriate forms.

When reporting Facility and Operations expenses would you like to report depreciable assets on Step 8.e. at the summary level?

Regarding the reporting of depreciable assets; providers (with the exception of the 24-Hour Residential Child Care program) have the option of:

• Data entering each individual, capital asset in Step 8.e., and allowing the system to determine the amount of straight-line depreciation applicable to the cost report;

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OR

• Reporting the depreciation expense per category at the summary level in Step 8.e.

Note:

Entities that include one or more 24-Hour Residential Child Care (24RCC) Cost Report(s) will not be allowed to report depreciation expenses at the summary level in the 24RCC Cost Report due to federal Title IV-E requirements. They will be required to data enter each individual, capital asset in Step 8.e. for their 24RCC Cost Report(s).

If a provider chooses to data enter each of their individual, capital assets in Step 8.e. in their RC Cost Report, the depreciable asset information will automatically populate from year to year after the initial entry. If a provider later chooses to enter depreciation at the summary level on subsequent cost reports, any previously entered depreciable asset data will be deleted upon submission of their cost report.

Do you request to aggregate by program those component codes held by this Combined Entity that participate in the Rate Enhancement program for the purpose of determining compliance with spending requirements?

An entity operating two or more component codes that participate in the Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement program may choose to have this group of contracts by program reviewed in the aggregate to determine compliance with spending requirements. If you only have one contract in a particular program or are submitting only one cost report for a program, then select "No".

Step 3. Contract Management

Purpose

The purpose of this step is to collect information about the combined entity's business components.

- Step 3.a. details the combined entity's Medicaid fee-for-service contracts or STAR+PLUS contracts.
- Step 3.b. details the combined entity's other contracts with the state of Texas, excluding contracts in Step 3. a.
- Step 3.c. details all other business components or contracts not listed in Steps 3.a. or 3.b.

How HHSC PFD uses the information

HHSC PFD uses the information in Step 3 during the Cost or Accountability report examination process. Financial examiners will ensure that only your expenses associated with the component under the appropriate Medicaid contract are reported on your Cost or Accountability Report.

How to complete Step 3

Step 3.a. Verify Contracts for Requested Reports

Active Enten Report Persot?				Cost Hearth Gross Carle .	Cardranding Cardly Name	-CH Fame	Property	204 735#	Contract #	Overact form	Entertainte Participation 0	facts .
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This list carries over from year to year. It is a list of all RC contracts, IDD program component codes, PHC, and CLASS contracts operated by the provider's combined entity grouped by Cost Report Group Codes. For each cost report group, the preparer must indicate in the leftmost column whether the component code or all contracts in the Cost Report Group were active during the entire cost report period. If the answer to this question for a specific component code/contract is "No", then an explanation must be entered in the Note column.

If the preparer believes that one or more additional component codes/contracts should be added to the prepopulated list or that a component code/contract included in the

prepopulated list should be deleted, contact HHSC Provider Finance PFD at <u>costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov</u> for assistance. Providers cannot add to or delete from this list independently. Failure to correctly verify this list may result in all STAIRS cost reports for the combined entity being returned as unacceptable.

Step 3.b. Enter Other Business Components (Other Contracts, Grants or Business Relationships with the State of Texas or any other entity, or other funding sources).

This list carries over from year to year. It is a list of all Texas and out-of-state business relationships in which the combined entity is involved not already listed in **Step 3.a.** For each contract, grant, or business, the preparer must indicate in the left-most column whether the contract, grant, or business was active during the entire cost report period. If the answer to this question for a specific contract, grant, or business relationship is "No", then an explanation must be entered in the Note column.

A preparer can add, edit or delete items from this list. Clicking Add will lead to the Add Contracts screen where all the necessary information can be added. See the graphic below. Any changes to this list will trigger changes to the cost report(s) for any other component code(s) controlled by the provider's combined entity. If another preparer has verified steps involving allocation, then completed steps will need to be verified again. The other preparer will need to address those steps again before completing those reports.

Note: Do not add contracts in Step 3.b. that are already listed in Step 3.a.

5	Active Entire Reporting Percel	Connut Type	ServiceTepe	Contracting Entity Name	Contract # Provider Monthlumbox	Anne Sy	heir
1	YNE		Other - provide explanation Pisza Restaurant		1245630	HECRAD	
	Yee .		Citits and Adult Care Foxil Program (CACPP)		125456	940C BAD	

Information necessary to add an additional contract includes

- A. Was the contract active during the entire cost report period? If "No" is chosen, the provider will be required to enter an explanation in the Notes section.
- B. Contract Type The contract type will drive available options in the Service Type below. Contracts that are neither state nor Medicare, such as contracts with related durable medical equipment entities, will be designated as "Other".
- C. Service Type The service type menu is driven by the Contract Type above. If the service type is not listed, the preparer should choose "Other". If the preparer chooses "Other", a box will appear for entry of the type of the other contract, such as a durable medical equipment contract.

D. Contract #/Provider Identification – The contract number or other identifying information regarding the contract. For contracts that don't have state or federal contracting numbers, this field may be the legal name of the related organization with which the provider is contracting.

To Edit or Delete a contract, select it by clicking the round button to the far left beside that contract. Then choose an action, either Edit Record or Delete Record.

Step 3.c. Verify Business Component Summary

	Separations Labo	Contracting Sorth Manu-	CR Type	Sas Type
Facarier Facarier	180004001	(ZZZ %4D %0)	HD.	
Patients	180004030	222 840 NU	15	
Fequeent -	19000000	327 849 80	40	

This screen lists all cost report groups, grants, and business entities contained in **Steps 3.a. and 3.b.** above. Preparers must answer the question at the bottom of the page to clear the Stop Sign for this Step. The question "Are there any other contracts, grants, or business relationships with HHSC, the State of Texas, or with any other business entities not included in the summary table above?" This question must be answered either "Yes" or "No". An answer of "Yes" will take the preparer to **Step 3.b.** above.

Note: Step 3.a. is pre-populated with the Medicaid contract numbers, so you do not need to enter them anywhere else in the report. **Step 3.b.** is only for Non-Medicaid contracts, and then **Step 3.c.** is the summary of all. So if Medicaid contracts are entered in **Step 3.b.**, they will show up twice in **Step 3.c.**

Step 4. General Information

Purpose

The purpose of Step 4 is to collect general information about the contracted entity that delivered services during the reporting period.

How do we use this information?

HHSC PFD uses this information for a variety of purposes in the financial examination and reports reconciliation processes. HHSC may also add questions to collect one-time information for events that impact provider costs.

How to complete Step 4

From this point forward in the instructions, all requested information must be reported based only on the cost report group for which the cost report is being prepared.

4. General Information				
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Type of Ownership of Contracting Entity:

Identify the type of ownership of the provider contracting entity from the list.

Note: If the provider is a for-profit corporation or one segment of a for-profit corporation (e.g. a dba of a for-profit corporation), "Corporation" is the appropriate entry.

Contracted Provider Reporting Period Beginning and Ending Dates:

These dates represent the beginning and ending dates for the contracted provider's reporting period. For a contracted provider that submitted a cost report in a prior year, these dates will be based on the dates from the prior cost report. For a contracted provider that is reporting for the first time this year, the dates are based on the beginning date of the first contract and on the assumption that the provider is on a calendar fiscal year, so has an ending date of 12/31 of the cost report year. If these dates are not correct, contact HHSC Provider Finance at costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov for assistance.

Beginning and Ending Dates When the Cost Report Group Did Not Have At Least One Contract Active for the Provider's Entire Fiscal Year Ending in 2022:

• In situations where the cost report group did not have at least one contract active for the provider's entire fiscal year ending in 2022, the reporting period must match with HHSC records regarding the effective dates of the provider's current contract(s).

If these dates are not correct, contact HHSC PFD at <u>costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov</u> for assistance. Failure to assure that the reporting period is correctly identified will result in the cost report being returned and all work previously done on the report being deleted from the system.

If the provider's reporting period is less than twelve months, the cost report preparer must properly report only those statistics, revenues, and expenses associated with the reporting period. For example, if the provider's reporting period was 2/1/2020 through 12/31/2020, it is unacceptable for the cost report preparer to report 11/12 of the provider's annual days of service, annual revenues, and annual expenses. Instead, the cost report preparer should only report information related to the reporting period, meaning that units of service, revenues, and costs related to January 2020 are not to be included anywhere on the cost report.

If the reporting period does not begin on the first day of a calendar month or end on the last day of a calendar month, it is imperative that the cost report preparer properly report only those statistics (i.e., units of service), revenues, and costs associated with the actual cost-reporting period. If, for example, the provider's cost-reporting period was 8/15/2020 through 12/31/2020, it is unacceptable for the cost report preparer to report 37.8% of the provider's total days of service, revenues, and costs for the year. Rather, the cost report preparer must report the days of service, revenues and costs associated only with the period 8/15/2020 through 12/31/2020. Since the month of August is partially reported (i.e., 8/15 - 8/31), the cost report preparer will have to calculate 17/31 of various costs applicable to the month of August (e.g., building rent/depreciation, August utilities, and other such "monthly" costs) and include that with the actual costs for September - December. For questions regarding the appropriate method for reporting information for less than a full year, please contact Provider Finance LTSS Center for Training and Information.

Is the provider a participant in the RC Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement for the entire reporting period for this Cost Report?

This answer will be prepopulated and based on whether the provider was a participant for the entire cost reporting period. If the prepopulated answer appears to be incorrect, please contact HHSC PFD at <u>costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov</u>.

Was an accrual method of accounting used for reporting all revenues, expenses, and statistical information on this report, except for where instructions require otherwise?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "No", provide a reason in the Explanation Box. For the definition of the accrual method of accounting, see the Definitions section. An accrual method of accounting must be used in reporting information on Texas Medicaid cost reports in all areas except those in which instructions or cost-reporting rules specify otherwise. Cost reports submitted using a method of accounting other than accrual will be returned to the provider unless the provider is a governmental entity (i.e., Type of

Ownership is in the Government column) using the cash method or modified accrual method. Refer to 1 TAC §355.105(b)(1) for additional information on accounting methods.

Did the preparer(s) of this report review the most recently received audit adjustments and make the necessary revisions when preparing this report?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If the answer is "No", provide an Explanation. Each provider should review the most recent cost report audit results (desk review or field audit) and make any necessary changes to the current cost reports. (Refer to 1 TAC §355.107.) If the provider is in the process of appealing an audit adjustment when the current cost report is submitted, the preparer is still required to make any necessary changes resulting from the prior cost report audit or informal review decision. The provider may include an explanation of the provider's disagreement with how a particular cost has been required to be reported as a result of the previous audit or informal review.

Does the provider have work papers that clearly reconcile the fiscal year trial balance with the amounts reported on this report? If No, please explain.

Click either "Yes" or "No". When a provider clicks "Yes", then the work papers must be uploaded to the report. There should not be situations where a provider responds to this question with "No." Each provider must maintain reconciliation work papers and any additional supporting work papers (such as invoices, canceled checks, tax reporting forms, allocation spreadsheets, financial statements, bank statements, and any other documentation to support the existence, nature, and allowability of reported information) detailing the allocation of costs to all contracts/grants/programs/business entities. In order to facilitate the audit process, it is thus required that the cost report preparer attach a reconciliation worksheet, with its foundation being the provider's year-end trial balance. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(A) for more information.

Are you reporting Central Office expenses in this report?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" is clicked, then upload the Central Office Allocation Methodology.

Are you reporting any allocated Non-Central Office Program Administration expenses?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" is clicked, then the Non-Central Office Program Administration Allocation Methodology must be uploaded to the report. This situation would occur when the Program Administrator is a Central Office employee but directly charges their RC Program Administrator time to the program.

Did you evacuate your facility due to a natural disaster that resulted in an issued state or federal emergency declaration (i.e. Hurricane)?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" is clicked, then you will be prompted with the following request:

• Please report all expenses above normal operating costs that are directly related to the natural disaster.

NOTE: Do NOT include costs related to the natural disaster anywhere else on this cost report.

Enter the total amount of expenses, above normal operating costs, that were incurred as a direct result of the natural disaster. Please round your reported amount to the nearest whole dollar.

Did you accept evacuees from a natural disaster that resulted in an issued state or federal emergency declaration (i.e. Hurricane) that did not become permanent residents in your facility?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" is clicked, then you will be prompted with the following request:

- Please report all expenses above normal operating costs that are directly related to the natural disaster.
- **NOTE:** Do NOT include costs related to the natural disaster Harvey anywhere else on this cost report.

Enter the total amount of expenses, above normal operating costs, that were incurred as a direct result of the natural disaster. Please round your reported amount to the nearest whole dollar.

Did you experience a decrease in costs/utilization directly related to COVID-19? HHSC acknowledges providers may have experienced a decrease in costs and/or utilization related to COVID-19. It is possible; a provider would experience a decrease in cost or utilization and also experience an increase in costs (see next question).

Click either "Yes" or "No".

Did you incur an increase in costs directly related to COVID-19? For example, some providers may have paid more for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) – either because they had to purchase more PPE and/or it was more expensive. Click either "Yes" or "No".

If "Yes" is clicked, you will be prompted with the following questions.

- a) If Yes, was it an increase in unit of service? Click either "Yes" or "No".
- b) If Yes, was it due to an increase in costs per unit of service? Click either "Yes" or "No".

Did you incur costs for a category(ies) that historically is not incurred when administrating/delivering this program/service? If Yes, please upload the excel template outlining these costs.

This question is specific to "new" costs that the provider historically has not incurred. Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" is clicked, you will be prompted to upload an excel template outlining these costs and categories.

Did you receive local, state or federal grants directly related to COVID-19?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" is clicked, you will be prompted to enter the total amount of the grant(s) received and used during the cost report year for either local, state, federal or other categories. Do not include grant funds you received that will either be returned to the granting authority or utilized in subsequent cost report years. Please round your reported amount to the nearest whole dollar.

Step 5. Units of Service and Revenue

Purpose

The purpose of Step 5 is to collect units of service information.

How do we use this information?

HHSC PFD uses this information to determine the contracted provider's revenue. Units of service are used in the report reconciliation process to determine spending compliance in the Rate Enhancement program and during rate-setting calculations.

How to complete Step 5

Step 5.a. Statistical Data

5.a. Statistical Data	
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Statistical Information for RC for Entire Reporting Period Report statistical data as appropriate.

Step 5.b. Residential Care (RC) Resident Days

Important Note: There IS no location for entering Medicaid revenues for RC or AL services. Those revenues are not to be entered in the cost report.

Report the total number of resident days during the reporting period for HHSC RC clients. These are the clients you are responsible for providing residential care services for under the HHSC contract(s) listed in **Step 3.a**. The preparer must break down the Medicaid units into multiple rate periods based on when the Medicaid payment rates changed during the provider's cost report year. There will be separate entries for each rate period in **Step 5.b.** based on the provider's reporting period in **Step 4**.

Private Pay

Report any units of service and revenue for RC services that were paid by another payer source. This can include private pay and private insurance. Do not report: Veterans Administration and Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB), STAR Kids, Medically Dependent Children's Program (MDCP), Personal Care Services (PCS) or other forms of Medicaid services. Do not include Medicare or federal government services or other business components not listed.

Non-Reimbursed Service

Report any units where an individual received services, but the unit was not reimbursed by any payer source. This category can include individuals served who lost Medicaid eligibility and were not reimbursed and thus there is no associated revenue at the time.

		Resident Da	ays	
Service	Rate Period 2 01/01/2022 08/31/2022		2 - Resident	Private and Other Revenue
RC Apartment [©]				
RC Non- Apartment [®]				
Private Pay				
Non-Reimbursed Service				
TOTAL	0	0	0	\$0
			ys for the Entire ing Period	Non-DADS Revenue
Emergency Care (Other)	Private and			

Step 5.c. STAR+PLUS Assisted Living (AL), and Residential Care (RC) Resident Days

Assisted Living (AL) clients are those individuals who are eligible and enrolled in the STAR+PLUS Waiver Program and receive assisted living services in your facility. Report the number of resident days associated with these clients.

		Resident	Dave	
AL Single Occupancy Apartment	Rate Period 2 01/01/2022 - 08/31/2022	Rate Period 3 09/01/2022 -	Total	Private and Other Revenue
AL 1 💿			0	
AL 2 💿			0	
AL 3 💿			0	
AL 4 💿			0	
AL 5 🤨			0	
AL 6 🤨			0	
Private Pay			0	
Non-Reimbursed Service			0	
TOTAL	0	0	0	\$0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Resident	Days	
RC Double Occupancy Apartment	Rate Period 2 01/01/2022 - 08/31/2022	Rate Period 3 09/01/2022 - 12/31/2022	Total Resident Days	Private and Other Revenue
AL 1 💿			0	
AL 2 🤨			0	
AL 3 💿			0	
AL 4 🤨			0	
AL 5 💿			0	
AL 6 🤨			0	
Private Pay			0	
Non-Reimbursed Service			0	

			Resident D	ays
RC Non- Apartment	Rate Period 2 01/01/20 22 - 08/31/20 22	Rate Period 3 09/01/20 22 - 12/31/20 22	Total Resident Days	Private and Other Revenue
AL 1 🤨			0	
AL 2 🧕			0	
AL 3 🥺			0	
AL 4 🥺			0	
AL 5 📀			0	
AL 6 🥺			0	
Private Pay			0	
Non- Reimbursed Service			0	
TOTAL	0	0	0	\$0

Step 5.d. Other Revenues

In this section the preparer will report other revenues to support services support that are not reported in Step 5.c.

Туре	Revenue
Gifts, Grants, and Income from Endowments	\$
from Private Sources	
Grants and Contracts from Federal, State and	\$
Local Government Sources	
Total Other Revenues	0.00

Do you have any other types of revenue not reported in Steps 5.a. - 5.c.?

If you select yes to this question, then a table will open to report any additional revenues used to pay for expenses for services reported on the cost report.

Gifts, Grants, and Income from Endowments from Private Sources

Report revenues from other payment sources not listed in Steps 5.a. – 5.c. Revenues reported under Unrestricted Gifts, Grants, and income from Endowments from Private sources should include any revenue used to pay for expenses reported on the Cost Report from private sources not previously listed in Step 5a – 5c.

Unrestricted or Restricted grants, gifts, and income from endowments from private sources used to purchase allowable program items should not be offset prior to reporting on the cost report. All unrestricted funds which are properly allocable to the cost report should be reported on the cost report, as well as any allowable costs to which the unrestricted funds were applied.

Grants and Contracts from Federal, State and Local Government Sources

Report revenues acquired through Grants and Contracts from Federal, State, and Local Government Sources not previously listed in Steps 5.a. – 5.c. Revenues reported under Federal, State, and Local Government sources should include any revenue used to pay for expenses from public or government sources not previously listed in Steps 5.a. – 5.c.

Grants and contracts from federal, state, or local government, such as transportation grants, United States Department of Agriculture grants, education grants, Housing and Urban Development grants, and Community Service Block Grants, should be offset, prior to reporting on the cost report, against the particular cost or group of costs for which the grant was intended.

Does any of your Federal, State, and Local Government revenue offset costs reported elsewhere in this report? Yes/No

Select "Yes" to confirm that any Federal, State, and Local government revenue was offset against the cost or group of costs the grant was intended for before reporting the expenses on the cost report per 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(18).

Important Note: Provider Relief Funds (PRF)

PRF revenue recognized during the providers' reporting period as a result of lost revenue should not reduce any expenses included on the unadjusted trial balance before those expenses are reported on the cost report because these lost revenue dollars are not associated with any specific expense. This PRF revenue recognized as a result of lost revenue should instead be reported as "Unrestricted Gifts, Grants, and Income from Endowments and Private Sources" on step 5.d. of the 2022 cost report as applicable and will have no impact on allowable expenses reported.

Step 6. Wages and Compensation

Purpose

The purpose of Step 6 is to collect wages, compensation, and benefits information for the contracted provider's attendant, non-attendant, administrative, and central office staff.

How do we use this information?

HHSC PFD uses this information to determine the contracted provider's employee and contracted staff expenses. Staff expenses are used in the report reconciliation process to determine spending compliance in the Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement program and rate-setting calculations.

How to complete Step 6

Step 6.a. General Information

Purpose

To collect staff-related information.

Do you have any employee-related self-insurance expenses to report on this cost report?

If "Yes," answer the next question. If "No," skip the next question and proceed with the rest of the questions.

Please select "Yes" or "No" for the following self-insurance expenses that you are reporting on this cost report.

If the previous question was answered "Yes" then click on each self-insurance category reported on this cost report.

The total number of central office staff employed by the controlling entity on the last day of the cost-reporting period.

The total number of non-central office staff employed by the controlling entity on the last day of the cost-reporting period.

It is important to count employees only once. Enter the number of employees employed on the last day of the reporting period, not the number of full-time equivalents. Employees that worked in both a central office and a non-central office position should be reported as central office employees only. Do not include contract labor or consultants.

Do you have any Related-Party Wages and Compensation (Employee or Contractor) included in the Cost Report?

Click "Yes" or "No". See **Definitions**, <u>Related Party</u> to determine if the provider must report a related party. If the preparer clicks "Yes" then the Step on the main Wages and Compensation page called **Step 6.b.** will be activated for entry.

Have the attendants, whose data is reported in Step 6.c., performed attendant functions at least 80% of their total time worked? Click "Yes" or "No."

In addition to wages, does your agency provide benefits to staff? If, yes, check all that apply

Click each box in order to add a check mark to the types of benefits that your agency offers to full-time and part-time staff. If your agency does not offer a particular benefit to your staff, please leave the field blank.

Step 6.b. Related-Party

Purpose

To collect related-party information.

This Step will be disabled and the preparer will not be able to make entries if the answer was "No" to the question regarding Related Party Wages and Compensation on **Step 6.a.** above. If that question was erroneously answered "No", the preparer will need to return to that item and change the response to "Yes" to be able to enter data in this Step.

For each owner-employee, related-party employee and/or related-party contract staff:

1. Click "Add record"

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- A. First Name
- B. Middle Initial
- C. Last Name
- D. Suffix e.g. Jr., III, Sr.
- E. Birth Date Format as mm/dd (e.g. 10/26 for October 26). The year is not requested.
- F. Relationship to Provider This could be a blood relationship (Father, Sister, Daughter, Aunt), marriage relationship (Wife, Mother-in-Law, Brother-in-Law), Ownership (in the case of a corporation or partnership), or control (membership in aboard of directors, membership in a related board of directors, etc.)
- G. Percentage Ownership (in cases of corporation or partnership)
- H. Total Hours Worked Total hours worked for all entities within the entire combined entity. If the related party was paid for a "day of service", then multiply that day by 8 to report hours.
- I. Total Compensation Total compensation (wages, salary and/or contract payments) paid to the related party by all entities within the entire combined

entity. It is expected that all individuals will have received some form of compensation from within the combined entity.

Note: This must be actual compensation, without any adjustments based on related-party status. Any adjustments required by 1 TAC Section 355.105(i) will be made automatically in STAIRS during the audit process.

J. Hourly Wage Rate – Calculated figure based on Total Compensation divided by Total Hours Worked.

Note: If the preparer needs to delete a related party after filling out the data fields for A through J listed above, the preparer must zero out the Total Hours Worked as well as the Hours listed on the gray bar. Click on the individual to delete and on Delete Record.

2. Click "Save" to enter Business Component and Line Item Allocation(s)

The available business components are limited to the businesses and contracts entered in **Step 3.** If a business component that should receive a portion of the allocated cost of the item(s) is not in the drop-down menu, then the preparer should return to **Step 3.b.** and enter the missing business component data. Allocate or direct cost all hours reported for the individual under Total Hours Worked and Total Compensation to a business component before proceeding. The Hourly Wage Rate will automatically be calculated. If allocated, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded when prompted.

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A. Business Component – The drop-down menu includes all business components for the provider entity. If the provider entity only has one business component, the drop-down menu does not appear and the single business component is automatically entered under the business component.

- B. Click "Add Record" Generates additional lines to record Line Item information for each business component. Choose and Click "Add Record" until all business components to which this related party will be allocated have been added.
- 3. Enter Line Item Allocation(s)

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- A. Hours On the gray bar, enter hours allocated or direct costed to each business component. The compensation amount will be automatically calculated.
- B. Line Item The drop-down menu includes all staff types reportable in this cost report. Attendant staff types may only be used for staff who meet the definition of an attendant. See Definitions, Attendant Care for Community. Note both which staff can be classified as an attendant, and which cannot.
- C. Job Title Related Party's title within the specific business component
- D. Position Type Identify the type of position (e.g., central office, management, administrative, direct care, nurse, or direct care supervisory) filled by the related individual.
- E. Description of Duties Describe the duties performed by the related individual as they relate to the specific cost report or upload a copy of the person's written job description, providing a summary of how those duties relate to the specific cost report, and reference that upload in this item.
- F. Employed/Contracted –Select either Contracted or Employed. If the related party is compensated during the year both as an employee and as a contractor for the same activity, then the hours contracted would have to be entered separately from the hours employed.
- G. Total Hours Worked Enter hours allocated or direct costed to each area. Allocate or direct cost all hours reported for the individual for the business component to an area before proceeding. Compensation will automatically be calculated.

- H. Organizational chart Upload an organizational chart or select from the drop-down menu of documents that have already been uploaded.
- I. Line Item Allocation Methodology If allocated to multiple line items, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded. This will be required only if there were multiple line items entered.
- J. Business Component Allocation Methodology After all business component line item allocations have been completed, reporting a related party in multiple business components will also require that a business component allocation method be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded.

Step 6.c Attendant

Report Attendant Expenses in Step 6.c.

Purpose

To collect attendant and driver hours, wages, benefits, and mileage reimbursement. This information is used for calculating spending recoupments.

6c. Attendant

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<u>Columns B-E: Non-Related Party Total Staff Hours, Total Staff Wages, Total Contract</u> <u>Hours and Total Contract Payment:</u> These columns are for non-related party attendants **ONLY**. All related-party attendants must be entered through **Step 6.b.** above. For each attendant staff service type (Attendants, Drivers, and Medication Aides) enter hours, wages, and contract compensation for non-related party employees and contract staff who meet the definition of an attendant. See **Definitions**, *Attendant Care*. Only employees and contracted staff who meet the definition of attendant may be reported in these cost items.

Total Staff and Contract Hours should include the total number of hours for which employees and contract labor attendants were compensated during the reporting period. This category would include hours for both the time worked and paid time off (sick leave, vacation, etc.).

Note: While the offset of some of the PRF and PPP revenues could reduce certain salaries reported on the cost report the number of hours reported should agree to the actual hours related to the unadjusted salaries because even if the salary was paid for using PRF or PPP dollars the actual hours incurred did not change and should not be

reduced on the cost or accountability report. In these instances, the provider may be required to provide an explanation and should reference the PRF or PPP offset.

<u>Columns F-I: Related-Party Total Staff Hours, Total Staff Wages, Total Contract Hours,</u> <u>and Total Contract Payment:</u> If there are related-party employees and/or contract attendant staff reported in **Step 6.b.** above, these columns are automatically populated after all nonrelated-party costs in Columns B-E have been entered.

<u>Column J: Employee Benefits/Insurance:</u> This column is for BOTH related and nonrelated party employee attendant staff. For all attendants, by service type, include the following benefits in this column. These benefits, except for paid claims where the employer is self-insured, must be direct costed, not allocated.

- Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave*
- Employer-Paid Health/Medical/Dental Premiums
- Employer-Paid Disability Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Life Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable retirement funds/pension plans
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable deferred compensation funds
- Employer-Paid Child Day Care
- Employer-Paid Claims for Health/Medical/Dental Insurance when the provider is self-insured (may be allocated)

* ACCRUED LEAVE. If the provider chooses to report accrued leave expenses not yet subject to payroll taxes, they must be reported as employee benefits. Providers must maintain adequate documentation to substantiate that costs reported one year as accrued benefits are not also reported, either the same or another year, as salaries and wages. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-c-).

Note: Costs that are not employee benefits Per 1 TAC Section

355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(II), the contracted provider's unrecovered cost of uniforms, staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement, job-related training reimbursements, and job certification renewal fees are not to be reported as benefits but are to be reported as costs applicable to specific cost report line items in **Step 8.f.** However, they are to be reported as salaries and wages if these costs are subject to payroll taxes. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-e-) and instructions on staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement for further direction on the correct reporting of these costs.

<u>Columns K and L: Miles Traveled and Mileage Reimbursement:</u> These columns are for BOTH related and non-related party employee attendant staff. For all attendants, by service type, include the personal vehicle miles traveled and the mileage reimbursement paid for allowable travel and transportation in the staff person's personal vehicle. Allowable travel and transportation include mileage and reimbursements of attendant staff who transport individuals to/from RC program services and activities in their personal vehicles. If payroll taxes are withheld on the reimbursements, they should be included as salaries and wages of the appropriate staff. Allowable travel and transportation also include mileage and reimbursements of attendant staff for allowable training to which they traveled in their personal vehicle.

The maximum allowable mileage reimbursement is as follows:

- 1/1/21 12/31/21 56.0 cents per mile
- 1/1/22 12/31/22 58.5 cents per mile

<u>Column M: Total Compensation</u>: This column is the sum of Columns C, E, G, I, J, and L and represents Total Attendant Compensation for that service type.

<u>Column N: Average Staff Rate:</u> This column is the result of Columns C + G divided by Columns B + F and represents the average hourly wage rate of all employee staff, both related party and non-related party.

<u>Column O: Average Contract Rate:</u> This column is the result of Columns E + I divided by Columns D + H and represents the average hourly contract rate of all contract staff, both related party and non-related party.

<u>Column P: Average Mileage Reimbursement per Mile:</u> This column is the result of Column L divided by Column K. This amount should never be greater than the highest allowable mileage rate for the provider's fiscal year.

Step 6.d. Non-Attendant

Purpose

To collect non-attendant hours, wages, benefits, and mileage reimbursement.

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<u>Columns B-E: Non-Related Party Total Staff Hours, Total Staff Wages, Total Contract</u> <u>Hours, and Total Contract Payment:</u> These columns are for non-related party staff of the listed staff types only. Compensation for administrative staff types will be collected in a separate Step of the cost report. All related-party staff must be entered through **Step 6.b.** above. For each service type enter hours, wages, and contract compensation for non-related party employees and contract staff. All staff reported here perform either non-attendant care or non-administrative, indirect care functions.

Total Staff and Contract Hours should include the total number of hours for which employees and contract staff were compensated during the reporting period. This category would include hours for both the time worked and paid time off (sick leave, vacation, etc.).

Pay for being "on-call" is reported as salaries by staff type but only on-call hours actually worked performing a specific function can be reported as time. For example, if an RN was on call for an entire weekend and received \$200 as on-call compensation, the total \$200 would be reported as wages or compensation. If the RN was required for three hours to provide assistance to staff while on-call during the weekend, only three hours would be reported as paid hours and not the full 48 hours of the weekend.

For staff whose work hours are split between direct non-attendant and indirect service functions and administrative and operations functions (e.g., part-time Registered Nurse and part-time administrator) report in this Step only the hours and compensation associated with the provision of direct non-attendant care (e.g., the part-time Registered Nurse hours).

<u>Columns F-I: Related-Party Total Staff Hours, Total Staff Wages, Total Contract Hours,</u> <u>and Total Contract Payment:</u> If there are related-party employees and/or contract staff as described above reported in **Step 6.b.**, these columns are automatically populated after all nonrelated-party costs in Columns B-E have been entered.

<u>Column J: Employee Benefits/Insurance:</u> This column is for BOTH related and nonrelated party employee staff. For all staff reported in *Non-attendants* compensation above, include the following benefits in this column. These benefits, except for paid claims where the employer is self-insured, must be direct costed, not allocated.

- Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave*
- Employer-Paid Health/Medical/Dental Premiums
- Employer-Paid Disability Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Life Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable retirement funds/pension plans
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable deferred compensation funds
- Employer-Paid Child Day Care
- Employer-Paid Claims for Health/Medical/Dental Insurance when the provider is self-insured (may be allocated)

* ACCRUED LEAVE. If the provider chooses to report accrued leave expenses not yet subject to payroll taxes, they must be reported as employee benefits. Providers must

maintain adequate documentation to substantiate that costs reported one year as accrued benefits are not also reported, either the same or another year, as salaries and wages. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-c-).

Note: Costs that are not employee benefits Per 1 TAC Section

355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(II), the contracted provider's unrecovered cost of uniforms, staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement, job-related training reimbursements, and job certification renewal fees are not to be reported as benefits but are to be reported as costs applicable to specific cost report line items. However, if they are subject to payroll taxes, they are reported as salaries and wages. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-e-) and instructions on staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement for further direction on the correct reporting of these costs.

<u>Columns K and L: Miles Traveled and Mileage Reimbursement:</u> These columns are for BOTH related and non-related party staff. For all staff reported in *Non-attendants* compensation above, include the personal vehicle miles traveled and the mileage reimbursement paid for allowable travel and transportation in the staff person's personal vehicle. Allowable travel and transportation include mileage and reimbursements of these staff who transport individuals to/from RC program services and activities in their personal vehicle. However, if payroll taxes are withheld on the reimbursements, they should be included as salaries and wages of the appropriate staff. Allowable travel and transportation also includes mileage and reimbursements of these staff for allowable training to which they traveled in their personal vehicles.

The maximum allowable mileage reimbursement is as follows:

•	1/1/21 - 12/31/21	56.0 cents per mile
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• 1/1/22 - 12/31/22 58.5 cents per mile

<u>Column M: Total Compensation</u>: This column is the sum of Columns C, E, G and I and represents Total Non-Attendant Compensation for that service type.

<u>Column N: Average Staff Rate</u>: This column is the result of Columns C + G divided by Columns B + F and represents the average hourly wage rate of all employee staff, both related party and non-related party.

<u>Column O: Average Contract Rate:</u> This column is the result of Columns E + I divided by Columns D + H and represent the average hourly contract rate of all contract staff, both related party and non-related party.

<u>Column P: Average Mileage Reimbursement per Mile</u>: This column is the result of Column D divided by Column C. This amount should never be greater than the highest allowable mileage rate for the provider's fiscal year.

Step 6.e Administrative and Operations Personnel (Cost Report only)

Note: This step does not apply to the Accountability Report.

Purpose

To collect administration and operations personnel hours and wages.

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<u>Columns B-E: Non-Related Party Total Staff Hours, Total Staff Wages, Total Contract</u> <u>Hours and Total Contract Payment:</u> These columns <u>are</u> for **non-related party staff** of the listed staff types **ONLY**. All related-party staff must be entered through **Step 6.b.** above. For each staff type enter hours, wages, and contract compensation for nonrelated party employees and contract staff. All staff reported here perform administrative or operations functions.

Total Staff and Contract Hours should include the total number of hours for which employees and contract staff were <u>compensated</u> during the reporting period. This would include hours for both the time worked and paid time off (sick leave, vacation, etc.).

For staff whose work hours are split between direct administrative and operations functions and other functions (e.g., part-time RN direct service and part-time RN Supervisor) report in this Step only the hours and compensation directly associated with the provision of administrative and operations functions and supported by timesheets (e.g., the part-time RN Supervisor hours and compensation).

There should be no allocated costs reported in Administrator, Assistant Administrator, Owner, or Other Administrative Staff, with the exception of the Administrator/Director whose costs must be reported in the designated line whether they are directly charged or allocated.

• **Owner** – Enter here only if an Owner, Partner, or Stockholder is employed in an administration position other than Administrator, Assistant Administrator, or central office employee.

- **Other Administrative Staff** Enter here any other professional and nonprofessional administrative personnel such as Financial, Clerical, Human Resources, etc., staff.
- Other Facility & Operations (including Maintenance) Enter here the hours and compensation for maintenance staff and transportation staff who were NOT reported as any other staff nor otherwise captured as Attendants, Non-Attendants, Program Administration, or Central Office staff.
- **Central Office Staff** Enter here the allocated portion of shared administrative staff. If the Administrator has been allocated to the cost report from the central office, assure that the portion of costs reported as Administrator above is not also reported in this line item.

<u>Columns F-I: Related-Party Total Staff Hours, Total Staff Wages, Total Contract Hours,</u> <u>and Total Contract Payment:</u> If there are related-party employees and/or contract staff as described above reported in **Step 6.b.**, these columns are automatically populated after all nonrelated-party costs in Columns B-E have been entered.

<u>Column J: Total Compensation</u>: This column is the sum of Columns C, E, G, and I represent the Total Administrative and Operations Personnel Compensation for that staff type.

<u>Column K: Average Staff Rate:</u> This column is the result of Columns C + G divided by Columns B + F and represents the average hourly wage rate of all employee staff, both related party and non-related party.

<u>Column L: Average Contract Rate:</u> This column is the result of Columns E + I divided by Columns D + H and represents the average hourly contract rate of all contract staff, both related party and non-related party.

For the lower section:

<u>Column B: Employee Benefits/Insurance:</u> This column is for BOTH related and non-related party employee staff. For all staff reported in **Step 6.e.**, include the following benefits in this column. These benefits, with the exception of paid claims where the employer is self-insured, must be direct costed, not allocated.

- Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave*
- Employer-Paid Health/Medical/Dental Premiums
- Employer-Paid Disability Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Life Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable retirement funds/pension plans
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable deferred compensation funds
- Employer-Paid Child Day Care
- Employer-Paid Claims for Health/Medical/Dental Insurance when the provider is self-insured (may be allocated)

* ACCRUED LEAVE. If the provider chooses to report accrued leave expenses not yet subject to payroll taxes, they must be reported as employee benefits. Providers must maintain adequate documentation to substantiate that costs reported one year as accrued benefits are not also reported, either the same or another year, as salaries and wages. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-c-).

Note: Costs that are not employee benefits Per 1 TAC Section

355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(II), the contracted provider's unrecovered cost of uniforms, staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement, job-related training reimbursements, and job certification renewal fees are not to be reported as benefits but are to be reported as costs applicable to specific cost report line items unless they are subject to payroll taxes, in which case they are reported as salaries and wages. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-e-) and instructions on staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement for further direction on the correct reporting of these costs.

<u>Columns C and D: Miles Traveled and Mileage Reimbursement:</u> These columns are for BOTH related and non-related party employee staff. For all staff reported in **Step 6.e.**, include the personal vehicle miles traveled and the mileage reimbursement paid for allowable travel and transportation in the staff person's personal vehicle. Allowable travel and transportation include mileage and reimbursements of these staff who transport individuals to/from RC program services and activities in their personal vehicles unless payroll taxes are withheld on the reimbursements. In that case, they should be included as salaries and wages of the appropriate staff. It also includes mileage and reimbursements of these staff for allowable training to which they traveled using their personal vehicles.

The maximum allowable mileage reimbursement is as follows:

- 1/1/21 12/31/21 56.0 cents per mile
- 1/1/22 12/31/22 58.5 cents per mile

<u>Column E: Total of Benefits and Mileage Reimbursement:</u> This column is the sum of Columns B + D.

<u>Column F: Average Mileage Reimbursement per Mile:</u> This column is the result of Column D divided by Column C. This amount should never be greater than the highest allowable mileage rate for the provider's fiscal year.

Step 7. Payroll Taxes and Workers' Compensation

Purpose

The purpose of Step 7 is to collect payroll tax and workers' compensation for the contracted provider's attendant, non-attendant, and administrative and central office staff.

How do we use this information?

HHSC PFD uses this information to determine the contracted provider's employee and contracted staff expenses. Staff expenses are used in the report reconciliation process to determine spending compliance in the Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement program and rate-setting calculations.

How to complete Step 7

Report costs for all staff in Step 7. Report cost for attendant staff, non-attendant/program administration (non-central office), and central office employees separately.

If payroll taxes (i.e. Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), Medicare, and state/federal unemployment) are allocated based on percentage of salaries, the provider must disclose this functional allocation method. The use of a salary percentage is not the salaries allocation method, since the salaries allocation method includes both salaries and contract labor.

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Did the provider have a Section 125 or Cafeteria Plan that covers the employees for insurance premiums, unreimbursed medical expenses, and/or dependent care costs?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" is clicked, the provider must upload supporting documentation or select a file from the drop-down menu of documents that have already been uploaded.

Is your entity a Texas Workforce Commission Reimbursing Employer?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes" is clicked, the provider must upload supporting documentation or select a file from the drop-down menu of documents that have already been uploaded.

For the following taxes, list separately those for Non-Central Office and for Central Office staff:

FICA & Medicare Payroll Taxes

Report the actual cost of the employer's portion of these taxes. Do not include the employee's share of the taxes. Unless the provider has indicated that they participate in a Section 125 or Cafeteria Plan that covers the employees for insurance premiums, unreimbursed medical expenses, and/or dependent care costs or the provider has reported staff who are paid in excess of the FICA Wage Limit \$147,000 for 2022. This amount should be 7.65% or less, variations could occur due to PPP offsets and other items.

State and Federal Unemployment Taxes

Report both federal (Federal Unemployment Tax Act or FUTA) and state (Texas Unemployment Compensation Tax Act or SUTA) unemployment expenses.

Workers' Compensation Premiums

If the contracted provider is a subscriber to the Workers' Compensation Act, report here the Worker's Compensation insurance premiums paid to the provider's commercial insurance carrier. If the effective period of the provider's Workers' Compensation insurance policy does not correspond to the provider's fiscal year, it will be necessary to prorate the premium costs from the two policy periods falling within the provider's reporting period to accurately reflect the costs associated with the cost reporting period. Premium costs include the base rate, any discounts for lack of injuries, any refunds for prior period overpayments, any additional modifiers and surcharges for experiencing high numbers of injuries (such as being placed in a risk pool), and any audit adjustments made during the cost-reporting period. The Texas Workers' Compensation Commission audits traditional Workers' Compensation insurance policies yearly and annual adjustments must be properly applied to the cost-reporting period on a cash basis.

If the contracted provider is not a subscriber to the Workers' Compensation Act, there are alternate insurance premium costs that can be reported in this item. Acceptable alternate insurance policies include industrial accident policies and other similar types of coverage for employee on-the-job injuries. Disability insurance and health premiums are **not** considered alternate workers' compensation policies and those costs must be reported as employee benefits (if subject to payroll taxes, they must be reported as salaries). A general liability insurance policy, according to the Texas Department of Insurance, specifically excludes payment for employee on-the-job injuries; therefore, general liability premium costs must not be reported on this item.

If the provider's commercially purchased insurance policy does not provide total coverage and has a deductible and/or coinsurance clause, any deductibles and/or coinsurance payments made by the employer on behalf of the employee would be considered claims paid (i.e., self-insurance) and must be reported in the **Workers' Compensation Paid Claims** item below.

Workers' Compensation Paid Claims

If the provider was not a subscriber to the Workers' Compensation Act (i.e., traditional workers' compensation insurance policy), and paid workers' compensation claims for employee on-the-job injuries, report the amount of claims paid. Also report the part of any workers' compensation litigation award or settlement that reimburses the injured employee for lost wages and medical bills here unless the provider is ordered to pay the award or settlement as back wages subject to payroll taxes and reporting on a W-2, in which case the cost should be reported in **Step 6.** Note that only the part of the litigation award or settlement that reimburses the injured employee for lost wages and medical bills is allowable on this cost report. If the provider maintained a separate bank account for the sole purpose of paying workers' compensation claims for employee on-the-job injuries (i.e., a nonsubscriber risk reserve account), the contributions made to this account are not allowable on the cost report. This type of arrangement requires that the contracted provider be responsible for payment of all its workers' compensation claims and is not an insurance-type account or arrangement. A nonsubscriber risk reserve account is not required to be managed by an independent agency or third party. It can be a separate checking account set aside by the contracted provider for payment of its workers' compensation claims. However, only the amount for any claims paid should be reported

on the cost report, not the amount contributed to any (reserve) account. There is a cost ceiling to be applied to allowable self-insurance workers' compensation costs or costs where the provider does not provide total coverage and that ceiling may limit the costs, which may be reported. See 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(13)(B) and 355.105(b)(2)(B)(ix) and **Appendix E.**

Step 8. Facility and Operations Costs

Purpose

The purpose of Step 8 is to collect expense information for the contracted provider and used directly or indirectly in the provision of contracted services. (Cost report only)

How do we use this information?

HHSC PFD uses this information for rate-setting calculations and legislative cost analysis.

How to complete Step 8

Note: this step is not applicable to Accountability Report

Step 8.a. General Information

Purpose

To collect the Facilty and Operations costs. This information will lock or unlock certain sections in Step 8.

8.a. General Information	
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Do you have any contracted management costs to report?

- Note: Related-party management expenses must be reported as "central office expenses".
- If "Yes," please select "Yes Non-related Party," "Yes Related Party," or "Yes Both Non-Related Party and Related Party." If "No", please select "No".

Do you have any contracted management costs to report?

- Note: Related party management expenses must be reported as "central office expenses".
- "Yes Non-Related Party" or "Yes Related Party", or "No".

Do you have any asset or operations-related self-insurance expenses to report on this Cost Report? If "Yes", please select "Yes" or "No" for all of the following self-insurance expenses.

Click either "Yes" or "No" for each expense type. Those who self-insure for vehicle expenses must upload a copy of the Texas Department of Public Safety (TDPS) Certificate of Self-Insurance. See **Appendix E.**

Are all expenses associated with residential program room and board (including client-paid expenses) fully captured and included on this cost report? Click either "Yes" or "No".

Were any supplies or non-depreciable equipment purchased or leased from a related party?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes", **Step 8.b.** will become available for entry of relatedparty transactions. Refer to **Definitions**, *Related Party*, and *Related-Party Transactions*.

Were there any related-party loans?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes", **Step 8.c.** will become available for entry of relatedparty loan transactions. Refer to **Definitions**, *Related Party*, and *Related-Party Transactions*.

Were there any related-party contracted services?

Click either "Yes" or "No". If "Yes", **Step 8.d.** will become available for entry of relatedparty transactions with contractors. See the instructions below for a discussion of the types of contracted services to be reported here. Refer to **Definitions**, *Related Party*, and *Related-Party Transactions*.

All Other Costs

Note: The information gathered by this item is self-reported, will not be audited, is for informational purposes only, and will not be used in the rate determination process.

Enter Total Unallowable Expenses for the contracts listed in Step 3.a. for this specific cost report.

Steps 8.b.-8.d. Related-Party Transactions

See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i) for specific details and requirements on related-party transactions. If the responses to the final three questions in **Step 8.a.** above were all "No", then the **Steps 8.b.-8.d.** will be disabled and the preparer will not be able to make entries. If any of those questions was erroneously answered "No", the preparer will need to return to that item and change the response to "Yes" to be able to enter data in these three Steps.

The lease or purchase of services (including lending/loan services), facilities, equipment, and supplies from related organizations or related individuals by the provider or the provider's central office must be reported as a related-party transaction. Note that for depreciation expenses, related-party status is disclosed separately for each depreciable item when depreciation, amortization, and other expenses for related-party and non-related-party assets are entered. In addition, purchases made from a related party by the central office for services, facilities, and supplies must also be reported as related party transactions. An exception is central office costs allocated to the provider containing no markup (i.e., the cost allocated to the provider is the cost incurred by the central office); these do not have to be reported as related party transactions. This exception does not apply to related-party management costs; these costs must always be reported as central office costs.

Expenses in related-party transactions are allowable at the cost to the related organization; however, the cost must not exceed the price of comparable services, equipment, facilities, or supplies that could be purchased or leased elsewhere in an arm's-length transaction. The related organization's costs include all reasonable costs, direct and indirect, incurred in the furnishing of services, equipment, facilities, leases, and

supplies to the provider. The intent is to treat the costs incurred by the supplier as if the contracted provider itself incurred them. Therefore, if a cost would be unallowable if incurred by the contracted provider, it would be similarly unallowable to the related organization.

See **Definitions**, *Related Party*, and *Related-Party Transactions* for more information.

EXCEPTIONS TO THE RELATED-PARTY RULE

An exception (1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5)) is provided to the general rule applicable to related organizations if the contracted provider demonstrates for each cost report that certain criteria have been met. If all of the conditions of this exception are met, the charges by the related-party supplier to the contracted provider for services, equipment, facilities, leases, or supplies are allowable costs and do not have to be reported as related-party transactions. Written requests for an exception to the general rule applicable to related organizations must be submitted for approval to HHSC's Provider Finance Department no later than 45 days prior to the due date of the cost report in order to be considered for that year's cost report. The provider's request for an exception must demonstrate that all of the following criteria have been met:

- 1. The supplying organization is a bona fide separate organization. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5)(A).
- A majority of the supplying organization's business activity of the type carried on with the contracted provider is transacted with other organizations not related to the contracted provider and the supplier by common ownership or control. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5)(B).
- 3. There is an open, competitive market for the type of services, equipment, facilities, leases, or supplies furnished by the related organization. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5)(B).
- 4. The services, equipment, facilities, or supplies are those which commonly are obtained by entities such as the contracted provider from other organizations and are not a basic element of contracted care ordinarily furnished directly to individuals by such entities. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5)(C).
- 5. The charge to the contracted provider is comparable to open market prices and does not exceed the charge made to others by the organization for such services, equipment, facilities, leases, or supplies. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5)(D).

If Medicare has determined that a related-party situation does not exist or has granted an exception to the related-party definition, and the provider desires that HHSC accept that determination, the cost report preparer must submit a copy of the applicable Medicare determination, along with evidence supporting the Medicare determination for the current cost-reporting period with each affected cost report. If the exception granted by Medicare is no longer applicable due to changes in the contracted provider's circumstances or because the contracted provider's circumstances do not apply, HHSC can choose not to accept the Medicare determination. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5) for more information. If the request for a related-party exception is not received at least 45 days prior to the due date of the cost report, HHSC Provider Finance is not required to process the request for that cost-reporting year.

HHSC Contracted Setting (Select all that apply)?

Choose all the setting types for which you have contracted services.

Is the Building in which RC/AL services are provided utilized by the RC/AL program?

Select "Yes" or "No". If you select "No", a drop-down menu will open asking for building square foot allocation for each of your reported services.

Step 8.b Related-Party Non-depreciable Equipment and Supplies

Included in this Step should be all purchases and leases from a related individual or organization of equipment and/or supplies with a value of less than \$5,000 and/or a useful life of less than one year.

1. Click "Add record"

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All columns must be completed for each related-party transaction:

- A. Name of Related Party/Organization Enter the name of the related party or organization from whom the contracted provider purchased or leased equipment and/or supplies. If the contracted provider is a proprietorship, the related organization could be the individual owner rather than a separate corporation. If the contracted provider is a partnership, the related organization could be one of the partners.
- B. Type must be chosen from the drop-down menu. This is the cost report line item on which the allowable expense will be reported.
- C. Description Describe the items/goods purchased or leased from the related party. Examples include purchased office supplies, purchased letterhead, leased or purchased copier or computer (below the depreciable value), etc. The entry of related-party lending/loans, contracted services, and depreciable purchases or leases will be discussed in Other Steps below.
- D. Cost to Related Party This amount should be the actual cost to the related individual or organization, not to exceed the price of comparable non-depreciable equipment and/or supplies that could be purchased or leased elsewhere in an arm's-length transaction.
- 2. Click "Save" to enter Business Component and Cost Area Allocation(s)

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The available business components are limited to the businesses and contracts entered in **Step 3**. If a business component that should receive a portion of the allocated cost of the item(s) is not in the drop-down menu, then the preparer should return to **Step 3.b.** and enter the missing business component data. Allocate or direct cost all costs reported for the Related Party/Organization under Cost to the Related Party to a business component before proceeding. If allocated, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded.

- A. Business Component The drop-down menu includes all business components for the provider entity. If the provider entity only has one business component, the drop-down menu does not appear and the single business component is automatically entered under the business component.
- B. Click "Add Record" Generates additional lines to record Cost Area information for each business component. Choose and Click "Add Record" until all business components to which this expense will be allocated have been added.

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3. Enter all Cost Area Information

A. Cost to Related Party – On the graygray bar, enter the cost allocated or direct costed to each business component.

- B. Area The dropdown menu for "Area" includes all cost areas reportable in this cost report. See **Step 8.f.** for a detailed discussion of Cost Areas. Central Office may only be used for expenses of a central office that are allocated between multiple business components. Costs of a central office that can be directly charged to the contracted provider should be reported as Program Administration. See Definitions, *Central Office* for more information.
- C. Cost to Related Party Enter the cost to the related party direct costed or allocated to this cost area within the business component.
- D. Cost Area Allocation Methodology If allocated to multiple cost areas, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded. This will be required only if there were multiple cost areas selected.
- E. Business Component Allocation Methodology After all business component cost area allocations have been completed, an expense that is allocated to multiple business components will also require that a business component allocation method be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded.

Step 8.c. Related-Party Loans

Report any related-party loans from individuals or organizations in this Step. Actual interest properly accrued and paid on related-party loans is an allowable cost, but is limited to the interest that would have been charged during the reporting period had the interest rate on the loan been set at the prevailing national average prime interest rate in effect at the time at which the loan contract was finalized, as reported by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, in the Survey of Current Business. For those with Internet access, the quickest source of prime interest rate information is the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis Web Site

(<u>http://www.stlouisfed.org/</u>) under Research and Data, FRED[®] (Federal Reserve Economic Data) Economic Data, Categories, Interest Rates, and Prime Bank Loan Rate. This data series extends back to 1949 and is updated monthly.

1. Click "Add record"

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All columns must be completed for each related individual or organization.

- A. Name of Related Party/Organization Enter the name of the related party or organization from whom the contracted provider purchased or leased equipment and/or supplies. If the contracted provider is a proprietorship, the related organization could be the individual owner rather than a separate corporation. If the contracted provider is a partnership, the related organization could be one of the partners.
- B. Description Must be chosen from the drop-down menu either Mortgage Interest or Other. This is the line item on which the allowable cost will appear in the cost report.
- C. Please describe If "Other" was chosen for B above, describe the type of loan.
- D. Inception Date Month and year the loan was effective.

- E. Loan Amount This number should be the total amount of the loan.
- F. Term Duration of the loan in months.
- G. Interest Allowable interest paid during the reporting period.
- 2. Click "Save" to enter Business Component and Cost Area Allocation(s)

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- A. Business Component The drop-down menu includes all business components for the provider entity. If the provider entity only has one business component, the drop-down menu does not appear and the single business component is automatically entered under the business component.
- B. Click "Add Record" Generates additional lines to record Cost Area information for each business component. Choose and Click "Add Record" until all business components to which this interest expense will be allocated have been added.

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3. Enter all Cost Area Information

- A. Interest On the gray bar, enter the allowable interest expense allocated or direct costed to each business component.
- B. Area The dropdown menu for "Area" includes all cost areas reportable in this cost report. See Step 8.f. for a detailed discussion of Cost Areas. Central Office may only be used for expenses of a central office that are allocated between multiple business components. Costs of a central office that can be directly charged to the contracted provider should be reported as Program Administration. See Definitions, Central Office.

- C. Interest Enter the allowable interest expense direct costed or allocated to this cost area within the business component.
- D. Cost Area Allocation Methodology If allocated to multiple cost areas, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded. This will be required only if there were multiple cost areas selected.
- E. Business Component Allocation Methodology After all business component cost area allocations have been completed, an expense that is allocated to multiple business components will also require that a business component allocation method be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded.

Step 8.d. Related-Party Contracted Services

Report in this Step the purchase of services, such as accounting, legal and consulting services, from a related-party organization or an individual who is NOT an employee of the contracted provider. If the related individual IS AN EMPLOYEE of the contracted provider, a controlling entity, or other related entity, do not complete this Step, but rather complete **Step 6.b**. If reporting a related individual who is providing, as contract labor, activities which are typically performed by employee staff (e.g. Attendant and Nonattendant staff services, Program Administration staff services, etc.), complete **Step 6.b**.

Note: Step 8.d. is just for related party consultants and accountants (etc) but not management. Contracted Management should be entered in **Step 8.f.**

1. Click "Add record"

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All columns must be completed for each related individual or organization.

- A. Name of Related Party/Organization Enter the name of the related party or organization from whom the contracted provider purchased services as described above. If the contracted provider is a proprietorship, the related organization could be the individual owner rather than a separate corporation. If the contracted provider is a partnership, the related organization could be one of the partners.
- B. Type must be chosen from the drop-down menu. This is the line item on which the allowable cost will appear in the cost report.
- C. Description Describe the services purchased from the related-party organization or individual. Examples may include data processing services, legal services, accounting services, management consulting services, medical director, accountant, building maintenance, and lawn maintenance.
- D. Cost to Related Party This amount should be the actual cost to the related individual or organization providing the services, not to exceed the price of comparable services that could be purchased elsewhere in an arm's-length transaction.

2. Click "Save" to enter Business Component and Cost Area Allocation(s)

The available business components are limited to the businesses and contracts entered in **Step 3**. If a business component that should receive a portion of the allocated cost of the service(s) is not on the list, then the preparer should return to **Step 3.b.** and enter the missing business component data. Allocate or direct cost all costs reported for the Related Party/Organization under Cost to the Related Party to a business component before proceeding. If allocated, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded.

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- B. Click "Add Record" Generates additional lines to record Cost Area information for each business component. Choose and Click "Add Record" until all business components to which this expense will be allocated have been added.
- 3. Enter all Cost Area Information

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- A. Cost to Related Party On the graygray bar, enter the cost allocated or direct costed to each business component.
- B. Area The dropdown menu for "Area" includes all cost areas reportable in this cost report. See Step 8.f. for a detailed discussion of Cost Areas. Central Office may only be used for expenses of a central office that are allocated between multiple business components. Costs of a central office that can be directly charged to the contracted provider should be reported as Program Administration. See Definitions, <u>Central Office</u>.
- C. Cost to Related Party Enter the cost to the related party direct costed or allocated to this cost area within the business component.
- D. Cost Area Allocation Methodology If allocated to multiple cost areas, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded. This will be required only if there were multiple cost areas selected.
- E. Business Component Allocation Methodology After all business component cost area allocations have been completed, an expense that is allocated to multiple business components will also require that a business component allocation method be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded.

Step 8.e. Depreciation Expense and Related-Party Lease/Purchase of Depreciable Assets

For cost-reporting purposes, property and assets owned by the contracted provider and improvements to the provider's owned, leased, or rented property valued at \$5,000 or more with an estimated useful life of more than one year at the time of purchase must be depreciated. Any single item costing less than \$5,000 should be expensed and reported as supplies in the applicable cost area. For example, a non-depreciable calculator and a non-depreciable bookshelf would be reported as Operations Supplies.

Depreciation for depreciable items must be calculated using the appropriate Steps of the cost report.

For depreciable assets leased from a related party, all costs to be entered are the cost to the related party, not payments by the contracted provider to the related party. For depreciable assets purchased from a related party, the cost entered must be the cost to the related party and not the amount actually paid by the contracted provider for the asset purchased.

The asset type chosen in **Step 8.e.** will determine the line item on which the allowable cost will appear in the cost report. The various types of assets include:

A. Depreciation: Buildings and Building Improvements, Building Fixed Equipment, Leasehold Improvements, Land Improvements, Other Amortization

i. **Buildings and Building Improvements:** structures (and depreciable improvements to those structures) consisting of building shell or frame, building components, exterior walls, interior framing, walls, floors, and ceilings. The building cost can also include a proportionate share of the architectural, consulting, and interest expenses (incurred during the construction of the building, not mortgage interest) associated with a newly

constructed or renovated building (including major additions). Buildings do not include central air conditioning systems and trade fixtures unless they were part of the building when purchased/renovated. Building improvements that are structural in nature (renovations) should be depreciated as if they were a building. Such improvements should be assigned a life of at least 30 years and a salvage value of at least 10%. When a portion of a building is renovated and all parts of the renovation are placed in service at or about the same time, the renovation should be depreciated as a single depreciable asset over 30 years and not over the estimated life of each of its components. Building improvements that are not structural and do not extend the depreciable life of the building, but whose estimated useful lives are longer than the remaining depreciable life of the building, must be depreciated over the normal useful life of the building improvements. Providers who rent or lease their building must report any building improvement depreciation as leasehold improvement depreciation.

- *ii.* **Building Fixed Equipment:** any equipment which is attached to the building and is intended to be permanent, such as central air conditioning systems and trade fixtures. Providers who rent or lease the facility must report any building fixed equipment depreciation as leasehold improvements depreciation.
- *iii.* **Leasehold Improvements:** improvements a lessee makes to a leased building. These improvements are permanently attached to the building or land. They become the property of the lessor when the lease is terminated. Examples of leasehold improvements are permanent trade fixtures, additions, and betterments. All building equipment and land improvements purchased by a lessee, that are valued at \$5,000 or more at the time of purchase with an estimated useful life of more than one year must be classified as a leasehold improvement and amortized. Leasehold improvements whose estimated lives are longer than the lease term must be amortized over the life of the leasehold improvement.
- *iv.* **Land Improvements:** assets found on the land area contiguous to, and designed for serving, the contracted provider such as fences, sidewalks, driveways, parking lots, etc. The asset can include a proportionate share of the architectural, consulting, and interest expenses associated with newly constructed or renovated buildings. Providers who rent or lease the facility must report land improvement depreciation as leasehold improvement depreciation.
- v. Research and Development (R&D), Organizational, and Start-up: must be amortized over a period of at least sixty months. R&D costs include those costs related to determining the business feasibility of obtaining a contract and can include costs such as demographic research and consulting fees. Organizational costs may include costs such as legal fees, state incorporation fees, stock certificate costs, underwriting costs, and office expenses incident to organizing the company. Start-up costs include those costs related to employee training, licensing, utilities, facility cleaning, and other preparations that are incurred before the first individual (whether Medicaid or non-Medicaid) is admitted to the program. Startup costs do not include capital purchases, which are purchased assets meeting

the criteria for depreciation as described in the Cost Determination Process Rules. Any costs that are properly identifiable as capitalizable construction costs must be appropriately classified as such and excluded from startup costs. <u>Costs related to care for individuals that are incurred after the first individual is admitted, but before the provider is Medicaid-certified, are unallowable costs.</u>

- **B.** Depreciation: Departmental Equipment: any equipment capable of being moved from one site to another, such as all types of furniture, appliances, office machines, and any other items of equipment that are necessary operating assets.
- **C. Depreciation: Transportation Equipment:** equipment used for the transport of individuals in care, staff, or materials and supplies utilized by the provider in the provision of contracted care. Depreciation expenses for transportation equipment not generally suited or not commonly used to transport individuals in care, staff, or provider supplies are unallowable costs. This includes motor homes and recreational vehicles, sports automobiles, motorcycles, heavy trucks, tractors, and equipment used in farming, ranching, and construction. Lawn tractors are to be reported as departmental equipment.
- **D.** (For related-party only) Rent/Lease Building and Building Equipment: includes the assets in A) i. through iv. above that are rented or leased from a related party. Additional expense types for possible building-related costs to the related-party are optional entries.
 - *i.* Mortgage Interest Mortgage interest for the property leased to the contracted provider that was properly accrued and paid by the related party.
 - *ii.* Interest-Other Other interest expenses directly related to the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related party.
 - *iii.* Property Tax Property tax payments for the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related party.
 - *iv.* Insurance Expense Insurance expenses for the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related party.
 - Other Expense Other expenses directly related to the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related party.
- E. (For related-party only) Rent/Lease Departmental Equipment: includes the assets in b) above. Additional expense types for possible departmental equipment-related costs to the related party are optional entries.
 - *i.* Interest-Other Other interest expenses directly related to the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related party.
 - *ii.* Other Expense Other expenses directly related to the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related party.
- *F.* (*For related-party only*) *Rent/Lease Transportation Equipment:* includes the assets in c) above. Additional expense types for possible departmental equipment-related costs to the related party are optional entries.
 - *i.* Transportation-Maintenance, Repairs, Gas, Oil, Interest, Insurance, Taxes, Other Enter here only the Interest, Insurance, and/or Repair and Maintenance expenses directly related to the transportation equipment

leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related party.

Other Expense – Other expenses directly related to the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related party.

NOTES

Allowable depreciation expense includes <u>only pure straight-line depreciation</u>. No accelerated or additional first-year depreciation is allowable.

Minimum useful lives must be consistent with "Estimated Useful Lives of Depreciable Hospital Assets", published by the American Hospital Association (AHA) (2013 Version). Copies of this publication may be obtained by contacting:

Mail:AHA Services, Inc.; 155 N. Wacker Dr; Chicago, IL 60606Toll Free:800-424-4301Website:AHA Online Store

Include only assets of the contracted provider or its central office that are used directly or indirectly in the provision of resident care during the cost-reporting period. For shared central office depreciation, show the percentage allocated to the contracted provider for which the cost report is being prepared and cross-reference to the applicable allocation summary. For shared facility-level depreciation (e.g., depreciation of assets whose usage is shared between the contracted provider and another entity), show the amount allocated to the contracted provider by cost area and cross-reference the applicable allocation summary.

Required detail must be provided for each depreciable asset and each depreciable asset will be assigned a correct estimated useful life as required by 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(7)(A-C).

Providers have an option of reporting in **Step 8.e.** each single capital asset and allowing the system to determine the straight-line depreciation amount applicable to the cost report <u>or</u> reporting the depreciation expense per category at the summary level by business component and line item. Providers must choose a depreciation method in **Step 2.** Once the cost report is certified, the provider cannot change the method of reporting depreciation. This method will carry from year to year. Note that any combined entity that includes a 24-Hour Residential Child Care contract will not be able to report capital assets on the summary level due to Title IV-E requirements. These providers must report all capital assets individually.

Reporting Capital Assets Individually:

Depreciable asset information automatically populates from year to year after the initial entry. After the first year, providers will only need to adjust allocations of shared assets to correctly report current-year allocation percentages and add new assets. A provider with numerous assets may want to import their basic asset information. This information may be imported into STAIRS. See **Appendix F.**

1. Click "Add Record"

8.e. Depreciation Expense and Related-Party Lease/Purcha	ise of Denreciable Assets
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- A. Is this a shared asset? Click "Yes" or "No". If "Yes", the preparer will be asked to allocate the asset between business components and cost areas after saving. If "No", the system will automatically assign the asset to the current cost report.
- B. Related-Party or Non-Related Party Click "Related Party" if the asset was purchased or leased from a related party or "Non-Related Party" if the asset was purchased from a nonrelated party.

NOTE - Only Related-Party leases are reported through the Depreciation screens. Nonrelated-party leases are reported in **Step 8.f**.

- C. Asset This is the line item on which the allowable cost will appear in the cost report. If it is a related-party lease, then a drop-down menu with additional expense types will be available for entry of related-party cost.
- D. Code (optional) For internal provider use.
- E. Description of Asset This will be chosen from a drop-down menu populated from the AHA Guide discussed in Years of Useful Life below. If the preparer does not find the type of asset and cannot determine a close match, contact HHSC PFD to determine if a new asset type should be added.

NOTE: If Building is selected, a drop-down menu will request an address. If the building is being leased (related parties only), a lease agreement must be uploaded.

- F. Asset in Service at end of Period? Click "Yes" or "No" to note whether this item was in service at the end of the cost reporting period. If "Yes", enter the Month / Year placed in service. If "No", enter the Month / Year placed in service and the Month / Year removed from service.
- G. Years of Useful Life The time period over which the asset must be depreciated. STAIRS populates this based on the Description entered in E. above for all assets except Used Vehicles. For Used Vehicles, determine the required useful life and enter that. Per 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(7)(C)(ii), "The estimated life of a previously owned (used) vehicle is the longer of the number of years remaining in the vehicle's depreciable life or three years.
- H. Historical Cost The cost of acquiring the asset and preparing it for use. Does not include goodwill or, for buildings, the cost of the land (land is not a depreciable item).
- I. Salvage Value This amount will be calculated automatically. Salvage value is the estimated residual value of the asset for scrap or salvage after its useful life has ended. All buildings must have a minimum salvage value of at least 10% of the

historical cost for Medicaid cost-reporting purposes. No other salvage values are required.

- J. Depreciation Basis Calculated figure equal to H minus I.
- K. Prior Period Accumulated Depreciation Calculated figure. Based on the date placed in service and calculation of depreciation on the Depreciation Basis from that date to the beginning date of the cost reporting period.
- L. Depreciation for Reporting Period Calculated figure. Based on the date placed in service, the beginning date of the cost reporting period, any date entered as Month/Year removed from service), and the remaining useful life.
- M. Total Expense for Reporting Period Calculated figure. For Related-party leases, this will include costs from C. d) f) above, as well as the depreciation on the asset.
- 2. Click "Save" to enter Business Component and Cost Area Allocation(s)

Business Component – The available business components are limited to the businesses and contracts entered in **Step 3**. If a business component that should receive a percentage of the asset or related-party leased items is not on the list, then the preparer should return to **Step 3.b.** and enter the missing business component data. Allocate or direct cost 100% of the asset costs a business component before proceeding. If allocated, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded.

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- A. Business Component The drop-down menu includes all business components for the provider entity. If the provider entity only has one business component, the drop-down menu does not appear and the single business component is automatically entered under the business component.
- B. Click "Add Record" Generates additional lines to record Cost Area information for each business component. Choose and Click "Add Record" until all business components to which this expense will be allocated have been added.
- C. Information in the Business Component Gray Bar
 - a) Asset in Service at end of the period? The response for the business component will default to "Yes" if the Asset information above states that the asset itself was in service at the end of the period. This entry field allows for the possibility that the asset is taken out of service for a single business component, but not for all. The allocation of an asset may also change throughout the year.

This question allows for flexibility in how asset allocation may change throughout a year.

- b) Month/Year Placed in Service (mm/yyyy) Enter the month and year the asset was initially placed in service for depreciation purposes for this specific business component.
- c) Month/Year Removed from Service (mm/yyyy) If the asset was removed from service for this business component during the current year, then enter the month and year that the asset was removed from service.
- d) Allocation % The percentage of the costs to be allocated to this specific business component.
- e) Expenses for Reporting Period Calculated figure based on the percentage(s) entered.

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3. Enter all Cost Area Information

- A. Area The dropdown menu for "Area" includes all cost areas reportable in this cost report. See **Step 8.f.** for a detailed discussion of Cost Areas. Central Office may only be used for expenses of a central office that are allocated between multiple business components. Costs of a central office that can be directly charged to the contracted provider should be reported as Program Administration. See Definitions, *Central Office*.
- B. Asset in Service at End of Period? The response for the cost area will default to "Yes" if the business component information above states that the asset itself was in service at the end of the period. This entry field allows for the possibility that the asset is taken out of service for a single cost area, but not for all. The allocation of an asset may also change throughout a year. This question allows for flexibility in how asset allocation may change.
- C. Month/Year Placed in Service Enter the month and year the asset was initially placed in service for depreciation purposes for this specific cost area.
- D. Month/Year Removed from Service If the asset was removed from service for this cost area during the current year, then enter the month and year that the asset was removed from service.
 - The two lines above (C and D) also allow for changes in allocation percentages throughout the year. By entering an end date at the point where the allocation changes and adding an additional record with a new 'placed in service date' for

the new allocation period, the usage changes will be taken into account in the calculation of the depreciation below.

- E. Allocation % The percentage of the costs to be allocated to this specific cost area.
- F. Expense for Reporting Period Calculated figure based on the percentage(s) entered.
- G. Cost Area Allocation Methodology If allocated to multiple cost areas, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded. This will be required only if there were multiple cost areas selected.
- H. Business Component Allocation Methodology After all business component cost area allocations have been completed, an expense that is allocated to multiple business components will also require that a business component allocation method be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded.

Step 8.f. Non-Related Party Facility, Operations, Administrative and Other Direct Care Costs

This screen consists of a column for the Line Item Names, three columns for Nonrelated-Party Cost Areas, and three columns for Related-Party Cost Areas, a column to total all expenses in each line item, and a column for notes. The three columns each for Nonrelated- and Related-Party Cost Areas correlate to the Program Administration & Operations and Central Office, plus a Total. Facility and Operations costs should be reported if the Provider has a Program Administration office. Even if building/facility costs are paid by/through a central office, the portion of the building/facility and operations costs directly related to the contracted provider should be reported in the specific cost area as appropriate. The Program Administration & Operations columns are intended for the reporting of facility and operations costs that directly support the contracts included in the Cost Report Group for which the cost report is being prepared. The Central Office column is intended to capture the allocated portion of shared (i.e., central office) administrative costs. It is important to report all costs in the correct cost area.

The first column of this screen comprises all the Facility, Operations, and Administration non-staff line items. Each of these line items will be discussed in detail below. Some of the items may be reportable only in certain cost areas. Where this is the case, the cost report will not allow entry in the cost area(s) where that type of expense may not be reported.

Cost Areas

Program Administration & Operations

 The Program Administration & Operations cost area is intended to capture administrative expenses associated with direct program management of the contracted provider itself. These are considered program administrative expenses and should be directly chargeable to the contracted provider. There should be no allocated costs reported in the program administration cost area, except for an administrator allocated from the central office.

Central Office

• The Central Office cost area is intended to capture the allocated portion of shared (i.e., central office) administrative costs. For example, if documentation supports

allowable legal fees directly related to the management of the contracts included in the Cost Report Group, those legal fees should be reported in the Program Administration & Operations cost area. However, if the allowable legal fees were related to the corporation or related organization as a whole (e.g., general employee policies and procedures), the allocated portion would be reported in the Central Office cost area. If an outside accountant prepared the cost report for the contracted provider, the cost should be directly charged to the Program Administration & Operations cost area. If an outside accountant prepares financial statements for the parent company or sole member, the allocated portion of those costs applicable to the contracts included in the Cost Report Group must be reported in the Central Office cost area.

- Allowable central office costs include those costs necessary for the provision of care for contracted services in Texas and an appropriate share of allowable indirect costs. Costs that are unallowable to the contracted provider are also unallowable as central office costs. Central office costs must be reported at the actual cost to the central office with no markup.
- The Central Office cost area of the cost report is self-contained; meaning that all allocated costs associated with the central office are reported in that cost area and should not be reported anywhere else on the cost report.
- For details on allocating shared costs, see Appendix B.

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Line items will accept entry into various nonrelated-party cost areas depending on the line item type. Depreciation expense does not accept direct entry because all depreciation is entered in **Step 8.e**. Certain line items are considered indirect costs only and can only be entered in the Program Administration or Central Office cost areas. All related-party facility and operations expense transactions must be entered in the appropriate Step of STAIRS and will be transferred onto this screen.

- 1. <u>Rent/Lease Building and Building Equipment</u>
 - A. Report building and building equipment lease/rental costs in this item.
 - B. If the rental/lease of a building is from a related party, do not enter directly here. The lease and related costs must be entered in **Step 8.e**. The calculated cost to the related party will be transferred here.

- C. If the rental/lease of building equipment is from a related party, do not enter directly here. The lease must be entered in **Step 8.b.** if the building equipment is non-depreciable (items costing less than \$5,000 or with a useful life of less than one year) or **Step 8.e.** if the building equipment is depreciable (items with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year).
- D. Lease deposit payments are not allowable costs at the time of payment. If the total amount of the deposit is not refunded at the specified time noted in the lease, the amount of the deposit not refunded and used for allowable costs is allowable for cost-reporting purposes at that time. Lease deposits made for remodeling and the purchase of replacement items/fixtures are not allowable costs at the time of payment. If the total deposit amount is not refunded at the specified time noted in the lease, the amount of the deposit not refunded and used for allowable remodeling and purchase of replacement items/fixtures is allowable for reporting as repairs/maintenance or depreciation, whichever is appropriate.
- E. Lease payments made for goodwill (see **Definitions**, *Goodwill*) are not allowable costs.
- <u>Rent/Lease Departmental Equipment/Other</u> Report the lease/rental costs of departmental equipment. Departmental equipment would include items such as telephone systems, pagers, facsimile (FAX) machines, photocopiers, and computers.
 - A. If the rental/lease is from a related party, do not enter directly here. The lease and related costs must be entered either in **Step 8.b**. if the departmental equipment is non-depreciable (items costing less than \$5,000 or with a useful life of less than one year) or **Step 8.e.** if the departmental equipment is depreciable (items with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year).
- 3. <u>Interest Mortgage</u> See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(8). Reasonable and necessary interest on current and capital indebtedness is an allowable cost.
 - A. Report the interest expense accrued during the reporting period from the purchase of a facility (i.e., mortgage interest) in this item. If the provider is a nonprofit entity and issued bonds for the purchase of the facility, report the bond issuance costs in this item.
 - B. If a related party funded the loan, do not enter directly here. Enter through **Step 8.c.**
 - C. Late payment fees and penalties are unallowable costs.
 - D. Interest on vehicle loans should be reported in Transportation Maintenance, Repairs, Gas, Oil, Interest, Insurance, Taxes, and Other below.
 - E. Interest on working capital loans, departmental equipment loans, loans for the purchase of building improvements, building renovations, and building equipment, and other operational notes should be reported in Interest Other below.
- 4. Insurance Building and Equipment
 - A. Costs for insurance premiums for buildings, contents, and grounds must be reported with amounts accrued for premiums, modifiers, and surcharges and net of any refunds and discounts actually received or settlements paid during the same cost-reporting period (i.e., the premiums are accrued and related expenses are reported on a cash basis).

- B. Self-insurance is a means whereby a contracted provider undertakes the risk to protect itself against anticipated liabilities by providing funds in an amount equivalent to liquidate those liabilities. Self-insurance can also be described as being uninsured. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(13)(B) for additional requirements. Contributions to self-insurance funds or reserves that do not represent payments based on current liabilities are unallowable costs. The amount of allowable insurance costs may also be subject to a cost ceiling. See also 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(13)(E) and **Appendix E.**
- 5. <u>Taxes Ad Valorem Real Estate</u> See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(12). Report in this item the cost of ad valorem real estate taxes related to Program Administration and/or Central Office buildings. Tax expenses must be reported on an accrual basis for the cost-reporting period only. If a tax statement covers any timeframe outside the cost-reporting period, the cost must be prorated so that the amount reported on the cost report represents only the cost-reporting period.
 - A. Texas corporate franchise taxes are reported in Taxes Texas Corporate Franchise Tax below.
 - B. Personal property taxes and other operational taxes are reported in Taxes Other below.
- 6. Utilities & Telecommunications -
 - A. Biohazard Waste
 - B. Electricity, Gas, Water, Wastewater, Garbage. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(8). For utility costs to be allowable on the RC Cost Report, the utilities must be used directly or indirectly in the provision of contracted services. Report the costs associated with buildings in the appropriate area.
 - C. Telecommunications utility costs associated with the contracts included in the Cost Report Group are reported here. Telecommunications refers to the cost of only telephone, pager, and facsimile service and not the cost of purchasing, leasing, or maintaining the associated equipment.
- 7. <u>Building/Equipment Contracted Services and Maintenance and Repairs</u>
 - A. Report expenses for contract services relating to building/grounds repairs and maintenance (including contracted janitorial services, contracted fire alarm inspections, and contracted lawn services) here. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(10)(B).
 - B. Report maintenance supplies related to facility maintenance and non-depreciable repairs and maintenance costs associated with buildings, building equipment, and grounds in this item. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(9)(A-B).
 - C. Maintenance and Repairs Report the applicable amount of building and equipment maintenance and repair expenses related to the contracts included in the Cost Report Group. For cost-reporting purposes, repairs and maintenance expenses are categorized as ordinary or extraordinary repairs.
 - a. Ordinary repairs and maintenance are defined as outlays for parts, labor, and related supplies that are necessary to keep an asset in operating condition, but neither add materially to the use value of the asset nor prolong its life appreciably. Ordinary repairs include, but are not limited to, painting, wallpapering, copy machine repair, or repairing an electrical circuit.
 - b. Extraordinary or major repairs involve relatively large expenditures, are not normally recurring, and usually increase the use value or the service life of an asset beyond what it was before the repair. Extraordinary repairs include, but are not limited to, major improvements in a building's electrical system,

carpeting an entire building, replacement of a roof, or strengthening the foundation of a building. Extraordinary repairs that cost \$2,500 or more and have a useful life of over one year may not be reported directly in this item. They must be capitalized and depreciated by reporting in **Step 8.e.** See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(9)(A-B).

- <u>Depreciation Building & Improvements, Building Fixed Equipment, Leasehold</u> <u>Improvements, Land Improvements, Other Amortization</u> – Enter all buildings, building improvements, building fixed equipment, leasehold improvements, land improvements, and amortizable items with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year in **Step 8.e.** The calculated depreciation will be transferred here.
- <u>Depreciation Departmental Equipment</u> Enter all departmental equipment with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year in **Step 8.e.** The calculated depreciation will be transferred here.
- 10. <u>Operations Supplies</u> for all items of cost, report only net expenses, meaning gross expenses less any purchase discounts, rebates, returns, or allowances.
 - A. Hepatitis B vaccinations, TB tests, Chest X-rays, Drug Tests, and Physicals Report under either Program Administration or Central Office (when a properly allocated cost of the Central Office) supplies used to administer Hepatitis B vaccinations to provider staff, as well as costs related to tuberculosis (TB) tests, chest x-rays, drug tests, and physicals.
 - B. Non-depreciable Equipment Report items that cost less than \$5,000 or have a useful life of less than one year as supplies. Report here such non-depreciable equipment used for services (i.e., nursing, medical records, staff training, and central supply), for program administration, and the allocated portion of central office supplies.
 - a. Small equipment that costs \$5,000 or more and has a useful life of more than one year is considered Departmental Equipment and should be entered as such in **Step 8.e.**
 - b. Non-depreciable equipment purchased or leased from a related party may not be reported here directly. Enter in **Step 8.b.** and the allowable costs will be transferred here.
 - C. Employee benefits not subject to payroll taxes, such as uniforms or non-wage incentives may be reported here in the appropriate cost area.
 - D. Supplies, Nursing and Medical Report here supplies including, but not limited to, tongue depressors, swabs, Band-Aids, cotton balls, alcohol, and nursing reference books. Report nursing forms and medical records supplies in this item.
 - a. Supplies that are chargeable to Medicare or sources other than Medicaid are not to be included in this item.
 - E. Supplies, Office Report office supplies in each setting as appropriate.
 - F. Supplies, Operational include non-depreciable equipment required to maintain and repair departmental equipment, garbage cans/bags, and cleaning supplies used to keep operational areas clean.
- 11. <u>Depreciation Transportation Equipment</u> Enter all transportation equipment with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year in **Step 8.e.** The calculated depreciation will be transferred here.
- 12. <u>Rent/Lease Transportation Equipment or Contracted Transportation Services</u> A. Report transportation equipment lease/rental costs in this item.

- B. Nonrelated-party rental or lease that is not a capital lease is reported here. All related-party rentals and leases and all capital leases, whether a related party or not, for transportation equipment that costs \$5,000 or more and has a useful life of more than one year must be reported through **Step 8.e.**
- C. Non-depreciable transportation equipment (costing less than \$5,000 or with a useful life of less than one year) rented or leased from a related party, must be reported through **Step 8.b.**
- D. Contracted Transportation Services may be a contract with a local taxi company to transport individuals, monthly passes for individuals on the bus system or other contracts to provide transportation of individuals.
- <u>Transportation Maintenance, Repairs, Gas, Oil, Interest, Insurance, Taxes, Other</u> – Report transportation expenses related only to the delivery of RC services. If a vehicle is used for both personal and business use, vehicle logs must be maintained to document and remove expenses related to personal use.

Grants and contracts from the federal, state, or local governments, such as transportation grants or Housing and Urban Development Grants, should be offset, before reporting on the cost report, against the particular cost or group of costs for which the grant was intended. For example, if a grant was received from the Texas Department of Transportation (TX DOT) to assist in the purchase of a van, the amount of the grant would be deducted from the cost of the van, and only the remaining cost, if any, reported on the cost report as a depreciable asset.

- A. Insurance, Vehicle Report the cost for insurance premiums or, in cases of selfinsurance, allowable paid claims for vehicles. Report only the portion of the insurance expense directly related to the contracts included in the Cost Report Group. See Insurance – Building and Equipment above for details on proper reporting of Insurance expenses.
- B. Interest, Vehicle Loans Report the interest from loans for vehicles or for repairs/maintenance of vehicles used in the RC program. If a related party funded the loan, do not enter directly here. Enter through **Step 8.c**.
- C. Property Tax, Vehicles Report any property tax paid on vehicles used in the RC program.
- D. Maintenance, Repairs, Gas, and Oil Report the applicable amount of automobile expenses related to this program. Personal use of vehicles must be documented and removed from the cost report. For cost-reporting purposes, repairs and maintenance expenses are categorized as ordinary or extraordinary repairs.
 - a. Ordinary transportation equipment repairs and maintenance are defined as outlays for parts, labor, and related supplies that are necessary to keep an asset in operating condition, but neither add materially to the use value of the asset nor prolong its life appreciably. Ordinary repairs include tune-ups, oil changes, cleaning, inspections, and replacement of parts due to normal wear and tear (such as tires, brakes, shocks, and exhaust components). Ordinary repairs may be expensed in the year the expense is accrued and reported directly in this item.
 - b. Extraordinary or major vehicle repairs involve relatively large expenditures, are not normally recurring, and usually increase the use value or the service life of an asset beyond what it was before the repair. Extraordinary repairs

include such things as engine and transmission overhaul and replacement. Extraordinary repairs that cost \$1,000 or more and have a useful life of over one year may not be reported directly in this item. They must be capitalized and depreciated by reporting in **Step 8.e**. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(6)(B).

- E. Other Transportation Expenses Expenses such as license tags, parking fees, and tolls should be reported in this item. Parking fines or penalties are not allowable costs and should not be in this cost report. Provide an itemization of each category of expense and its associated dollar amount in the Notes section.
- 14. <u>Staff Training/Seminars</u> To be allowable, the training must be located within the state of Texas (unless not available in Texas) and be related directly and primarily to the job being performed by the staff person attending the training.
 - A. For training conducted within the provider setting, allowable training costs include, but are not limited to, instructor and consultant fees, training supplies, and visual aids.
 - B. For off-site training, allowable costs include costs such as allowable travel costs (which are to be reported in 2022. Travel, below), registration fees, seminar supplies, and classroom costs; and meet the other criteria detailed in 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(15).
 - C. Training/Seminar costs incurred for Program Administration and Operations and Central Office staff are reported in their respective cost areas.
 - D. Costs for training outside the continental United States are unallowable.
- 15. <u>Insurance Liability</u> See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(13).
 - A. Report the cost for insurance premiums for general liability and professional malpractice insurance paid to a nonrelated insurance company in this item, but only in Program Administration and/or Central Office as appropriate. As well, report the premiums paid to a risk retention group registered with the Texas Department of Insurance.
 - B. Costs related to errors and omissions (liability) insurance for board members are allowable.
 - C. Costs paid to a related-party insurance company for liability insurance will not be reported directly in this item. Report those costs through **Step 8.d**.
 - D. Report the cost for paid claims, deductibles, and co-insurance for general liability and professional malpractice insurance. The cost of claims paid under a captive insurance arrangement must be reported here. If this is or may be a self-insurance situation, see **Appendix E.**
- 16. Travel (not to include mileage reimbursement) -

For purposes of training, allowable travel must be within the state of Texas (unless not available in Texas), be related directly and primarily to the job being performed by the staff person attending the training, and meet the other criteria detailed in 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(15).

Other than mileage reimbursement, which is to be reported in **Step 6** with the costs for the various staff types, allowable travel for purposes other than training must be related directly and primarily to the job being performed by the staff person. Such travel must be within the state of Texas except for travel to deliver direct contracted client services within 25 miles of the Texas border with adjoining states or Mexico, or the purpose for the travel is to conduct business related to

contracted client services in Texas and the travel is between Texas and the contracted provider's central office. All costs for travel outside the continental United States are unallowable costs, with the singular exception of travel required for the delivery of directly contracted client services within 25 miles of the Texas-Mexico border.

The maximum for lodging per diem and meals per diem costs is 150% of the <u>General Services Administration's (GSA) federal travel rates</u> to determine the maximum lodging and meals reimbursement rates. The GSA's website is:

http://www.gsa.gov/portal/category/21287

Once the provider accesses this website, they must select the correct time period from the "Find rates for fiscal year" box, remembering that federal fiscal years begin in October and end in September. For example, the federal fiscal year 2022 began on October 1, 2021, and ended on September 30, 2022.

After selecting the correct timeframe, the provider must click on the picture of the state of Texas, identify the maximum lodging and meals rates for the location of their travel lodging from the table, and multiply those amounts by 1.5. The results are the maximum allowable per diem for lodging (plus applicable city/local/state taxes and energy surcharges) and meals. Tips and alcoholic beverages are not allowable meal costs.

- 17. Fees Management Contract See 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(6) and 355.105(b)(2)(B)(xiii).
 - A. Reasonable management fees paid to non-related parties are allowable costs. If the contracted provider has a management agreement with a nonrelated business entity to provide management services to the contracts include in the Cost Report Group, report the fees incurred here and upload a copy of the management agreement signed by all interested parties. If an expense is reported in this item, **Step 6.a.**, *Question 1 Do you have any contracted management costs to report?* must be "Yes".
 - B. If the contracted manager was designated in **Step 6.a.** as a related party, do not enter those costs here. Allowable management fees paid to related parties for administrative services are limited to the actual costs (e.g., staff, supplies, materials, allocated building costs, allocated departmental equipment costs) incurred by the related party manager for services provided. Related-party management costs must be reported as central office costs with no markup in the specific items related to the cost and must not be combined into one item.
- Fees Contracted Administrative, Professional, Consulting, and Training Services See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(2)(C).
 - A. Contracted medical records services Report here.
 - B. Contracted administrative services, such as clerical temporaries, printing services, copying services, and courier delivery services Report here.
 - C. Report the cost of contracted professional services including allowable expenses related to accountants, attorneys, and data processing. Accounting fees for the preparation of income tax forms and returns are allowable costs; however,

income taxes are not allowable costs. See 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(2)(C) and 355.105(b)(2)(B)(viii). Professional service fees must be directly related to the activity of the provider only and directly or indirectly related to the provision of services included in the vendor payment.

- D. Legal, accounting, and other fees and costs associated with litigation between a provider and a governmental entity are unallowable costs. Pursuant to 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(2)(C)(ii) and 355.103(b)(20)(I), the costs of litigation that resulted in a court-ordered award of damages or settlements to be paid by the provider or that resulted in a criminal conviction of the provider are unallowable costs. Within the narrow range of circumstances where legal expenses are allowable on the RC Cost Report, adequate documentation must be maintained as described in 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(viii). Expenses incurred because of imprudent business practices are unallowable.
- E. Allowable expenses for workers' compensation administrative and legal expenses are to be reported here.
- F. Allowable franchise fees should be reported here. Franchise fees are different from franchise taxes; see Taxes Texas Corporate Franchise Tax below. Franchise fees that represent "goodwill" or other intangible services are not allowable. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(20)(C).
- G. Report seminar/conference registration fees as training and seminar costs in Staff Training/Seminar above.
- H. The following costs are unallowable and are not to be reported on this cost report: "NSF" (insufficient fund) charges and other penalties; fees paid to members of the provider's board of directors; and administrative fines and penalties.
- 19. <u>Licenses and Permits</u> Include fees for licenses and permits; and license fees paid on behalf of an employee (e.g., Administrator license)
- 20. <u>Interest Other (describe)</u> See 1 TAC Sections 355.103(c)(1) and 355.105(b)(2)(B)(ix-x)
 - A. Maintain adequate documentation and report the cost of interest paid on working capital loans (e.g., lines of credit). If a related-party funded loan, do not enter here directly. Enter through **Step 8.c**.
 - B. The interest expense reported in this item must be offset by any interest income, and only the remaining interest expense, if any, is reported here.
- 21. <u>Taxes Texas Corporate Franchise Tax</u> See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(12). Report the cost of Texas corporate franchise tax expenses for the cost-reporting period only. This item should not be blank if the provider is a corporate entity. If a tax statement includes any period of time outside the cost-reporting period, the cost must be prorated so that the amount reported on the cost report represents only costs associated with the cost-reporting period. Franchise taxes are different from franchise fees; allowable franchise fees are reported in Fees – Contracted Administrative, Professional, Consulting, and Training Services above. Franchise taxes associated with states other than Texas are unallowable costs.
- 22. Taxes Other (describe) See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(12)(D).
 - A. Personal property taxes related to the contents of Program Administration office building(s) and other operational taxes associated with the Program Administration office building(s) only.
 - B. Unallowable taxes include federal, state, and local income taxes; excess profit or surplus revenue-based taxes; taxes levied on assets not related to the delivery

of Medicaid-contracted RC services in Texas; pass-through taxes, such as sales tax collected and remitted; and tax penalties and interest. Self-employment taxes are unallowable. Taxes for which an exemption is available are unallowable.

- C. Taxes in connection with the financing, refinancing, or refunding of operations, such as taxes on the issuance of bonds, property transfers, and issuance or transfer of stocks are unallowable as a tax expense; however, such taxes are usually depreciated or amortized.
- D. Ad valorem property taxes are reported in Taxes Ad Valorem Real Estate above.
- E. Texas corporate franchise taxes are reported in Taxes Texas Corporate Franchise Tax above.
- 23. <u>Advertising</u> See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(16) for a complete description of allowable and unallowable advertising and public relations expenses. Advertising expenses for recruitment of necessary personnel, yellow page listings no larger than one-eighth of a page, advertising to meet statutory or regulatory requirements, and advertising for the procurement of items related to contracted resident care are allowable costs.
- 24. <u>Dues and Memberships</u> See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(14).
 - A. Dues for membership in professional associations directly and primarily concerned with the provision of RC services for which the provider is contracted are allowable. Any portion of the cost for membership that is applied to lobbying or whose purpose is to fund lawsuits or any legal action against the state or federal government is not allowable.
 - B. Dues for membership in purchasing organizations or buying clubs are limited to the prorated amount representing purchases made for use in providing contracted services.
 - C. Subscriptions to newspapers, journals, and magazines whose content is primarily concerned with the provision of services for which the provider is contracted are allowable and should be reported in the cost area where the salaries of the employees using those subscriptions are reported (i.e. Program Administration and/or Central Office).
 - D. Dues or contributions made to any type of civic, political, social, fraternal, or charitable organization are unallowable. Chamber of Commerce dues are unallowable.
- 25. <u>Other (describe)</u> Report here any costs that cannot be reasonably reported in any prior cost category. Any cost reported here should be adequately described. Costs related to boards of directors are unallowable, except for travel costs incurred to attend meetings of the contracted provider's board of directors or trustees, within limits, (reported in Travel above) and errors and omissions (liability) insurance for board members (reported in Insurance Liability above).

Step 8.g. Facility and Operations Costs Summary

This Step provides a summary of the Related and Non-Related-Party Costs entered through **Steps 8.b.-8.f**. This view is more compact than the data entry in **Step 8.f**. The preparer may review these totals against the cost report preparation work papers to assure that all costs are correctly captured.

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Step 9. Preparer Verification Summary

Purpose

The summary verification table shows the Total Reported Revenues and Total Reported Expenses entered into STAIRS. This step allows the provider to reconcile the Trial Balance and associated work papers.

How do we use this information?

This information is made available for verification purposes only. HHSC does not use this information.

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After all items for the cost report have been completed, the report is ready for verification. The summary verification screen shows the Total Reported Revenues and Total Reported Expenses entered into STAIRS. These figures should be checked against the preparer's work papers to assure that all intended non-Medicaid revenues and expenses have been entered.

A link to the Preparer Verification Detail Report is included at the bottom of the page. This provides the detail of all units of service and expenses entered.

Once the preparer has determined that everything is entered correctly, the report can be verified. The preparer will check the box beside the phrase "I verify that the information entered is correct." Then click the Verify box at the bottom.

Steps 10 and 11. Preparer Certification and Entity Contact Certification

Purpose

Providers must certify the accuracy of cost reports submitted to HHSC. Providers may be liable for civil and/or criminal penalties if the cost report is not completed according to HHSC requirements or is determined to contain misrepresented or falsified information. Cost report preparers must certify that they have read the cost determination process rules, the reimbursement methodology rules, the cost report cover letter, and cost report instructions and that they understand that the cost report must be prepared according to

the cost determination process rules, the reimbursement methodology rules, and cost report instructions.

A person with supervisory authority over the preparation of the cost report who reviewed the completed cost report may sign a certification page in addition to the actual preparer. Refer to Per 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(3).

How do we use this information?

HHSC uses this information to ensure that the report has been verified by the entity and preparer as per TAC rules.

How to complete Steps 10 and 11

Certification pages cannot be printed for signing and notarizing until the report has been verified. If the report is reopened for any reason, any previously uploaded certifications will be invalidated and must be completed again.

A preparer may print out both the Preparer and Entity Contact Certification pages at the same time. Once one of the Certification pages is printed, the cost report is completed and locked. If it is discovered that additional changes need to be made, the preparer must contact <u>costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov</u> for assistance getting the report(s) reopened.

Certification pages may be digitally signed (<u>Digital Signature Policy</u>) or must contain original signatures and original notary stamps/seals when uploaded to STAIRS. These pages must be maintained in their original form by the provider. If these pages are not properly completed, the cost report will not be processed until the provider uploads completed pages; if completed pages are not uploaded in a timely manner, the cost report will not be counted as received timely and may be returned. If a report is returned, it is unverified and new certifications, dated after the report has been re-verified will have to be uploaded.

Preparer (Methodology) Certification

This page must be signed by the person identified in **Step 1** of this cost report as *Preparer*. This person must be the individual who actually prepared the cost report or who has primary responsibility for the preparation of the cost report for the provider. Signing as *Preparer* carries the responsibility for an accurate and complete cost report prepared in accordance with applicable methodology rules and instructions. Signing as *Preparer* signifies that the preparer is knowledgeable of the applicable methodology rules and instructions and that the preparer has either completed the cost report himself/herself in accordance with those rules and instructions or has adequately supervised and thoroughly instructed his/her employees in the proper completion of the cost report. Ultimate responsibility for the cost report, an executed Preparer Certification page (with original signature and original notary stamp/seal/digital signature) may be submitted by each preparer (Digital Signature Policy). All persons signing the methodology certification must have attended the required cost report training.

10. Preparer Certification

AS PREPARER OF THIS COST REPORT, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT:

- · I have completed the state-sponsored cost report training for this cost report.
- . I have read the note below, the cover letter and all the instructions applicable to this cost report.
- I have read the Cost Determination Process Rules (excluding 24-RCC), program rules, and reimbursement methodology applicable to this cost report, which define allowable and unallowable costs and provide guidance in proper cost reporting.
- · I have reviewed the prior year's cost report audit adjustments, if any, and have made the necessary revisions to this period's cost report.
- To the best of my knowledge and belief, this cost report is true, correct and complete, and was prepared in accordance with the Cost Determination Process Rules (excluding 24 RCC), program rules, reimbursement methodology and all the instructions applicable to this cost report.
- · This cost report was prepared from the books and records of the contracted provider and/or its controlling entity.

Note: This PREPARER CERTIFICATION must be signed by the individual who prepared the cost report or who has the primary responsibility for the preparation of the cost report. If more than one person prepared the cost report, an executed PREPARER CERTIFICATION may be submitted by each preparer. Misrepresentation or falsification of any information contained in this cost report may be punishable by fine and/or imprisonment.

The Preparer Certification must be uploaded by the Preparer, using his/her own login information.

PREPARER IDENTIFICATION

Name of Contracted Provider:

Printed/Typed Name of Signer:

Title of Signer:

Subscribed and sworn before me, a Notary public on the

SIGNATURE OF PREPARER

_____ of Day

Year

Notary Signature

DATE

Month

Notary Public, State of

Commission Expires

Return

10.a. Upload Preparer Certification	
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Cost Report Certification

This page must be completed and signed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the provider such as an owner, partner, Corporate Officer, Association Officer, Government official, or L.L.C. member. The administrator of one or more of the contracts included in the Cost Report Group may not sign this certification page unless he/she also holds one of those positions. The responsible party's signature must be notarized or digitally signed. The signature date must be the same or after the date the preparer signed the Methodology Certification page because the cost report certification indicates that the cost report has been reviewed after preparation.

11. Entity Contact Certification	on
AS SIGNER OF THIS COST REPORT, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT:	
 report, which define allowable and unallowable costs and provide I have reviewed this cost report after its preparation. To the best of my knowledge and belief, this cost report is true, co 	-RCC), program rules, and reimbursement methodology applicable to this cost a guidance in proper cost reporting. orrect and complete, and was prepared in accordance with the Cost a, reimbursement methodology and all the instructions applicable to this cost
as the Sole Proprietor, a Partner, a Corporate Officer, an Association (individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, such Officer, or a Governmental Official. The administrator/director is authorized to falsification of any information contained in this cost report may be punishable
provider may initiate an amendment no later than 60 days after the ori <u>costinformation@hhsc.state.tx.us</u> . Request received that is not signed provider, or received after the 60th day, will not be accepted. Failure to considered a failure to complete a cost report as specified in the above	
The Cost Report Certification must be uploaded by the responsible pa	arty, using his/her own login information.
SIGNER INDENTIFICATION	
Name of Contracted Provider:	
Printed/Typed Name of Signer:	Title of Signer:
Name of Business Entity:	
Address of Signer (street or P.O. Box, city, state, 9-digit zip):	
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Step 12. Provider Adjustment Report

Purpose

The purpose is for the provider to review the report adjustments made during HHSC's financial examination.

The Provider has 30 days to review their adjustments. This is an opportunity to review and make a determination for an informal review in Step 13 or agree with the adjustment.

How to complete Step 12

This Step will not be visible until after the report has been reviewed and the provider is notified of adjustments to or exclusions of information initially submitted. Providers will receive an email notification that their adjustment report is ready. The provider then has 30 days to review their adjustments, this entails clicking on step 12 and reviewing the adjustment report. Once you review Step 12 then Step 13 will be available to Agree or Disagree with the adjustments made. After the end of that 30-day period, the report will be set to the status of Agreed by Default.

Review Period Expires: February 04, 20XX

In accordance with Table 1 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §365.107(a), the following report shows adjustments made to your cost report by the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC). This report shows changes made to values originally reported by the prepare and includes the original amount reported, the amount of adjustment, the amount after adjustment, and the reason for the adjustment. Please note that at the time your report was processed the reported units of service were reconciled to the most recently available, reliable units of service for the reporting period, as reflected in the State's Claim Management System (CMS)

Not shown are the calculated values that changed due to three adjustments. To better understand the overall impact of these adjustments on the total revenues and expenses, you are being provided a Summary Table at the bottom of the report.

It is important that you carefully review this information. You may obtain additional information concerning these adjustments by submitting a written request by United States (U.S.) Mail or special delivery to:

Texas Health and Human Services Commission Rate Analysis Department, MC H-400 P.O. Box 149030 Austin, TX 78714-9030

General and Statistical

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Because this cost report indicates participation in rate enhancement in Step 4, your recoupment summary information is being provided below

In accordance with Title 1 of the Texas Administrative Code (TAC), §355 308(s) for nursing facilities, or §355 112(t) for all other programs, the below Recoupment Summary indicates whether or not the provider is subject to recoupment for failure to meet participation requirements.

If you indicated on STEP 2 of this cost report that you requested to aggregate by program these contracts/component codes held by this Cembined Entity which participated in the Attendant Component Codes on the cost for the purpose of determining compliance with spending requirements, the recogment aummary information below represents the estimated total recogment for all participating contracts/component codes on the cost reports indicated below. This same summary information is displayed on all cost reports affected by the aggregation.

Recoupment Summary

Program / Contract / Group	Level Awarded	Spending Requirement	Actual Spending	Per Unit Recoupment	Estimated Total Recoupment
2		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$100.00

Additional adjustments and recoupments (other than those identified above) may occur as a result of a subsequent informal review, audit, or desk review of your cost report. As per 1 TAC §356.308(s) or §355.112(i) and §355.107(a). If subsequent adjustments are made, you will be notified via e-mail to logon to STAIRS and view Step 14 of this cost report where those adjustments and any revised recoupment amount will be displayed.

Unless you request an informal review in accordance with 1 TAC \$355 110, adjustments to the provider's rates per unit for this reporting period will be sent to the Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) Provider Claims Services for processing after the "Review Period Expires" date shown above and below. Do not send checks or payments to THSC unless specifically instructed by HHSC. The amount to be recouped will be subtracted from future billings.

PAYMENT PLANS (For Recoupments Greater Than \$25,000)

If your recoupment is greater than \$25,000 you may be eligible for a payment plan. Payment plans are not guaranteed and apply only to active contracts. If the contract terminates prior to the completion of the recoupment, any payment plan that was granted no longer applies.

- If your recoupment is for a twelve-month period and is greater than \$25,000, you may request to have it collected over the span of 3 months.
- If your recoupment is for a twelve-month period and is greater than \$75,000, you may request to have it collected over the span of 6 months.
- If the reporting period report is less than a full year with a recoupment greater \$25,000, then HHSC may approve fewer than the requested number of payments in the payment plan.

HHSC Rate Analysis Department must receive your written request for a payment plan at one of the below addresses by hand delivery. U.S. mail or special mail delivery, or email (faxes will not be accepted). A payment plan request must be received by the stated deadline will not be accepted. A payment plan request post-marked prior to the stated deadline but received after the due date will not be accepted. A payment plan request post-marked prior to the stated deadline but received after the due date will not be accepted.

A written payment plan request must be submitted to the Director for Long Term Services and Supports at the below address.

Texas Health and Human Services Commission Rate Analysis Department, MC H-400 P.O. Box 149030 Austin, TX 78714-9030

Special Mail Delivery Taxas Health and Human Services Commission Rate Analysis Department, MC H-400 Brown-Health Building 4900 N. Lamar Blyd. Austin, TX 78751-2316

Email

You may also submit a request for a payment plan to the Rate Analysis Department via email to: RAD LTSS@https: state to im. The request letter must be:

· printed on the contracted provider's letterhead;

signed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, such as the sole proprietor, a partner, a corporate officier, an association officer, a governmental official, or a limited liability company
member; and

scanned and emailed to the Rate Analysis Department using the above-referenced email address.

Review Period Expires: February 04, 20 XX

Important: Step 13 Agree/Disagree, must be completed no later than the review period expiration date stated above. Step 13 may only be completed by an individual legalty responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, such as the sole proprietor, a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, or a limited liability company member. This individual must be designated in STAIRS with an "Entity Contact" or "Financial Contact" refe.

A "Preparer Contact" is prohibited by STAIRS from completing Step 13. Only Preparer Contacts who also have been designated with the Entity Contact or Financial Contact roles may complete Step 13 and can do so by logging onto STAIRS using their Entity Contact or Financial Contact username and password.

If you choose to "Disagree" and intend to dispute one or more terms you must do so by requesting an informal review in accordance with Title 1 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) § 355 110. After clicking the "Disagree" button you will be provided with instructions of mandatory actions you must take. In accordance with the instructions contained in Stop 13. If a request for informal review or request for 15 day asterosion is received by HHSC later than the review period expiration date stated above. It will not be accepted. Requests that see post-marked prior to this deadline date but received after the deadline date will not be accepted. If you do not request an informal review by this deadline date you will not be able to request a formal appeal regarding these exclusions or adjustments.

Return

This Step will not be visible until after the report has been audited and the provider is notified of adjustments to or exclusions of information initially submitted. Providers will receive an email notification that their adjustment report is ready. Provider then has 30 days within which to review their adjustments and go to **Step 13** to Agree or Disagree

with the adjustments made. After the end of that 30-day period, the report will be set to the status of Agreed by Default.

Email		
You may also submit a request to	ir a payment plan to the Rate Analysis Depar	rtment via email to: <u>RAD-LTSS@httec.state.bt.vs</u> . The request letter must be
member; and		acted provider, such as the onle proprietor, a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, or a limited liability company in-inferenced email address.
Legally responsible person		
First Name:	Rey	
Lawt Northe:	Wilsongzz	
Job Title:	Director	
Entity Name:	ZZZ RAD DAHS	
Email:	ray wilson@thisc state tx us	
Phone (123-456-7890):	123456785	Phone Extension:
Fax (123.456-7890):	123-456-7890	Fax Extension:
Mailing Address		
Street 1 or P.O. Box:	999 test.	
Street 2:		
City:	Austin	
State:	тх	
Zip (Plus 4 Optional):	79421	
P Return	0.8197070	

Step 13. Agree/Disagree

Purpose

The purpose of Step 13 is for the provider to either agree, request a payment plan, or disagree with the adjustments after reviewing the report.

How do we use this information?

HHSC PFD uses this information to start the informal review process or set the report to complete.

13. Agree/Disagree
Proper enter and verify the information below
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Review Period Expires June 17, 2022
This Step, Step 13a (If disagreeing with the adjustmential, and 13b (I agreeing with the adjustment) and using only the adjustment and needing to dis a payment plant, must be completed to later than the neeline period expiration data stated above by selecting "Agrees" "Agrees with Payment Plant", or "Disagrees" below it may only be completed to later than the neeline period expiration data stated above by selecting "Agrees" "Agrees with Payment Plant", or "Disagrees" below it may only be completed to later than the neeline period expiration and the later than the neeline period expiration of the adjustment by disagrees and the selecting "Agrees" the neeline period expiration of the selecting "Agrees" the neeling period expiration of the adjustment and the later than the neeline period expiration of the selecting "Agrees" the neeling period expiration of the
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Legally insponding person
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Juli Tifes - 1918 C Adress Assessed
Early Name: 222 940 CPC
Email: Permis MiningOthia statu bua
Phone (123.456. 3000): 12140700 Phone Estension
Fax(12).456.78900 FaxEstonstore
Skilling Address
Street 1 or P(0, Box) 925 No?
Sind 2:
Chy Audio
State: TX
Zip (Plus 4 Ogilaras) 75421
IAppe
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LAgree and Deparent > Pass
by cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" I agree with the item level in the Step 12 - Adjustment (Recordation: Settlement Report and subscize Tre Team Peells and human Services Commission (PHSC) is proceed with finalizing my care report. I am requested by the first requested of the interview Commission (PHSC) is proceed with finalizing my care report. I am requested to a fidding "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtines a value of the adjust and subscize Tre Team Peells and human Services Commission (PHSC) is proceed with finalizing my care report. I am requested to a payment plan is requested to a subscize the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and subscize the set of the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and subscize the set of the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and set of the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and set of the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and set of the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and set of the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and set of the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and that and that the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and that the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and that the Step 12 report. I also understand that cloking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" comtificate a request plan and that the Step 12 report. I also u
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This Step will not be visible until after the report has been reviewed and the provider is notified of adjustments to or exclusions of information initially submitted. The Step may be completed only by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, such as the sole proprietor, a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, or a limited liability company member. This individual must be designated in STAIRS with an "Entity Contact" or "Financial Contact" role.

This Step must be completed within the 30-day time frame from the date of the email notifying the provider that **Steps 12 and 13** are available to the provider.

I agree

By choosing I agree, you are agreeing with the adjustments and finalizing the report. No further action is needed for this report.

Step 13a. I Disagree

13a. Disagree			
O Pisate enter and serily the offernation below			
Barris (Black and Jerna)			
Review Period Expires: June 17	7, 2022		
F you designed with productment or adjustments work is the Report you may the returnment to the obtained seven which the adjustment of the grant of the - a control adjustment of the grant particle attracts of the designed in the - adjustment adjustment of the designed of the designed in the - adjustment adjustment of the return of the designed in the - adjustment adjustment of the return of the designed in the - adjustment adjustment of the designed in the - adjustment adjustment of the return of the - adjustment adjustment of the designed in the - adjustment of the designed in the designed in the - adjustment of the designed in the designed in the - adjustment of - adjustment - adjustment of - adjustment - adjustment	ny inagamé an efernationaine de acconductor with 1964 1965an Admittational Cash (1962) (2005 1976) 9 17, 2002 and August annual the Removing integrations		
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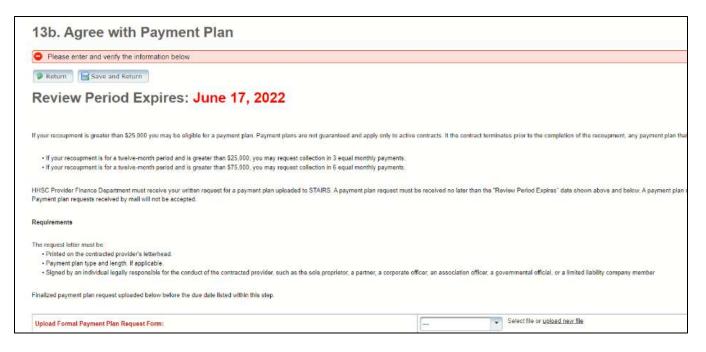
A provider who disagrees with an adjustment is entitled to request an informal review of those adjustments with which the provider disagrees. A provider cannot request an informal review merely by signifying the provider's Disagreement in **Step 13**. The request, or a request for a 15-day Provider disagree extension to make the request, must be uploaded into this section and received by HHSC no later than the review period expiration date. Additionally, the request must include all necessary elements as defined in 1 TAC Section 355.110(c)(1):

- A concise statement of the specific actions or determinations it disputes;
- Recommended resolution; and
- Any supporting documentation the interested party deems relevant to the dispute.

It is the responsibility of the interested party to render all pertinent information at the time of its request for an informal review. A request for an informal review that does not meet the requirements outlined above will not be accepted.

This is also the section where you can file for a 15-day Provider disagree extension for the Informal Review.

Step 13b. I Agree and Request a Payment Plan



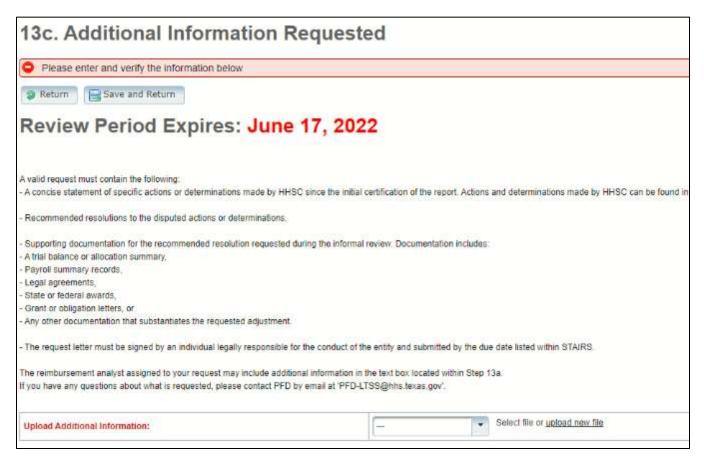
For providers with a recoupment amount above \$25,000, the option "I Agree and Request a Payment Plan" will be available during Step 13. This option finalizes the report and requests a payment plan for paying the recoupment.

Once you click on I Agree and Request a Payment Plan there will be an option for you to upload the payment plan request. The payment plan request must follow these requirements: Is on the company letterhead

- Details of what is being requested (a payment plan)
- Includes the Cost Report Group number or Contract number of the report
- Includes the year and type of report (Cost Report 2022, for example)
- Is signed by "an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the interested party, such as the sole proprietor, a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, a limited liability company member, a person authorized by the applicable HHSC Enterprise or Texas Medicaid and Healthcare Partnership (TMHP) signature authority designation form for the interested party on file at the time of the request, or a legal representative for the interested party. The administrator or director of the facility or program is not authorized to sign the request unless the administrator or director holds one of these positions." Note that this is a person listed on HHSC Form 2031 and is not necessarily the entity contact in STAIRS.
- The request meets the deadline, which is 30 days from the Provider Notification date

Step 13c. Additonal Information Requested

Step 13.c. will only appear if an informal review was requested and HHSC PFD staff is requesting more information. An email will be sent from Fairbanks if additional information is requested. You will have 14 days to respond and upload additional information upon request.



Step 14. HHSC Informal Review

Purpose

The purpose of this step is to allow the providers a chance to review the informal review adjustments.

Step	Sub-Step	Item R	sported Amount	Reconcil	ling Items		Adjusted Amount		Adjusted By	
Expens	ses									
Step	Sub-Step	ltern R	eported Amount	Record	ling items		Adjusted Amount		Adjusted By	
Reven	ues									
Step	Sub-Step	Item R	eported Amount	Reconci	ling Items		Adjusted Amount	a ()	Adjusted By	
Reven	ues									
Step	Sub-Step	Item R	eported Amount	Reconci	ling Items		Adjusted Amount		Adjusted By	
Summa	ry Table									
		Revenue Summa	7		Total as	Submitted	Adjustments		Total After Adjustments	
atal Non-Medica	id :				\$0.00		50.00	\$0.00	8	
otal					\$0.00		50.00	\$0.00	8	
		Expense Summa	γ		Total as	Suturnitted	Adjustments		Total After Adjustments	
otal Atlandant W	ages. Benefits and Mil	eage			\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0,00		
otal Non-Attenda	ant Wages, Benefits an	d Mileage			\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.00		
otal Administrati	ve and Operations Wag	ges, Benefits and Mileage (ess Central Office)		\$1,111.00		\$0.00	\$1,75	\$1,111.00	
otal Payroll Taxe	s & Workers' Compens	sation (Not including Centra	EOffice)		\$3.00		\$9.00	\$3.00	\$3.00	
otal Facility and	Operations Expenses (Not including Central Office	4.)		\$0.00		\$0.00	50.00	50.00	
fotal Central Offic	e Expenses				\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.D0		
Total					\$1,114.00		\$0.00	\$1,11	1.00	
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PAYMENT PLANS (For Recoupments Greater Than \$25,000)

If your recoupment is greater than \$25,000 you may be eligible for a payment plan. Payment plans are not guaranteed and apply only to active contracts. It the contract terminates prior to the completion of the recoupment, any payment plan that was granted no longer applies.
If your recoupment is for a twelve-month period and is greater than \$25,000, you may request to have it collected over the span of 3 months
 If your recoupment is for a twelve-month period and is greater than \$75,000, you may request to have it collected over the span of 6 months. If the reporting period report is less than a full year with a recoupment greater \$25,000, then HHSC may approve fever than the requested number of payments in the payment plan.
HHSC Rate Analysis Department must receive your written request for a payment plan at one of the below addresses by hand delivery. U.S. mail, special mail delivery, or email (faxes will not be accepted). A payment plan request must be received on later than the "Review Period Explore" date shown above and below. A payment plan request not received by the stated deadline will not be accepted. A payment plan request post-marked prior to the stated deadline to received after the due date will not be accepted.
A written payment plan request must be submitted to the Director for Long Term Services and Supports. Rate Analysis Department at the below address
Texas Health and Human Services Commission
Rate Analysis Department, MC H-400 - P.O. Box 149030
Austin, TX 78714-5030
Special Mail Delivery
Texas Health and Human Services Commission
Rate Analysis Department, MC H-400 Brown-Hearty Building
4909 N. Lamar Blvd.
Austin, TX 78751-2316
Email
You may also submit a request for a payment plan to the Rate Analysis Department via email to: BACHITSS@htoc.stells.tx.ue. The request letter must be
printed on the contracted provider's letterhead.
signed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, such as the sole proprietor: a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, or a limited liability company
member, and scannad and emailed to the Rate Analysis Department using the above-referenced email address.
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PAYMENT PLANS (For Recompments Greater Than \$25,000)
If your recoupment is greater than \$25,000 you may be eligible for a payment plan. Payment plans are not guaranteed and apply only to active contracts. It the contract terminates prior to the completion of the recoupment.
If your recoupment is greater than \$25,000 you may be eligible for a payment plan. Payment plans are not guaranteed and apply only to active contracts. It the contract terminates prior to the completion of the recoupment, any payment plan that was granted no longer applies.
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This Step appears only if the provider submits a request for an informal review. It is used by HHSC to make adjustments during the informal review process. The provider will not be able to access this Step until HHSC notifies the provider that adjustments are ready to be viewed.

Appendix A. Uploading Documents into STAIRS

Cost reports submitted without the required documentation will be returned to the provider as unacceptable. See 1 TAC Sections 355.102(j)(2) and 355.105(b)(2)(B)(v).

All instructions for uploading documents into STAIRS and managing and attaching those documents electronically can be found in the STAIRS program by clicking on the Uploading File Instructions file under General Reference Materials at the bottom right-hand corner of any screen in STAIRS. The Upload Center itself can be located in STAIRS on the Dashboard by clicking on Manage, to the far right on the header.

Appendix B. Allocation Methodologies

Units of Service: This allocation method can only be used for shared costs where the services have equivalent units of equivalent service and MUST be used where that is the case. An equivalent unit means the time of service is important: a Nursing Facility (NF) and a DAHS facility both provide a "Day" of service, but one is a 24-hour "Day" while the other is not. An equivalent service means that the activities provided by staff are essentially the same.

Cost-to-Cost: If allocations based on units of service are not acceptable, and all of a provider's contracts are labor-intensive, or if all contracts have programmatic or residential building costs, the provider may choose to allocate their indirect shared costs on a cost-to-cost basis.

Salaries: If allocation based on Units of Service is not acceptable, and all of a provider's contracts are labor-intensive, or if all contracts have programmatic or residential building costs, the provider may choose to allocate their indirect shared costs on the basis of salaries. The two cost components of the salaries allocation method:

- Salaries/wages
- Contracted labor (excluding consultants)

In the cost component above, the term "salaries" does not include the following costs associated with the salaries/wages of employees:

- Payroll taxes
- Employee benefits/insurance
- Workers' compensation

Labor Costs: This allocation method can be used where all of a provider's contracts are labor intensive, or all contracts have a programmatic or residential-building cost, or contracts are mixed with some being labor intensive and others having a programmaticbuilding or residential-building component. It is calculated based upon the ratio of directly charged labor costs for each contract to the total directly charged labor costs for all contracts. The Five Cost Components of the Labor Costs Allocation Method:

- Salaries/Wages
- Payroll taxes
- Employee benefits/insurance
- Workers' compensation costs
- Contracted labor (excluding consultants)

Total Costs, Less Facility Costs: The Total-Cost-Less-Facility-Cost allocation method can be used if a provider's contracts are mixed – some being labor-intensive and others having a programmatic or residential building component. This method can also be used for an organization that has multiple contracts all requiring a facility for service delivery. This method allocates costs based upon the ratio of each contract's total costs less that contract's facility or building costs to the provider's total costs less facility or building costs for all contracts.

If any of these allocation methods are used, the allocation summary must clearly show that all the cost components of the allocation method have been used in the allocation calculations. For example, when describing the numerator and denominator in numbers for the salaries method, the numerator and denominator each should clearly show the amount of costs for salaries/wages and for contracted labor (excluding consultants).

Square footage: This allocation method is the most reasonable for building and physical plant allocations.

Functional: If the provider has any doubt whether the functional method used is in accordance with applicable rules or requires prior written approval from the Provider Finance Department, send an email to <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u> before submitting the cost report.

Time study: The time study must be in compliance with 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(i). If the time study is not in compliance with these rules, the provider must receive written approval from HHSC Provider Finance to use the results of the time study. According to the rules, a time study must cover, at a minimum, one randomly selected week per quarter throughout the reporting period. The allocation summary should include the dates and total hours covered by the time study, as well as a breakdown of the hours time-studied by function or business component, as applicable.

Other allocation method approved by HHSC: Requests for approval to change an allocation method or to use an allocation method other than an allocation method approved or allowed by HHSC must be received by HHSC's Provider Finance Department before the end of the provider's fiscal year, as described at 1 TAC Section 355.102(j)(1)(D). To request such approval from HHSC Provider Finance, submit and properly a disclosure statement along with justification for the change and explain how the new allocation method is in compliance with the Cost Determination Process Rules and how the new allocation method presents a more reasonable representation of actual operations.

If using an alternate allocation method, upload a properly cross-referenced copy of the provider's original allocation method approval request and any subsequent approval letter from Provider Finance. If the provider's approval request included examples or a copy of the provider's general ledger, include those documents in the uploaded attachments for this item.

Table 1 below provides a summary of appropriate allocation methods for various situations. For questions regarding the proper allocation of shared costs, please contact the Provider Finance Department's LTSS Center for Training and Information at <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u>.

Table 1. APPROPRIATE ALLOCATION METHODS FOR REPORTING SHARED ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS THAT CANNOT BE REASONABLY DIRECT COSTED.

Makeup of Controlling Entity's Business Components	Multiple Contracts of the Same (Equivalent) Type of Service	Various Business Components - All Labor- Intensive	Various Business Components - All with Programmatic - or Residential- Building Costs	Mixed Business Components - Some with Programmatic - or Residential- Building Costs and Some Labor- Intensive	Shared Administrativ e Personnel Performing Different Duties for Different Business Components (not in Direct Care)	Functional Methods
Allowable Allocation Methods	Units of Service	Cost-to-Cost Labor Costs Salaries	Cost-to-Cost Total-Cost- Less-Facility- Cost^ Labor Costs Salaries	Total-Cost- Less-Facility- Cost^ Labor Costs	Time Study*	Payroll Department - Number of payroll checks issued for each business component during the reporting period Purchasing Department - Number of purchase orders processed during the reporting period for each

Makeup of Controlling Entity's Business Components	Multiple Contracts of the Same (Equivalent) Type of Service	Various Business Components - All Labor- Intensive	Various Business Components - All with Programmatic - or Residential- Building Costs	Mixed Business Components - Some with Programmatic - or Residential- Building Costs and Some Labor- Intensive	Duties for Different	Functional Methods
						business component

Providers may use any of the methods listed as appropriate for the makeup of their business organization. If one of the approved methods does not provide a reasonable reflection of the provider's actual operations, the provider must use a method that does. If none of the listed methods provides a reasonable reflection of the provider's actual operations, contact the Provider Finance Department's LTSS Center for Training and Information at <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u> for further instructions.

- * See 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(i) for time study requirements.
- ^ When using the total-cost-less-facility-cost allocation method, the building (facility) costs to be removed from the cost calculation include Lease/Rental of Building/Facility/Building Equipment; Insurance for those items; Utilities, Maintenance and Contract Services of those items; Mortgage Interest; Ad Valorem Taxes; and Depreciation for Building/Facility/Building Equipment/Land/Leasehold Improvements.

Allocation Summary - UNITS of SERVICE

Adjusted Trial Balance - Sarah's CBA Corp As of 12/31/2009

sallowed	Austin Direct Costs 25,361.54 25,458.97 51,205.13 7,804.96 1,270.51 0.00 1,254.01 2,400.00 2,385.51	San Antonio Direct Costs 19,926.93 7,795.91 31,383.79 4,521.66 554.46 0.00 889.47 2,100.00	Shared Costs 125,347.28 - - - 65,000.00 9,589.07 3,331.66 - 2,703.77	55.69% Austin 69,805.90 - - 36,198.50 5,340.15 1,855.40 - 1,505.73	44.31% San Antonio 55,541.38 - - 28,801.50 4,248.92 1,476.26 -
sallowed	25,361.54 25,458.97 51,205.13 7,804.96 1,270.51 0.00 1,254.01 2,400.00	19,926.93 7,795.91 31,383.79 4,521.66 554.46 0.00 889.47	125,347.28 - - 65,000.00 9,589.07 3,331.66 - 2,703.77	69,805.90 - - 36,198.50 5,340.15 1,855.40 -	55,541.38 - - 28,801.50 4,248.92 1,476.26 -
	25,458.97 51,205.13 7,804.96 1,270.51 0.00 1,254.01 2,400.00	7,795.91 31,383.79 4,521.66 554.46 0.00 889.47	- - 65,000.00 9,589.07 3,331.66 - 2,703.77	- 36,198.50 5,340.15 1,855.40 -	28,801.50 4,248.92 1,476.26
	25,458.97 51,205.13 7,804.96 1,270.51 0.00 1,254.01 2,400.00	7,795.91 31,383.79 4,521.66 554.46 0.00 889.47	- - 65,000.00 9,589.07 3,331.66 - 2,703.77	- 36,198.50 5,340.15 1,855.40 -	28,801.50 4,248.92 1,476.26
	25,458.97 51,205.13 7,804.96 1,270.51 0.00 1,254.01 2,400.00	7,795.91 31,383.79 4,521.66 554.46 0.00 889.47	9,589.07 3,331.66 - 2,703.77	5,340.15 1,855.40 -	4,248.92 1,476.26 -
	51,205.13 7,804.96 1,270.51 0.00 1,254.01 2,400.00	31,383.79 4,521.66 554.46 0.00 889.47	9,589.07 3,331.66 - 2,703.77	5,340.15 1,855.40 -	4,248.92 1,476.26 -
	7,804.96 1,270.51 0.00 1,254.01 2,400.00	4,521.66 554.46 0.00 889.47	9,589.07 3,331.66 - 2,703.77	5,340.15 1,855.40 -	4,248.92 1,476.26 -
	1,270.51 0.00 1,254.01 2,400.00	554.46 0.00 889.47	9,589.07 3,331.66 - 2,703.77	5,340.15 1,855.40 -	4,248.92 1,476.26 -
	1,270.51 0.00 1,254.01 2,400.00	554.46 0.00 889.47	3,331.66 - 2,703.77	1,855.40	1,476.26
	0.00 1,254.01 2,400.00	0.00 889.47	2,703.77	-	-
	1,254.01 2,400.00	889.47		- 1.505.73	-
	2,400.00			1.505.73	4 400 04
	,	2 100 00		.,	1,198.04
	2 225 51	2,100.00	4,500.00	2,506.05	1,993.95
	2,303.31	2,087.32	4,472.84	2,490.92	1,981.91
	401.68	333.75	2,272.73	1,265.68	1,007.05
			1,501.80	836.35	665.45
			874.64	487.09	387.55
			1,254.00	698.35	555.65
			1,050.87	585.23	465.64
237.65	54.36	35.74	60.23	33.54	26.69
104.97			297.90	165.90	132.00
254.74			346.73	193.09	153.64
597.36	117,596.68	69,629.03	222,603.51	123,967.90	98,635.62
	104.97 254.74	104.97 254.74	104.97 254.74	1,254.00 1,050.87 237.65 54.36 35.74 60.23 104.97 297.90 254.74 346.73	1,254.00698.351,050.87585.23237.6554.3635.7460.2333.54104.97297.90165.90254.74346.73193.09

Adjusted Trial Balance As of 12/31/xx

					_	Allocated S	hared Costs
			Direct	Direct	Shared	57.38%	42.62%
Expenses:	Total Costs	Disallowed	RC	DAHS	Costs	RC	DAHS
Salaries							
Administrative	125,347.28				125,347.28	71,922.00	53,425.28
RC Attendants	87,434.22		87,434.22		-		
DAHS Attendants	65,238.41			65,238.41	-		
Supervisors	23,254.88		13,528.48	9,726.40	-		
Contracted Employees	249.85		249.85		-		
Consultants	2,500.00				2,500.00	1,434.45	1,065.55
FICA/Medicare State & Federal	23,008.63		7,723.65	5,715.03	9,569.95	5,491.06	4,078.89
Unemployment	5,613.99		2,524.07	1,494.13	1,595.79	915.64	680.15
Employee Benefits	3,488.84		1,254.01	889.47	1,345.36	771.94	573.42
Office Lease	6,500.00		2,400.00	2,100.00	2,000.00	1,147.56	852.44
Utilities	6,460.76		2,385.51	2,087.32	1,987.93	1,140.64	847.29
Telecommunications	2,453.79		401.68	333.75	1,718.36	985.96	732.40
Office Supplies	1,501.80				1,501.80	861.71	640.09
Medical Supplies	0.00				-		
Insurance - General Liability	1,254.00				1,254.00	719.52	534.48
Insurance - Malpractice	1,050.87				1,050.87	602.97	447.90
Travel	303.01	204.65	54.36	35.74	8.26	4.74	3.52
Advertising	402.87	104.97			297.9	170.93	126.97
Miscellaneous	601.47	254.74			346.73	198.95	147.78
		г					
Totals	356,664.67	564.36	117,955.83	87,620.25	150,524.23	86,368.08	64,156.15
Cost-to-Cost Allocation Percen	tages:	Total Costs	Percentage				
Total RC Costs	-	117,955.83	57.38%				
Total DAHS Costs		87,620.25	42.62%				
		205,576.08	100.00%				

Adjusted Trial Balance As of 12/31/xx

						Allocated S	Shared Costs
			Direct	Direct	Shared	57.39%	42.61%
Expenses:	Total Costs	Disallowed	Austin	Dallas	Costs	Austin	Dallas
Salaries							
Administrative	125,347.28				125,347.28	71,935.31	53,411.97
Attendants	87,434.22	(87,434.22		-		
Case Managers	65,238.41	Salary		65,238.41	-		
Supervisors	23,254.88	Costs	13,528.48	9,726.40	-		
Contracted Workers	0.00	l			-		
Consultants	2,500.00				2,500.00	1,434.72	1,065.28
FICA/Medicare State & Federal	23,008.63		7,723.65	5,715.03	9,569.95	5,492.08	4,077.87
Unemployment	5,613.99		2,524.07	1,494.13	1,595.79	915.80	679.99
Employee Benefits	3,488.84		1,254.01	889.47	1,345.36	772.09	573.27
Office Lease	6,500.00		2,400.00	2,100.00	2,000.00	1,147.78	852.22
Utilities	6,460.76		2,385.51	2,087.32	1,987.93	1,140.85	847.08
Telecommunications	2,453.79		401.68	333.75	1,718.36	986.15	732.21
Office Supplies	1,501.80				1,501.80	861.87	639.93
Medical Supplies	387.25				387.25	222.24	165.01
Insurance - General Liability	1,254.00				1,254.00	719.66	534.34
Insurance - Malpractice	1,050.87				1,050.87	603.08	447.79
Travel	303.01	204.65	54.36	35.74	8.26	4.74	3.52
Advertising	402.87	104.97			297.9	170.96	126.94
Miscellaneous	601.47	254.74			346.73	198.98	147.75
			117,705.9				
Totals	356,802.07	564.36	8	87,620.25	150,911.48	86,606.30	64,305.18
Salary Method Allocation Perce	ntages:	Salary Costs	Percentage				
Total Austin		100,962.70	57.39%				
Total Dallas		74,964.81	42.61%				
		175,927.51	100.00%				

Adjusted Trial Balance As of 12/31/xx

							Allo	cated Shared	Costs
			Direct	Direct	Direct	Shared	41.94%	30.89%	27.17%
Expenses:	Total Costs	Disallowed	RC	DAHS	CBA	Costs	RC	DAHS	CBA
Salaries									
Administrative	125,347.28			7		125,347.28	52,570.65	38,719.77	34,056.86
	07 404 00		07 404 00						
RC Attendants	87,434.22	(87,434.22		1	-			
DAHS Attendants	65,238.41			65,238.41					
CBA Attendants	54,975.15				54,975.15	-			
Supervisors	33,254.88		13,528.48	9,467.85	10,258.55				
Contracted RN	4,572.08	Labor {	4,572.08		-	-	-	-	-
Consultants	2,500.00	Costs				2,500.00	1,048.50	772.25	679.25
FICA/Medicare	28,018.12		8,073.41	5,715.03	4,990.38	9,239.30	3,874.96	2,854.02	2,510.32
State & Federal Unemployment	6,592.50		2,524.07	1,494.13	978.51	1,595.79	669.27	492.94	433.58
Employee Benefits	4,847.25	l	1,254.01	889.47	1,358.41	1,345.36	564.24	415.58	365.53
Workers' Compensation	4,047.25	1	1,254.01			0	504.24	415.56	202.22
Office Lease	9,000.00		2,400.00	2,100.00	2,500.00	2,000.00	838.80	617.80	543.40
Utilities	8,945.67		2,400.00	2,100.00	2,484.91	2,000.00 1,987.93	833.74	614.07	540.12
Telecommunications	3,008.16		401.68	333.75	554.37	1,718.36	720.68	530.80	466.88
Office Supplies	1,501.80		401.00	222.72	554.57	1,501.80	629.85	463.91	408.04
Medical Supplies	874.64				487.39	387.25	162.41	119.62	105.22
Insurance - Malpractice	1,050.87				407.59	1,050.87	440.73	324.61	285.52
Travel	387.98	204.65	5 54.36	35.74	84.97	8.26	3.46	2.55	2.24
Advertising	402.87	104.97		55.74	04.97	297.90	124.94	92.02	80.94
Miscellaneous	601.47	254.74				297.90 346.73	124.94 145.42	92.02 107.10	94.21
Miscellarieous	001.47	254.74	ł			340.73	145.42	107.10	94.21
Totals	438,553.35	564.36	122,627.82	87,361.70	78,672.64	149,326.83	62,627.67	46,127.06	40,572.10
Labor Method Allocation Per	centages:	Labor Costs	Percentage						
Total RC		117,386.27	43.04%	,					
Total DAHS		82,804.89	30.36%						
Total CBA		72,561.00	26.60%						
		272,752.16	100.00%	-					
				-					

Allocation Summary - Total Cost Less Facility Cost

Adjusted Trial Balance As of 12/31/xx

As of 12/31/xx Allocated Shared Costs 59.33% 40.67% Direct Direct Shared RC DAHS Total Costs Disallowed RC DAHS Costs Expenses: Salaries Administrative 125,347.28 125,347.28 74,368.54 50,978.74 Direct Care Workers 157,288.47 87,434.22 69,854.25 Supervisors 33,254.88 25,458.97 7,795.91 Contracted RN 4,572.08 2,712.62 1,859.46 _ Consultants 2,500.00 2,500.00 1,483.25 1,016.75 FICA/Medicare 24,165.63 8,843.84 6,082.49 9,239.30 5,481.68 3,757.62 State & Federal Unemployment 5,686.03 2,822.33 1,553.00 1,310.70 777.64 533.06 **Employee Benefits** 4,847.25 1,254.01 889.47 2,703.77 1,604.15 1,099.62 Office Lease 9,000.00 2,400.00 2,100.00 4,500.00 2,669.85 1,830.15 Utilities 8,945.67 Facility 2,385.51 2,087.32 4,472.84 2,653.73 1,819.10 Ad Valorem Taxes 3,256.88 Costs 842.64 1,834.64 579.60 343.88 235.72 Maintenance & Repairs 1,846.74 246.25 1,041.67 558.82 331.55 227.27 Telecommunications 3,008.16 2,272.73 1,348.41 924.32 401.68 333.75 Office Supplies 891.02 610.78 1,501.80 1,501.80 Medical Supplies 874.64 874.64 518.92 355.72 Insurance - General Liability 744.00 510.00 1,254.00 1,254.00 Insurance - Malpractice 623.48 427.39 1,050.87 1,050.87 Travel 35.74 60.23 35.73 387.98 237.65 54.36 24.50 Advertising 402.87 104.97 297.90 176.74 121.16 Miscellaneous 601.47 254.74 346.73 205.71 141.02 Totals 389,792.70 597.36 134,856.44 95,467.70 158,871.21 94,258.29 64,612.92

Total Costs-Less-Facility-Costs Allocation Percentages:

	HCS	ICF/IID	Totals
Total Costs	134,856.44	95,467.70	230,324.14
Facility Costs	5,874.40	7,063.63	12,938.03
Total Costs Less Facility Costs	128,982.04	88,404.07	217,386.11
Allocation Percentages	59.33%	40.67%	

Appendix C. Reserved for Future Use

Appendix D. List of Useful Lives for Depreciation

STAIRS will assign useful lives based on data input in **Step 8.e.** Provided below is an abbreviated list of some useful lives as stated in the American Hospital Association's 2008 guide (in alphabetical order from left to right). Refer to the AHA publication for items not listed. The 2008 guide is effective for depreciable assets placed in service during the 2008 and subsequent fiscal years. Depreciable assets placed in service before the 2008 fiscal year should follow the guide in effect at the time or the 1993 guide.

Buildings	Light Trucks & Vans5 yrs Buses and Airplanes7 yrs Used Vehicles - see 1 TAC §355.103(b)(10)(C)(ii)
Air Conditioning-5 tons or more10	<u>Asset</u> <u>Years</u> Air Conditioning System - Less than 5 tons
Television	Ventilator/Respiratory

Appendix E. Self-Insurance

Self-insurance means that the provider has chosen to assume the risk to protect itself against anticipated liabilities. Self-insurance can also be described as being uninsured. To qualify as an allowable self-insurance plan, a contracted provider must enter into an agreement with an unrelated party that does not provide for the shifting of risk to the unrelated party designed to provide only administrative services to liquidate those liabilities and manage risks. Such administrative costs are allowable costs that should be reported in **Step 8.f.**

There may be situations in which there is a fine line between self-insurance and purchased or commercial insurance. This is particularly true of "cost-plus" type arrangements. As long as there is at least some shifting of risk to the unrelated party, even if limited to situations such as provider bankruptcy or employee termination, the arrangement will not be considered self-insurance. Contributions to a special risk management fund or pool that is operated by a third party that assumes some of the risks and has an annual actuarial review are allowable costs and are not considered self-insurance. Examples of such special risk management funds and pools include the Texas Council Risk Management Fund and the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool.

- Allowable self-insurance costs for contracted providers include claims-paid (cash basis) costs, paid coinsurance provisions and deductibles, and compensation paid to employees injured on the job where the contracted provider has received certificates of authority to self-insure from the Texas Workers' Compensation Commission.
- Contributions to the insurance fund or reserve that do not represent payments based on current liabilities and security deposits related to the Texas Workers Compensation Commission Certificate of Authority to Self-Insure are not allowable self-insurance costs.
- Self-insurance costs in excess of costs for similar, comparable coverage by purchased and/or commercial insurance premiums are subject to a cost ceiling. Documentation substantiating the cost of comparable coverage by purchased and/or commercial insurance premiums must be obtained and maintained as specified in Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(ix) of this title.

Cost Ceilings

For employee-related self-insurance (health, dental, worker's comp, etc.), the ceilings are either:

- Cost that would have been incurred if purchased through a commercial policy; or
- Cost equal to 10% of the payroll of employees eligible for coverage.

For non-employee-related self-insurance (vehicle, building, etc.), the ceiling is the cost that would have been incurred if purchased through a commercial policy.

The amount above the ceiling may be calculated and carried over to future periods in the following manner.

For the initial reporting period:

- 1. Sum the allowable purchased insurance costs and the paid self-insurance claims for the cost-reporting period.
- 2. Calculate the self-insurance cost ceiling for the reporting period.
- 3. Compare items 1 and 2. If item 1 exceeds item 2, the costs in excess of the ceiling may be carried forward and expensed in future cost-reporting periods.

For subsequent reporting periods:

- 1. Sum the allowable purchased insurance costs and the paid self-insurance claims for the cost-reporting period.
- 2. Calculate the self-insurance cost ceiling for the reporting period.
- 3. Compare items 1 and 2.
 - a. If item 1 exceeds item 2, the costs in excess of the ceiling may be carried forward and expensed in future cost-reporting periods.
 - b. If item 1 is less than item 2, add excess carry-forward amounts from previous reporting periods until the calculated cost ceiling is met.

Documentation Requirements

Maintain documentation that supports the amount of claims paid each year and any allowable costs to be carried forward to future cost-reporting periods.

For employee-related self-insurance, obtain each fiscal year's documentation to establish what premium costs would have been, had commercial insurance for total coverage been purchased **OR** determine the ceiling based on 10% of the payroll for the employees eligible for receipt of the particular coverage/benefit.

For non-employee related self-insurance, document the cost that would have been incurred if item were fully insured. Documentation must include bids from two commercial carriers and documented bids must be obtained at least once every three years.

Appendix F. Importing Data Into STAIRS

For a smaller provider, the ability of STAIRS to maintain data from year to year will be a positive and time-saving process. It is also possible to import large quantities of asset data into STAIRS. To do so requires that the instructions to prepare a file for upload be followed exactly. If data to be imported is not correctly formatted, it will not import correctly and the system will be unable to utilize the data.

All instructions for importing depreciable assets are found in a Word document at the bottom right of every page in STAIRS. The document is titled "Asset Import Instructions".