



TEXAS Health and Human Services 2023 Cost Report and 2024 Accountability Report Instructions for CLASS Direct Service Agency & Case Management and Primary Home Care (CPC)

> Provider Finance Department, Long-Term Services and Supports

Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC)

Table of Contents

Contact Information for AssistanceError! Bookmark not define Report CompletionError! Bookmark not define Receipt of the ReportError! Bookmark not define Report Groups Assigned to the Provider's Entity Error! Bookmark not define Report Preparers or the List of Trained Preparers Error! Bookmark not define State of Texas Automated Information Reporting System (STAIRS)Err Bookmark not defined.	ed. ed. ed. ed.
Purpose Who Must Complete this Report? Excusals Cost Report Training	2 2
STAIRS	6
General Due Date and Submission Reporting Period Website Failure to File an Acceptable Cost Report Extensions Granted Only for Good Cause	13 13 13 13 14
Standards for an Acceptable Cost Report	16 17 17 17 18 21
Recordkeeping Recordkeeping for Owners and Related Parties Retention of Records Failure to Maintain Records Access to Records Field Audits and Desk Reviews of Cost Reports Notification of Exclusions and Adjustments Informal Review of Exclusions and Adjustments	24 25 25 25 26 27
Common Cost Reporting Errors	

STAIRS Instructions
General System Navigation
User Interface and Dashboard32
Step 1. Combined Entity Data 33
Step 2. General Information 35
Step 3. Contract Management 39
Step 4. General Information 42
Step 5. Units of Service and Revenue 48
Step 6. Wages and Compensation 56
Step 7. Payroll Taxes and Workers' Compensation
Step 8. Facility and Operations Costs 86
Step 9. Preparer Verification Summary124
Steps 10 and 11. Preparer Certification and Entity Contact Certification
Step 12. Provider Adjustment
Step 13. Agree/Disagree135
Step 14. HHSC Informal Review
List of Acronyms141
Appendix A. Uploading Documents into STAIRS A-1
Appendix B. Allocation MethodologiesB-1
Appendix C. Organizational Flowchart Example
Appendix D. List of Useful Lives for Depreciation
Appendix E. Self-InsuranceE-1
Cost Ceilings
Documentation Requirements E-3
Appendix F. Importing Data into STAIRSF-1
Appendix G. Trial Balance G-1
Appendix H. Definitions

Contact Information for Assistance

Center for Information and Training (CIT)

- Cost or Accountability Report Completion
- Report Edit
- Cost Report Training
- Instructions

Email: <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u> Phone: 737-867-7817

Cost Information

- STAIRS
- Receipt of Report
- Report Groups Assigned to Combined Entity
- Report Preparers

Email: <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u> Phone: 737-867-7812

State of Texas Automated Information Reporting System (STAIRS)

- Adding Contracts
- Issues with Report Login

Email: <u>info@fairbanksllc.com</u> Phone: 877-354-3831

Purpose

The purpose of a Medicaid Cost and Accountability Report (Report) is to gather financial and statistical information for HHSC Provider Finance Department (PFD) to use in developing reimbursement rates. Some cost reports are also used to determine accountability under the Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement program.

Who Must Complete this Report?

Providers are required to complete and submit a 2023 Report. The only exception to this requirement is if the provider did not provide any billable attendant services to HHSC recipients during the reporting period.

Providers with multiple contracts must file cost reports according to the assigned Cost Report Group.

A provider not enrolled in Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement during the reporting period for the cost report in question must complete and submit a 2023 Cost Report for each contract unless excused.

Excusals

Providers may receive an excusal from the requirement to submit a cost report based on meeting one or more of the following conditions:

- If the provider performed no billable services during the provider's costreporting period;
- If the cost-reporting period would be less than or equal to 30 calendar days or one entire calendar month;
- If circumstances beyond the provider's control, such as the loss of records due to natural disasters or removal of records from the provider's custody by a regulatory agency, make cost-report completion impossible;
- If all of the contracts that the provider is required to include in the cost report have been terminated before the cost report due date; or
- If the total number of days the provider performed service for HHSC recipients during the cost-reporting period is less than the total number of calendar days included in the cost-reporting period.

Contact HHSC PFD at <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u> to determine if you qualify for an excusal.

Cost Report Training

All HHSC PFD-sponsored cost report training will be offered via webinar. Each webinar will include:

• How to enter a report into STAIRS for the Cost Report Ttraining you are registed for.

Upon completion of the appropriate webinar, preparers will be given the appropriate credit to be qualified to submit a Report. Attendees of a Cost Report Training webinar will not receive a certificate; HHSC PFD will track training attendance internally. Additionally, there will be **no** Continuing Education Units (CEUs) or Continuing Professional Education (CPEs) credits for completing a cost report training webinar.

Cost Report trainings must be taken for every odd-numbered cost report year to receive credit for both that year and the following even-numbered cost report year. To submit a 2023 Cost Report, 2023 Accountability Report, and 2024 Accountability Report, a preparer must attend the 2023 Cost Report Training webinar. Preparers without the proper training credit will not be able to access the STAIRS data entry application.

What's New for the 2023 Cost Report

Step 6 - Wages & Compensation

- Step 6.a. General Information
 - Added a question regarding whether the provider is a large employer for the Affordable Care Act.
 - Is it now required to upload Timesheets or Time Studies.
- Step 6.c. Attendants
 - Providers have been reporting Regular, Overtime and Bonuses and Incentives, in one entry. The provider is now required to split these fields into Regular Hours, Overtime Hours, and Other Compensation.

Step 8 - Facility & Operations

- Step 8.a. General Information
 - Two new questions are asking if a building or central office is leased. If leased, Schedule D1 or D2 must be completed and uploaded, as well as the lease agreement.
- Step 8.b.- Related-Party Non-depreciable Equipment and Supplies
 - Upload supporting documentation for expenses. Supporting documentation must be in a spreadsheet format and preferably systemgenerated.
- Step 8.c. Related-Party Loans
 - Upload supporting documentation for expenses. Supporting documentation must be in a spreadsheet format and preferably systemgenerated.
- Step 8.d.- Related-Party Contracted Services
 - Upload supporting documentation for expenses. Supporting documentation must be in a spreadsheet format and preferably systemgenerated.

- Step 8.e. Depreciation Expense
 - Upload Schedule E form for Contract Management Information.
 - Upload Related-Party Lease Agreement.
 - Upload supporting documentation for expenses. Supporting documentation must be in a spreadsheet format and preferably systemgenerated.

STAIRS

STAIRS is the web-based system for long-term care Medicaid cost reporting in Texas. The system is used for all long-term services and supports programs that are required to submit cost reports: the 24-hour Residential Child Care (24RCC) program; the Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with an Intellectual Disability or Related Condition (ICF/IID) program; the Home and Community-based Services (HCS) and Texas Home Living (TxHmL) waiver programs; the Nursing Facilities (NF), Primary Home Care (PHC), and Community Living Assistance and Support Services (CLASS) programs (including both CLASS Case Management Agency [CLASS CMA] and CLASS Direct Service Agency [CLASS DSA] providers) via the CPC (CLASS/PHC) Cost Report; the Day Activity and Health Services (DAHS) program; and the Residential Care (RC) program.

It is *crucial* that the preparer read these instructions carefully.

Login IDs and passwords do not change from year to year. The provider's designated Primary Entity Contact can access STAIRS via the links in the email with their login ID and password. If the provider is new, the provider's Primary Entity Contact should receive an email with their login information. If the provider's Primary Entity Contact has not received an email with their login information, they must contact <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u>. Preparers can only access STAIRS if they have been designated as the Preparer by the Primary Entity Contact and have received an email notifying them of their login ID and password for STAIRS.

COVID Related Information

The Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) Provider Finance Department (PFD) has developed the below information to provide guidance and address questions pertaining to the Cost and Accountability Reports related to COVID-19. The following sections include guidance on COVID-19-related revenue providers may have received and instructs when to report or offset revenue against incurred expenses. Additionally, the Cost/Accountability Reports were updated to include questions designed to collect information on the initial impact of COVID-19 from providers. Those questions and instructions are below.

COVID-19 Funding Questions

CARES ACT

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act was passed by Congress and signed into law by President Trump on March 27th, 2020. The CARES Act provides that "...these funds may not be used to reimburse expenses or losses that have been reimbursed from other sources or that other sources are obligated to reimburse...."^a In this case, Medicaid is considered an "Other Source" that is obligated to reimburse the expense of providing Medicaid services.

Furthermore, Title 1 of the Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Section 355.103(b)(18)(B), provides, "Grants and contracts from federal, state or local government, such as transportation grants, United States Department of Agriculture grants, education grants, Housing and Urban Development grants, and Community Service Block Grants, should be offset, prior to reporting on the cost report, against the particular cost or group of costs for which the grant was intended...." For purposes of the Cost/Accountability reports, the CARES Act Provider Relief Funds, the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) and portions of the Economic Injury Disaster Loans are considered grants to the extent the funds are forgiven under the terms of the loan programs and/or the terms and conditions of the funds received.

CARES ACT - Provider Relief Funds

Qualified providers of health care, services, and support may receive Provider Relief Fund payments for healthcare-related expenses or lost revenue due to COVID-19. These distributions do not need to be repaid to the US government, assuming providers comply with the terms and conditions.

For the Cost/Accountability Reports, providers and cost report preparers should offset any PRF recognized as revenue by the provider based on increased costs due to COVID-19 not reimbursed by another source against any cost or group of costs incurred to prepare for, prevent, or respond to coronavirus otherwise recorded on the provider unadjusted trial balance prior to reporting on the actual cost report. Providers can reflect the detail of this offset in the trial balance or allocation summary uploaded as supporting documentation and report the final adjusted expenses on the cost or accountability report. An example may include, but are not limited to:

 A facility experiences an increase in expenses related to COVID-19 of \$100,000. Assuming the \$100,000 of additional COVID-19 related cost was paid for using PRF funds, the \$100,000 would be offset against any expense incurred to prepare for, prevent, or respond to coronavirus prior to reporting on the cost report and can be reflected in the provider's trial balance or allocation summary.

PRF revenue recognized as a result of lost revenue should not reduce any expenses included on the unadjusted trial balance prior to those expenses being reported on the cost report because these lost revenue dollars are not associated with any specific expense. For Nursing Facility cost reports, this PRF revenue recognized as a result of lost revenue should instead be reported as "Gifts, Grants, Donations, Endowments and Trusts" on step 5 of the cost or accountability report as applicable and will have no impact on allowable expenses reported. For Community Care cost reports, this PRF revenue recognized as a result of lost revenue should instead be reported as "Grants and Contracts from Federal, State and Local Government Sources" on step 5 of the cost or accountability report as applicable and will have no impact on allowable expenses report as applicable and will have no step 5 of the cost or accountability report as applicable and will have no impact on accountability report as applicable and will have no impact or accountability report as applicable and will have no step 5 of the cost or accountability report as applicable and will have no impact on allowable expenses report as applicable and will have no impact on allowable expenses report as applicable and will have no impact on allowable expenses report as applicable and will have

CARES ACT – Paycheck Protection Program

The Cares Act also established the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). PPP funds are forgivable per the terms and conditions of the program.

For the Cost/Accountability Reports, providers and cost report preparers should offset an amount equal to any staff wages reimbursed by PPP against any otherwise incurred salary, during the cost reporting period, prior to reporting. An offset should also be made to any other non-payroll related expense for the portion of the PPP loan utilized for those non payroll items. Providers can reflect the detail of this offset in the trial balance or allocation summary uploaded as supporting documentation and report the final adjusted expenses on the cost or accountability report. An example may include, but is not limited to:

 A facility received a PPP loan in the amount of \$10,000 and met the requirements for forgiveness prior to their fiscal year end. Assuming 60% of the loan amount was used for payroll related costs and 40% was used for non-payroll costs, an offset of \$6,000 would occur against any department(s) otherwise incurred payroll related expenses and \$4,000 would be offset against any non-payroll related expenses on the unadjusted trial balance prior to reporting the net wages on the cost or accountability report.

Rate Enhancement

Providers enrolled in the Attendant Compensation/Direct Care Compensation Rate Enhancement program receive additional funds to provide increased wages and benefits for attendants or direct care staff and must demonstrate compliance with enhanced staffing or spending requirements. Spending requirements related to rate enhancement are only applicable to paid units reported on the cost/accountability reports. TAC Section Section 355.308(j) and 355.112(s) outlines the determination of staffing requirements for rate enhancement participants. As it relates to staffing, which is based on direct care hours, the offset of PRF and PPP revenues described above should not impact the hours reported for any department on the cost or accountability report. While the offset of some of the PRF and PPP revenues could reduce certain salaries reported on the cost report the number of hours reported should agree to the actual hours related to the unadjusted salaries because even if the salary was paid for using PRF or PPP dollars the actual hours incurred did not change and should not be reduced on the cost or accountability report. In these instances, the provider may be required to provide an explanation and should reference the PRF or PPP offset.

Local Funds

Pursuant to TAC Section 355.103(b)(18)(B), "Grants and contracts from federal, state or local government, such as transportation grants, United States Department of Agriculture grants, education grants, Housing and Urban Development grants, and Community Service Block Grants, should be offset, prior to reporting on the cost report, against the particular cost or group of costs for which the grant was intended....". If you have any questions about the treatment of local funds for purposes of the cost report, please contact the LTSS Center for Information and Training at <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u>.

Supporting Documentation

As in prior years, providers may be required to submit support documentation (e.g., trial balances, allocation summary, etc.) to support the information reported in their Report.

To ensure reliable and accurate reporting, supporting documentation should preferably be system-generated and include the following information in a spreadsheet format:

- Provider Name
- Accounting Basis
- Report Date Range
- Detail Account Descriptions
- Vendor Names
- Amounts

Regardless of whether the supporting documentation is system-generated, it must always be in a spreadsheet format (i.e., Excel). **PDFs and images are not acceptable forms of documentation.**

When submitting payroll records, ensure both hours *and* wages (including taxes and benefits) are included.

Supporting documents for local or federal grants

HHSC acknowledges providers may be required to submit reports to local or federal jurisdictions based on funds received, upon request. Do not provide HHSC with a copy of these reports and/or any applicable support documentation for these reports unless specifically requested by HHSC.

General

The following rules and instructions govern this cost report:

- Cost Determination Process rules at Title 1 of the Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Sections 355.101-355.111;
- PHC program-specific rules at 1 TAC Section 355.5902;
- CLASS program-specific rules at 1 TAC Section 355.505;
- The Instructions for report completion located on the PFD website; and
- The 2023 general and program-specific Cost Report training materials located on the PFD website.

Federal tax laws, and Internal Revenue Service (IRS) regulations do not necessarily apply in the preparation of Texas Cost Reports. Except as otherwise specified in HHSC's Cost Determination Process Rules, cost reports must be prepared consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Where the Cost Determination Process Rules and/or program-specific rules conflict with IRS, GAAP, or other authorities, the Cost Determination Process Rules and program-specific rules take precedence. For more information, please reference 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(1).

To properly complete this cost report, the preparer must:

- Read and follow these instructions;
- Review the provider's most recently audited cost report and audit adjustment information;
 - The most recently received adjustments are likely those for the 2021 Cost Report (if adjustment information has not been received, email <u>PFD-</u> <u>LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u>).
 - Preparers must attend and receive credit for an HHSC PFD-sponsored Cost Report Training webinar. Preparers without the proper credit will not be able to access the STAIRS data entry application.
- Create a comprehensive reconciliation worksheet to serve as a crosswalk between the facility and contracted provider's accounting records and the cost report; and

• Create worksheets to explain adjustments to year-end balances due to the application of Medicaid cost reporting rules and instructions.

Due Date and Submission

The cost report is due to HHSC PFD by April 30, 2024.

All attachments and signed and notarized certification pages must be uploaded into STAIRS. Reports will not be considered "received" until the online report has been finalized and all required supporting documents are uploaded. See <u>Appendix A.</u> <u>Uploading Documents into STAIRS</u>. Documentation mailed rather than uploaded into the system will not be accepted. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(c).

Reporting Period

The reporting period is generally the period of the contracted provider's 2023 fiscal year during which its contract was in effect. The reporting period must not exceed 12 months. The beginning and ending dates are pre-populated. If a provider believes the pre-populated dates are incorrect, please email <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u> before continuing with cost report preparation. Refer to the Instructions, <u>Step 2</u>, for additional assistance.

Website

The <u>HHSC PFD website</u> contains program-specific cost report instructions, cost report training information and materials, and payment rates. Additional information and features are added periodically. We encourage you to visit our website at the following link: <u>https://pfd.hhs.texas.gov/long-term-services-supports</u>.

Failure to File an Acceptable Cost Report

Failure to file a cost report completed according to applicable instructions and rules by the cost report due date constitutes an administrative contract violation. In the case of an administrative contract violation, procedural guidelines and informal reconsideration and appeal processes are specified in 1 TAC Sections 355.111 and 355.105(b)(4)(C).

Extensions Granted Only for Good Cause

Extensions of cost report due dates are limited to those requested for good cause. Good cause refers to extreme circumstances beyond the contracted provider's control and for which adequate planning and organization would not have been of any assistance. HHSC PFD must receive requests for extensions before the cost report's due date. The provider (owner or authorized signor) must send the extension request to <u>CostInformation.PFD@hhs.texas.gov</u>. The extension request must clearly explain the necessity for the extension and specify the requested extension due date. Failure to file an acceptable cost report by the original cost report due date because of the denial of a due date extension request constitutes an administrative contract violation. In the case of an administrative contract violation, procedural guidelines and informal reconsideration and appeal processes are specified in 1 TAC Sections 355.111 and 355.105(c)(3).

Standards for an Acceptable Cost Report

Accurate Cost Reporting

1 TAC Section 355.102(c) states:

 Accurate cost reporting is the responsibility of the contracted provider. The contracted provider is responsible for including in the cost report all costs incurred, based on an accrual method of accounting, which are reasonable and necessary...in an effort to collect reliable, accurate, and verifiable financial and statistical data, HHSC is responsible for providing cost report training, general and/or specific cost report instructions, and technical assistance to providers.

To be acceptable, a cost report must:

- Be completed following the Cost Determination Process Rules, program-specific rules, cost report instructions, and policy clarifications;
- Be completed for the correct cost-reporting period;

Please Note: The cost-reporting period has been prepopulated. See <u>Step 4</u>. If a provider believes the dates are incorrect, contact HHSC PFD at <u>costinformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u> for assistance.

- Be completed using an accrual method of accounting (except for governmental entities operating on a cash or modified accrual basis);
- Be submitted online as a 2024 Cost Report for the correct program through STAIRS;
- Include any necessary supporting documentation, as required, uploaded into STAIRS;
- Include signed, notarized, original certification pages (Cost Report Certification and Methodology Certification) scanned and uploaded into STAIRS;
- There is another option to submit the certification pages with a Digital Signature. Instructions can be found at <u>https://pfd.hhs.texas.gov/provider-finance-department-digital-signature-policy;</u>

- Calculate all allocation percentages to at least two decimal places (i.e., 25.75%);
- If allocated costs are reported, include acceptable allocation summaries and upload them into STAIRS.
- Have uploaded in STAIRS a detailed asset listing/depreciation schedule if the summary method of reporting was used in **Step 8.e.**
- Have uploaded in STAIRS a work paper supporting related party building rent/lease if the summary method of reporting was used in **Step 8.e.**

Note: All uploaded documentation must be in spreadsheet format and preferably system-generated.

Return of Unacceptable Cost Reports

Failure to complete accountability reports according to instructions and rules constitutes an administrative contract violation. In the case of an administrative contract violation, 1 TAC Section 355.111 specifies procedural guidelines and informal reconsideration and appeal processes. Accountability reports not completed according to applicable rules and instructions will be returned for correction and resubmission. The return of the accountability report will consist of un-certifying the file originally submitted via STAIRS, which will reopen the accountability report to allow additional work and resubmission by the contracted provider. HHSC will send notification of the return via email and certified mail. HHSC grants the provider a compliance period of no more than 15 calendar days to correct the contract violation. Failure to resubmit an **acceptable** corrected accountability report and new certification pages by the due date indicated in the return notification will result in the recommendation of a vendor hold. See 1 TAC Section 355.106(a)-(b)

Amended Cost Reports

An interested party legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider may initiate an amendment no later than 60 days after the original due date. Provider-initiated amendment requests can be sent to <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u>. A request received that is not signed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, or received after the 60th day, will not be accepted. Failure to submit the requested amendment to the cost report by the due date is considered a failure to complete a cost report. See 1 TAC Section 355.105(d)(1)(A) for more information.

Accounting Methods

All revenues, expenses, and statistical information submitted on cost reports must be based on an accrual method of accounting except where otherwise specified in the Cost Determination Process rules or program-specific reimbursement methodology rules. Governmental entities may report on a cash basis or modified accrual basis. Costs must have been accrued during the cost reporting period and paid within 180 days of the end of the cost reporting period to be allowable on the cost report unless the provider is unbankruptcy protection and has received a written waiver of the 180-day rule from HHSC PFD. See 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(1) for more information.

Cost Report Certification

Contracted providers must certify the accuracy of the cost report submitted to HHSC PFD. Contracted providers may be liable for civil and criminal penalties if the cost report is not completed according to HHSC PFD requirements or if the information is misrepresented and falsified. Before signing the certification pages, carefully read the certification statements to ensure that the signers have complied with the cost-reporting requirements. The Methodology Certification page advises preparers that they may lose the authority to prepare future cost reports if they are not prepared according to all applicable rules, instructions, and training materials.

There is another option to submit the certification pages with a Digital Signature. Instructions can be found at <u>https://pfd.hhs.texas.gov/provider-finance-</u> <u>department-digital-signature-policy</u>. For more information, See Steps 10 and 11. Preparer Certification and Entity Contact Certification. The information will be in the section, "Digital Signature."

Reporting Data and Statistics

Statistical data such as "Hours" must be reported to two decimal places. Please note that the two decimal places are **not** the same as the minutes but are stated as the percent of an hour. For example, when reporting the hours for registered nurses (RN), 150 hours and 30 minutes would be reported as 150.50 hours; 150 hours and 20 minutes would be reported as 150.33 hours.

Direct Costing

Direct costing must be used whenever reasonably possible. Direct costing means that costs incurred for the benefit of, or directly attributable to, a specific business component must be charged directly to that business component.

Certain costs are required to be direct-costed, including:

- Medical, health, and dental insurance premiums;
- Life insurance premiums;
- Other employee benefits (such as employer-paid disability premiums, employerpaid retirement/pension plan contributions, employer-paid deferred compensation contributions, employer-paid child daycare, and accrued leave);
- Attendant care staff salaries and wages and attendant contract labor compensation (see <u>Appendix H. Definitions, Attendant Care for Community</u>, for detailed instructions on reporting attendant care staff time, salaries, and wages); and
- Direct care staff (e.g., RNs, licensed vocational nurses [LVNs], medication aides, and certified nurse aides) salaries and contract labor compensation for NFs only (see <u>Appendix H. Definitions, Direct Care for Nursing Facilities</u>, for detailed instructions on reporting direct care staff time, salaries, and wages).

For all attendant care, NFs, and direct care costs, the provider must have documentation that demonstrates the reported costs directly benefited only the program and contracts for which the cost report is being completed. Daily timesheets documenting time are required for all attendant salaries directly charged to the cost report. If the employee works for the provider in only one program and one position type, the daily timesheet must document the start time, end time, and total time worked. If the attendant works in different programs or more than one position type (such as habilitation attendant and file clerk), there must be daily timesheets to document the actual time spent working for each provider, program, or position type so that costs associated with that employee can be properly direct costed to the appropriate cost area.

Allowable and Unallowable Costs

In accordance with 1 TAC Section 355.102(a), "Allowable and unallowable costs, both direct and indirect, are defined to identify expenses that are reasonable and

necessary to provide contracted client care and are consistent with federal and state laws and regulations." Providers must only report allowable costs on the cost report. Unallowable costs should be excluded from the cost report.

In accordance with 1 TAC Section 355.102(f)(1), Reasonable refers to the amount expended. The test of reasonableness includes the expectation that the provider seeks to minimize costs and that the amount expended does not exceed what a prudent and cost-conscious buyer pays for a given item or service. In determining the reasonableness of a given cost, the following are considered:

- The restraints or requirements imposed by arm's-length bargaining, i.e., transactions with nonowners or other unrelated parties, federal and state laws and regulations, and contract terms and specifications; and
- The action that a prudent person would take in similar circumstances, considering his responsibilities to the public, the government, his employees, clients, shareholders, and members, and the fulfillment of the purpose for which the business was organized.

Beyond the cost's reasonability, an allowable cost must also be necessary. In accordance with 1 TAC 355.102(f)(2),"Necessary" refers to the relationship of the cost, direct or indirect, incurred by a provider to the provision of contracted client care. Necessary costs are direct and indirect costs that are appropriate in developing and maintaining the required standard of operation for providing client care in accordance with the contract and state and federal regulations. In addition, to qualify as a necessary expense, a direct or indirect cost must meet all of the following requirements:

- The expenditure was not for personal or other activities not directly or indirectly related to the provision of contracted services;
- The cost does not appear as a specific unallowable cost in §355.103 of this title;
- If a direct cost, it bears a significant relationship to contracted client care. To qualify as significant, the elimination of the expenditure would have an adverse impact on client health, safety, or general wellbeing;
- The direct or indirect expense was incurred in the purchase of materials, supplies, or services provided to clients or staff in the normal conduct of operations to provide contracted client care;
- The direct or indirect costs are not allocable to or included as a cost of any other program in either the current, a prior, or a future cost-reporting period;

- The costs are net of all applicable credits;
- Allocated costs of each program are adequately substantiated; and
- The costs are not prohibited under other pertinent federal, state, or local laws or regulations."

Unallowable costs are costs that are neither reasonable or necessary and should not be reported on the cost report (1 TAC 355.102[g]). Providers may incur these costs, but these costs cannot be considered as part of HHSC's rate determination processes.

Billable and Non-Billable Costs

Billable costs are costs incurred to provide contracted client services for which a unit of service can be directly billed. These are costs often incurred through direct interaction with the individual receiving services. HHSC generally defines these billable costs as direct costs. In accordance with 1 TAC Section 355.102(f)(3),

Direct costs are those costs incurred by a provider that are definitely attributable to the operation of providing contracted client services. Direct costs include, but are not limited to, salaries and nonlabor costs necessary for the provision of contracted client care. Whether or not a cost is considered a direct cost depends upon the specific contracted client services covered by the program. In programs in which client meals are covered program services, the salaries of cooks and other food service personnel are direct costs, as are food, nonfood supplies, and other such dietary costs. In programs in which client transportation is a covered program service, the salaries of drivers are direct costs, as are vehicle repairs and maintenance, vehicle insurance and depreciation, and other such client transportation costs.

Assuming the billable costs meet the test of reasonableness, direct costs are necessary for the provision of client care and are, by definition, allowable costs and should be reported on the cost report.

HHSC generally defines non-billable costs as indirect costs. In accordance with 1 TAC Section 355.102(f)(4),

Indirect costs are those costs that benefit, or contribute to, the operation of providing contracted services, other business components, or the overall contracted entity. These costs could include, but are not limited to, administration salaries and

nonlabor costs, building costs, insurance expense, and interest expense. Central office or home office administrative expenses are considered indirect costs.

Indirect costs must be both reasonable and necessary in that they support the provision of client care and ensure the health, safety and wellbeing of individuals receiving services. However, they are not directly tied to a delivered service unit. Activities that are not directly client-facing, but are essential to deliver required services or ensure health and safety, are indirect and often non-billable costs. Nevertheless, these types of costs are allowable and should be reported on the cost report.

Some examples of non-billable but allowable costs include staff training activities necessary for service delivery or ensuring an individual's health and safety. These may occur when the individual receiving services is absent. A case managers activities related to charting or other duties required to maintain his or her license and supporting contracted services are another example. These activities can be considered indirect and non-billable but are still allowable costs and should be reported on the cost report. Other examples of indirect, non-billable costs include, but are not limited to costs such as telecommunications, rent/lease, mortgage, property taxes, office supplies, administration staff wages and benefits, and insurance costs.

Split Payroll Periods

If a payroll period is split and part of the payroll period falls within the cost reporting period and part falls outside the cost reporting period, the provider has the option of direct costing or allocating the hours and salaries associated with the split payroll period. The method chosen must be consistently applied to each cost-reporting period. Any change in the method of allocation used from one reporting period to the next must be fully disclosed as per 1 TAC Section 355.102(j)(1)(D).

Cost Allocation Methods

Whenever direct costing of shared costs is not reasonable, it is necessary to allocate these costs either individually or as a pool of costs across those business components sharing in the benefits of the shared costs. The allocation method must be a reasonable reflection of the actual business operations of the provider. Contracted providers must use reasonable and acceptable allocation methods and consistently use their allocation methods for cost-reporting purposes across all program areas and business components. Allocated costs are adjusted during the audit verification process if the allocation method is unreasonable, is not one of the acceptable methods enumerated in the Cost Determination Process rules, or has not been approved in writing by HHSC PFD. An indirect allocation method approved by another department, program, or governmental entity (including Medicare, another federal funding source, or a state agency) is not automatically approved by HHSC for cost-reporting purposes. See <u>Appendix B</u> for details on the types of approved allocation methodologies, when each can be used, and how to contact HHSC for approval to use an alternate allocation method other than those approved.

If there is more than one business component, service delivery program, or Medicaid program within the entire related organization, the provider is considered to have central office functions. Central office functions means that administration functions are more than likely shared across various business components, service delivery programs, or Medicaid contracts. Shared administration costs require allocation before being reported as central office costs on the cost report. The allocation method(s) used must be disclosed as the allocated costs are entered into STAIRS, and an allocation summary must be prepared and uploaded to support each allocation calculation.

An adequate allocation summary must include the following for each allocation calculation:

- A description of the numerator and denominator that is clear and understandable in words and numbers,
- The resulting percentage to at least two decimal places,
- A listing of the various cost categories to be allocated,
- 100 percent of the provider's expenses by cost category,
- The application of the allocation percentage to each shared cost,
- The resulting allocated amount, and
- The cost report item for which each allocated amount is reported.

The numerator and denominator's description should document the various cost components of each.

For example, the "salaries" allocation method includes salaries/wages and contracted labor (excluding consultants). Therefore, the description of the numerator and the denominator needs to document that both salaries/wages and contracted labor costs were included in the allocation calculations. For the "labor cost" allocation method, the preparer must provide documentation that salaries/wages, payroll taxes, employee benefits, workers' compensation costs, and contracted labor (excluding consultants) were included in the allocation calculations. For the "cost-to-cost" allocation method, the preparer must provide documentation that all allowable facility and operating costs were included in the allocation calculations. For the "total-cost-less-facility-cost" allocation method, the preparer must provide documentation that all facility costs were excluded.

Any allocation method used for cost-reporting purposes must be consistently applied across all contracted programs and business entities in which the contracted provider has an interest (i.e., the entire related organization). If the provider used different allocation methods for reporting to other funding agencies ((e.g., United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Medicare, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)), the preparer must provide reconciliation worksheets to HHSC upon request. These reconciliation worksheets must show the following:

- 1. That costs have not been charged to more than one funding source;
- 2. How specific cost categories have been reported differently to each funding source and the reason(s) for such reporting differences; and
- 3. That the total amount of costs (allowable and unallowable) used for reporting is the same for each report.

Any change in allocation methods from what was used in the previous year must be disclosed on the cost report and accompanied by a written explanation of the reasons for the change. Allocation methods based on revenue or revenue streams are not acceptable.

A provider may have many costs shared between business components. For example, a PHC provider that also provides Medicare Home Health, Medicaid Home Health, private pay services, and operates a durable medical equipment company might have shared attendant staff, nursing staff, clerical staff, administration costs, and other shared costs. Guidelines for allocating various expenses will be provided in each step of the Specific Instructions as appropriate. Refer to 1 TAC Sections 355.102(j) and 355.105(b)(2)(B)(v) for more information.

Recordkeeping

Providers must maintain records that are accurate and sufficiently detailed to support the legal, financial, and statistical information contained in the cost report. These records must demonstrate the necessity, reasonableness, and relationship of the costs to the provision of resident care or the relationship of the central office to the individual provider. These records include but are not limited to, accounting ledgers, journals, invoices, purchase orders, vouchers, canceled checks, timecards, payrolls, mileage and flight logs, loan documents, insurance policies, asset records, inventory records, facility leases, organization charts, time studies, functional job descriptions, work papers used in the preparation of the cost report, trial balances, cost allocation spreadsheets, and meeting minutes of the board of directors.

Adequate documentation for seminars and conferences includes a program brochure describing the seminar or a conference program describing the workshop attended. The documentation must provide a description clearly demonstrating that the seminar or workshop provided training on contracted-care-related services or quality assurance. Refer to 1 TAC Sections 355.105(b)(2)(A) and 355.105(b)(2)(B) for more information.

Recordkeeping for Owners and Related Parties

Regarding compensation for owners and related parties, providers must maintain the following documentation, at a minimum, for each owner or related-party:

- A detailed written description of actual duties, functions, and responsibilities;
- Documentation substantiating that the services performed are not duplicative of services performed by other employees;
- Timesheets or other documentation verifying the hours and days worked;

NOTE: This verification does not mean the number of hours but the actual hours of the day.

 The amount of total compensation paid for these duties, with a breakdown of regular salary, overtime, bonuses, benefits, and other payments;

- Documentation of regular, periodic payments and accruals of the compensation;
- Documentation that the compensation was subject to payroll or self-employment tax; and
- A detailed allocation worksheet indicating how the total compensation was allocated across business components receiving the benefit of these duties.

For more information, refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(xi).

Retention of Records

Each provider must maintain records according to the requirements in 40 TAC Section 49.307 (relating to how long contractors must keep contract-related records). The rule states that records must be kept for at least seven years after all issues that arise from any litigation, claim, negotiation, audit, open records request, administrative review, or other action involving the records are resolved.

If a contractor is terminating business operations, the contractor must ensure that:

- Records are stored and accessible, and
- Someone is responsible for adequately maintaining the records.

For more information, refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(A)(ii).

Failure to Maintain Records

Failure to maintain all work papers and other records that support the information submitted on the cost report relating to all revenue, expense, allocations, and statistical information constitutes an administrative contract violation. Procedural guidelines and informal reconsideration and appeal processes are specified in 1 TAC Section 355.111 (relating to Administrative Contract Violations). Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(A)(iv) for more information.

Access to Records

Each provider or its designated agent(s) must allow access to all records necessary to verify information submitted on the cost report. This requirement includes records of related-party transactions and other business activities in which the contracted provider is engaged. Failure to allow access to all records necessary to verify information submitted to HHSC PFD on cost reports constitutes an administrative contract violation. See 1 TAC Section 355.106(f) for more information.

Field Audits and Desk Reviews of Cost Reports

Each Medicaid cost report is subject to either a field audit or a desk review by HHSC PFD Cost Report Review Unit (CRRU) staff. The primary objective of audits and desk reviews is to verify that each provider's cost report:

- Displays financial and other statistical information in the format required by HHSC PFD;
- Reports expenses conforming to HHSC PFD's lists of allowable and unallowable costs;
- Follows generally accepted accounting principles, except as specified in HHSC's lists of allowable and unallowable costs and other pertinent rules or as otherwise permitted in the case of governmental entities operating on a cash or modified accrual basis; and
- Is completed according to each program's cost report instructions and rules.

Field audits are conducted consistent with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS) promulgated by the U.S. Government Accountability Office. During a field audit or a desk review, the provider must furnish any reasonable documentation requested by HHSC PFD within 10 working days of the request or a later date as specified by HHSC PFD. If the provider does not present the requested material within the specified time, the audit or desk review is closed, and HHSC automatically disallows the costs in question, as per 1 TAC Sections 355.105(b)(2)(B)(xviii), 355.105(f), and 355.106.

For desk reviews and field audits where the relevant records are located outside Texas, the provider's financial records must be made available to HHSC PFD within 15 working days of field audit or desk review notification. Whenever possible, the provider's records should be made available in Texas. When records are unavailable in Texas, the provider must pay the actual cost for HHSC PFD staff to travel to and review the records located out of state. HHSC PFD must be reimbursed for these costs within 60 days of the request for payment according to 1 TAC Section 355.105(f).

Notification of Exclusions and Adjustments

HHSC PFD notifies the provider by email of any exclusions and adjustments to items on the cost report. See **Steps** <u>12</u> and <u>13</u>. CRRU furnishes providers with written reports of the results of field audits or desk reviews. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.107 for more information.

Informal Review of Exclusions and Adjustments

A provider who disagrees with HHSC PFD's adjustments has the right to request an informal review. Requests for informal reviews must be:

- Received by HHSC PFD within 30 days of the date on the written notification of adjustments;
- Signed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the interested party; and
- Include a concise statement of the specific actions or determinations the provider disputes, the provider's recommended resolution, and any supporting documentation the provider deems relevant to the dispute.

Failure to meet these requirements may result in a denial of the request for informal review. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.110(c) for more information.

Common Cost Reporting Errors

The following is a list of some common errors found on cost reports. These errors, and others, can be avoided by carefully following the cost report instructions and rules concerning allowable and unallowable expenses.

- 1. Cost reports are submitted on a cash basis rather than on an accrual basis of accounting for providers who are not governmental entities.
- Costs that should be reported separately are combined. For example, the costs incurred for building, vehicle, and general liability insurance are incorrectly all reported in the same item.
- 3. Incorrect related-party staff/contractor information is listed, and an organization chart that identifies each owner-employee, related-party employee, or related-party contractor, along with each business entity/component, is not included. Reference <u>Appendix C</u> for more information.
- 4. Costs are misclassified. For example, the lease expense for a photocopier is incorrectly included in the **Step 8.f.** Operations Supplies line instead of being correctly reported in the Rent/Lease Departmental Equipment/Other line.
- 5. Hours and expenses are reported in the incorrect staff-type line items.
- 6. Costs for land are incorrectly included in building historical costs for depreciation purposes.
- Administrative costs shared by several contracts or business components are reported as Program Administration and Operations Expenses rather than Central Office Expenses.
- 8. A detailed asset listing/depreciation schedule was not uploaded, and the summary method of reporting was used in **Step 8.e**.
- 9. Ten percent salvage value for a building was not removed in calculating depreciation costs; a summary method of reporting was used in **Step 8.e**.
- 10.Vehicle depreciable value was not limited to luxury vehicles.
- 11.Contract labor costs were not included when calculating allocation percentages using the salaries and labor methods.

Common Errors Regarding Unallowable Costs

- 1. Expenses are incorrectly reported for activities that are not related to contracted services.
- Personal expenses are incorrectly reported for items such as personal lunches, personal use of a company vehicle or cellular phone, and personal travel expenses not related to employee business travel.
- 3. Salaries or expenses are incorrectly reported for relatives or owners who do not work for or perform services for the contract.
- 4. Unallowable promotional advertising is incorrectly included in reported advertising costs as an allowable cost.
- Unallowable dues or membership fees to organizations whose primary emphasis is unrelated to contracted services (e.g., the Chamber of Commerce, Lions Club, or Veterans of Foreign War [VFW] organizations) are reported as allowable costs.
- 6. Unallowable penalties or fines (such as non-sufficient funds [NSF] fees or late payment penalties) are incorrectly reported (with allowable expenses).
- 7. Bad debts are incorrectly expensed as "Other" costs.
- Payroll taxes are reported incorrectly (e.g., incorrectly reporting the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA)/Medicare taxes at greater than 7.65 percent of the total reported salaries [excluding central office salaries]).
- Capital expenditures, such as roofs, air-conditioning systems, vehicles, sidewalks, and parking lot paving, are erroneously expensed (rather than properly depreciated).
- 10.Related-party transactions, such as the lease of a building or vehicles, are not disclosed.
- 11.Allocated costs are misstated because the allocation method used was inappropriate (e.g., based on revenue) or based on unreasonable criteria (e.g., administration salary allocations based on square footage).
- 12.Depreciation costs are overstated because the land cost was incorrectly included with the historical cost of the building.
- 13.The building depreciation expense is overstated because the 10 percent salvage value was not removed.

14.The transportation equipment depreciation expense is overstated because the depreciable value of a luxury vehicle was not limited.

STAIRS Instructions

General System Navigation

Add Record: Used to add lines to the current category. It may be used to add an initial entry to the category or to add allocation detail to an initial entry. If more lines are needed than initially appear, enter the information for the initially appearing lines, save, and click "Add Record" again for more lines.

Edit Record: Click the button beside the record to be edited before clicking this box. This box will allow the user to change data previously added to this record.

Delete Record: Click the button beside the record to be deleted before clicking this box. This box will delete the selected record.

Save: Used to save the current data. This button will save the information in the current location and allow additional add, edit or delete actions.

Save and Return: This saves the current data and returns the user to the prior webpage.

Cancel: This cancels all unsaved information on the current webpage and returns the user to the prior webpage.

Stop Signs: A stop sign appears when an action needs to be taken by the preparer before being able to save information on the current webpage, that an edit must be responded to before the report can be finalized, or a required piece of information is needed on the current webpage.

Data Entry Fields: The cost report contains costs for multiple programs, and not all services are available in each of the programs included in the report; therefore, certain data entry fields in <u>Steps 5</u> and <u>6</u> will not apply to all programs. When a service or step applies only to certain programs and the Report does not include a contract for that program, that data entry field or step will be disabled. Please see the Instructions for <u>Steps 5</u> and <u>6</u> for additional information.

User Interface and Dashboard

Entity List				
Dashboard Cost Reporting		Manage		
John Smith	Important Information	Reference Materials		
Edit My Info	01/15/2014 For 2012 and prior Texas Cost Report users, please click here			
Director 123 Main St. Austin, TX Phone: 123456789 Your Roles 100001001 - CPC	Important Upcoming Dates Upcoming Training Dates Register for Cost Report Training (excluding MEI) Register for MEI Cost Report Training			
100001002 - CPC General Reference Material	Program Specific Reference Material			
Helpful Information for Contacts and Preparers How to Import Depreciable Assets Instructions STAIRS - Managing Contacts - Procedures Uploading File Instructions 2015 STAIRS General Announcement	Program Specific Reference Materials			

The Dashboard (above) is the initial webpage a STAIRS user will see upon logging into the system. From there, the user can see and edit personal contact information, including their email, address, and telephone and fax numbers. Important messages, listings of important dates, and upcoming training opportunities are included on the Dashboard page. Training registration can be accessed from this page.

By clicking "Manage" in the top right corner, the user can (depending on his or her permissions) add a contact, attach a person to a role, or assign a preparer. This screen is also where contact information is updated. It is imperative to maintain current contact information to receive necessary automated messages and deadlines regarding reports and contracts.

The "STAIRS - Managing Contacts Procedures" document gives detailed instructions for managing contacts, including understanding roles and what can be done within the system by persons assigned to the various roles. This document is in the Reference Materials section at the bottom of all STAIRS pages.

The Upload Center is also located under "Manage."

Once the user is in the system, they can click on "Cost Reporting" on the top bar. If the user has access permission for only a single cost report group (e.g., Cost Report Group 001 for two PHC contracts), there will be only one option to click on the initial Cost Reporting page. If the user has access permission for more than one cost report group (e.g., Cost Report Group 002 for one CLASS CMA contract and two CLASS DSA contracts, and Component Code 8zz for HCS/TxHmL), the user will need to choose the component code and report in which the user wishes to work.

Step 1. Combined Entity Data

Purpose

This section aims to gather contact information so that HHSC PFD can contact the provider, preparer, etc., during the cost report review. Verifying that all contact information is correct is essential to ensure the provider receives all review correspondence. Step 1 fields will either be auto-populated for subsequent reports (from the entity's prior cost or accountability report) or blank (if this report is the first for an entity).

How Does HHSC PFD Use the Information?

HHSC PFD uses this information to obtain documentation to address issues found in the cost report review. We regularly contact preparers and providers.

Please ensure your email address is correct in the "Edit My Info" link found on the Dashboard when first logging into STAIRS to receive notices for:

- Report deadlines;
- Notices of reports not received by the deadline, including vendor hold warnings and notices; and
- Notices of adjustments made to your report since certification and recoupments.

The preparer and certifier must review, update, enter, and verify the current information for the applicable contacts, as defined below, to ensure timely notifications.

Combined Entity Identification

1. Combined Entity Identification	
Combined Entity Identification Phone: Fac: Steep Address: Maining Address: Maining Address: Maining Address: Maining Address:	Entity Contact Identification Nume: Joo Tate: Entity Entity Entity Prone: Faa: Mailing Address: W Est information
Financial Contact Name: Job Tine: Entity Name: Entity Name: Enail: Phome: Fait: Mailing Address:	Report Preparer Identification Name: Job Title: Entitly Name: Entail: Phome: Fac: Mailing Address:
Location of Accounting Records that Support this Report Primary Physical Address:	-

The information is view-only and can only be updated by HHSC Provider Finance Department. Providers and Preparers are required to review the information for accuracy before proceeding. If the information is inaccurate, contact HHSC PFD at CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov to request change.

The provider may update the combined entity's telephone, email, and address information in this section. If this entity is a single provider with no combined entities, this information will be the same for the contracted provider.

Entity Contact Identification

The provider may update the contact person's information in this section. The contact person must be an employee of the controlling entity, parent company, sole member, governmental body, or related-party management company (i.e., the entire related organization) who is designated on the Entity Contact Certification. The contact person must be able to answer questions about the contents of the provider's cost report.

Financial Contact Identification

A primary contact may designate a Financial Contact. This person can review the cost or accountability report but may not make entries into the system. The Financial Contact must be an employee of the controlling entity, parent company, sole member, governmental body, or related-party management company. An external contracted preparer may not be listed as a provider's Financial Contact.

Report Preparer Identification

According to 1 TAC Section 355.102(d), each provider must ensure that each preparer who signs the Cost Report Methodology Certification completes the required HHSC-sponsored cost report training. The STAIRS cost reporting application will identify whether the person designated as a preparer has completed the required training. Only a preparer who has received credit for the cost report training (detailed in the next paragraph) from HHSC can complete a cost report in STAIRS. A list of preparers who have completed the training may be accessed through the STAIRS Dashboard.

Preparers must complete cost report training for every program for which a cost report is submitted. Training is required every other year for the preparer to be qualified to complete both the odd-year cost report and the following even-year cost report.

Cost and accountability report preparers may be provider employees or persons contracted by the provider for cost and accountability report preparation. Outside preparers may not be listed as either Entity or Financial Contacts. **NO EXCEPTIONS** from the cost report training requirements will be granted.

Location of Accounting Records that Support this Report

Enter the address where the provider's accounting records and supporting documentation used to prepare the cost report are maintained. This address should be where a field audit of these records can be conducted. These records do not refer solely to the work papers used by the provider's Certified Public Accountant (CPA) or other outside preparer. All working papers used in the preparation of the cost report must be maintained according to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(i). See also the <u>Recordkeeping</u> section of the General Instructions.

Step 2. General Information

Purpose

The purpose of this step is to:

• Provide general information, including the combined entity's reporting period; and

• Determine if the combined entity wants to aggregate reporting expenses used to determine compliance in the Rate Enhancement program.

How does HHSC PFD Use this Information?

If the provider chooses to aggregate their contracts by the program participating in the Rate Enhancement program, HHSC PFD will use combined expenses to determine compliance with spending requirements.

Aggregating Reports' Expenses

Aggregating reports' expenses is combining expenses from multiple reports of the same program to determine the combined entity's compliance with the Rate Enhancement program.

How Do You Know If You Should Aggregate?

You must have two or more reports in the same cost-reporting entity;

- You must have two or more contracts in the same program;
- All contracts within the same entity and program are participants in Rate Enhancement; and
- You are not terminating your contract. Contracts that are terminating are not eligible for aggregation

How to Complete Step 2

2. Concret Information							
2. General Information							
Combined Entity Report Period Beginning (mm/dd/yyyy) *	01/01/2018						
Combined Entity Report Period Ending (mm/dd/yyyy) *	23/2218						
When reporting Facility and Operations expenses would you like to report depreciable ass	ets on step 8e at the summary level? NOTE: By sele	cting Yes any previous year depreciable asset data will be deleted upon submission of the cost report. *	🔵 Yes 💿 No				
Do you request to aggregate by program those contracts held by this Combined Entity which participated in the Rate Enhancement for the purpose of determining compliance with spending requirements? Indicate below by applicable program. <u>If you only have one contract in a carticular program or are only submitting one cost report for a grogram</u> eaked. This Tor agorganeters?							
CLASS DSA *		Yes					
DAHS							
DBMD							
HCS/TxHmL							
ICF/IID							
NF							
PHC *		Yes					
RC							
Save Save and Return Cancel							

Combined Entity Report Period Beginning and Ending Dates

These dates represent the beginning and ending dates for the combined entity's reporting period. If this entity is a single provider with no combined entities, the information for the contracted provider will be used as that of the combined entity. For a combined entity that submitted a cost report in a prior year, these dates will be based on the dates from the prior cost report. For a combined entity reporting for the first time this year, the dates are based on the contract beginning date and the assumption that the provider is on a calendar fiscal year, so it has an ending date of December 31 of the cost report year. If these dates are incorrect, contact HHSC PFD at CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov for assistance. Failure to ensure the reporting period is correctly identified will result in the cost report being returned and all work previously done on the report being deleted from the system.

This reporting period should include the earliest date the combined entity had a contract with HHSC during the entity's fiscal year and run through the earlier of the end of the combined entity's fiscal year or the last date on which the combined entity held a contract with HHSC. This date span must match HHSC's records regarding the combined entity's current contract(s) effective dates. If there is a discrepancy, the cost report will be rejected as unacceptable and returned for proper completion.

To change the provider's fiscal year for cost-reporting purposes, the provider must email HHSC PFD at costinformationpfd@hhs.texas.gov. The notification must come from the owner or authorized signatory and should include the name of each affected contracted provider, all 3-digit Cost Report Group Codes, and all 9-digit contract numbers. The notification should also include documentation from IRS approving the change. The provider must state the effective date of the change and the previous corporate fiscal year. HHSC PFD will explain to the provider how to handle each month for cost-reporting purposes since no cost report can cover more than 12 months.

When Reporting Facility and Operations Expenses, Would You Like to Report Depreciable Assets on Step 8.e. at the Summary Level?

Regarding the reporting of depreciable assets, providers have the option of:

- Entering the data for each capital asset in **Step 8.e.** and allowing the system to determine the amount of straight-line depreciation applicable to the cost report; or
- Reporting the depreciation expense per category at the summary level in **Step 8.e.**

Note: If a provider chooses to data enter each of their capital assets in Step 8.e. of their cost report, the depreciable asset information will automatically populate from year to year after the initial entry. If a provider later chooses to enter depreciation at the summary level on subsequent cost reports, any previously entered depreciable asset data will be deleted upon submission of their cost report.

Do You Request to Aggregate by Program Those Contracts Held by this Combined Entity that Participate in the Rate Enhancement Program for the Purpose of Determining Compliance with Spending Requirements?

If an entity operates multiple contracts participating in the Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement program, the entity may choose to have this group of contracts by program reviewed in the aggregate to determine compliance with spending requirements. If you have only one contract in a particular program or are only submitting one cost report for a program, select "No."

Step 3. Contract Management

Purpose

This step aims to collect information about the combined entity's business components.

- **Step 3.a.** details the combined entity's Medicaid fee-for-service contracts or STAR+PLUS contracts.
- **Step 3.b.** details the combined entity's other contracts with the state of Texas, excluding contracts in Step 3.a.
- **Step 3.c.** details all other business components or contracts not listed in Steps 3.a. or 3.b.

How Does HHSC PFD Use this Information?

HHSC PFD uses the information in **Step 3** during the cost or accountability report examination process. Financial examiners will ensure that only your expenses associated with the component under the appropriate Medicaid contract are reported on your cost or accountability report.

How to Complete Step 3

Step 3.a. Verify Contracts for Requested Reports

LEVE	Entire Report	Period?		Cost Report Group Code	Contracting Entity Name	CR Type	Program	Site Type	Contract#	Contract Name	Exhancement Participation 👻	Note
•	Tes	•	No	102001001	ZZZ RAD OPC	CPC	OLASS DAA OLASS DEA PHC STAR+PLUS	n/a n/a n/a	123456702 123456703 123456704 123456705		CLABS DEA PriC Non-Pranty, PriC Pranty	
	Tes	•	No	100001082	222 R40 OPC	CPC	PHC	nta	123456708	OPC ZZZ RAD	PriC Non-Priority, PriC Priority	
	Tes	•	No	100001003	ZZZ RAD-OPC	090	STAR+PLUS	nia	123496709	OPC ZZZ RAD		

This list carries over from year to year. It is a list of contracts operated by the provider's combined entity grouped by Cost Report Group Codes. For each cost report group, the preparer must indicate in the leftmost column whether the component code or all contracts in the Cost Report Group were active during the entire cost report period. If the answer to this question for a specific component code or contract is "No," an explanation must be entered in the Note column.

If the preparer believes additional contracts should be added to the prepopulated list or a component code or contract included in the prepopulated list should be deleted, contact HHSC PFD at <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u> for assistance. Providers cannot add to or delete from this list independently. Failure to correctly verify this list may result in the return of all STAIRS cost reports for the combined entity as unacceptable.

Step 3.b. Enter Other Business Components (Other Contracts, Grants, or Business Relationships with the State of Texas or Any Other Entity, or Other Funding Sources)

This list includes all Texas and out-of-state business relationships in which the combined entity is involved that are not already listed in **Step 3.a.** and must include all other contracts (i.e., Medicare, Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP), Hospice, etc.). For each contract, grant, or business, the preparer must indicate in the leftmost column whether the contract, grant, or business was active during the entire accountability report period. If the answer to this question for a specific contract, grant, or business relationship is "No," an explanation must be entered in the Note column.

A preparer can add, edit, or delete items from this list. Clicking "Add" will lead to the Add Contracts webpage, where all the necessary information can be added. See the graphic below. Any changes to this list will trigger changes to the accountability report(s) for any other component code(s) controlled by the provider's combined entity. If another preparer has verified steps involving allocation, completed steps must be verified again. The other preparer must address those steps again before completing those reports.

Note: Do not add contracts in **Step 3.b.** that are already listed in **Step 3.a.**

3.b. Enter Other Business Components (Other Contracts, Grants or Business Relationships with the State of Texas or any other entity, or other funding sources)

	Active Entire Reporting Period	Contract Type	Service Type	Contracting Entity Name	Contract #/ Provider Identification	Added By	Note
	Yes		Other - provide explanation:Blue Shield		49085904850	HHSC RAD	
	Yes	DSHS	Ambulatory Surgical Center	123456789	HHSC RAD		
	Yes Medicare		Other - provide explanation:Medicare Home Health		1234567	HHSC RAD	
8	ave Save and Return 🛛 Cancel 🕞 Ado	d Record 🛛 🎯 Edit	6 Delete Record				

Information Necessary to Add an Additional Contract Includes:

- Was the contract active during the entire cost report period? If "No" is chosen, the provider must enter an explanation in the Notes section.
- **Contract Type** The contract type will drive available options in Service Type below. Contracts which are neither state nor Medicare, such as contracts with related durable medical equipment entities, will be designated as "Other."
- Service Type The service type menu is driven by the Contract Type above. If the service type is not listed, the preparer should choose "Other." If the preparer chooses "Other," a box will appear to enter the type of other contract, such as durable medical equipment.
- **Contract # and Provider Identification** The contract number or other identifying information regarding the contract. For contracts that do not have state or federal contracting numbers, this identifying information may be the legal name of the related organization with which the provider is contracting.

To Edit or Delete a contract, select it by clicking the round button to the far left beside it. Then choose either Edit Record or Delete Record.

Step 3.c. Verify Business Component Summary

3.c. Verify Business Component Summary							
Contract Type	Report Group Code	Contracting Entity Name	CR Type	Site Type			
Requested	100001002	ZZZ RAD CPC	CPC				
Requested	100001003	ZZZ RAD CPC	CPC				
Requested	100001001	ZZZ RAD CPC	CPC				
Medicare	49085904850		Other - provide explanation - Blue Shield				
DSHS	123456789		Ambulatory Surgical Center				
Medicare	1234567		Other - provide explanation - Medicare Home Health				
Are there any other contracts,	grants, or business relationship with DADS, the State of Te:	as, or with any other business entities not included in the summary table	above?				
Yes 🔵							
No 💿							
Save Save and R	eturn 🛛 🕄 Cancel						

This webpage lists all cost report groups, grants, and business entities in **Steps 3.a. and 3.b.** above. Preparers must answer the question at the bottom of the page to clear the Stop Sign for this step. The question, "Are there any other contracts, grants, or business relationships with HHSC, the State of Texas, or with any other business entities not included in the summary table above?" must be answered either "Yes" or "No." An answer of "Yes" will take the preparer to **Step 3.b.** above. **Note: Step 3.a.** is prepopulated with the Medicaid contract numbers, so you do not need to enter them anywhere else in the report. **Step 3.b.** is only for non-Medicaid contracts, and **Step 3.c.** is the summary of all. So, if Medicaid contracts are entered in **Step 3.b.**, they will show up twice in **Step 3.c.**

Step 4. General Information

Purpose

The purpose of Step 4 is to collect general information about the contracted entity that delivered services during the reporting period.

How Does HHSC PFD Use this Information?

HHSC PFD uses this information for various purposes in the financial examination and reports reconciliation processes. HHSC may also add questions to collect onetime information for events that impact provider costs.

How to Complete Step 4

From this point forward in the instructions, all requested information must be reported based only on the cost report group for the specific type of cost report being prepared.

4. General Information

Cast Verified by Rate Analysis test on 12/21/2023 8:20 AM				
Save Save and Return O Cancel				
National Provider Identifier (NPI) #: Please contact HHBC at <u>eastintematignentinjens texas opp</u> if the provider believes this is not their current NPI number.	NIA			
Type at Overwahip of Contracting Entity	Proprietary (Fior Probl) Description Patherely Limital Partnership Limital Partnership Tricoposition Corporation	Responde Corporations Oursect or affiliated with religious organization Not owned or affiliated with religious organization	Kongroff Association Orane of a affiliated with religious organization Tot excred or affiliated with religious organization	Covernment County County State State State County Feature Feature Feature
Contracted Provider Report Parled Beginning (mmidd/yyyy)	91/01/2023			
Contracted Provider Report Period Ending (nm/dd/yyyy)	12/31/2823			
Is provider a participant in Rate Enhancement for the entire reporting period for this cost report group for CLASS DSA services?	Yes			
Is provider a participant in Rate Enhancement for the entire reporting period for this cost report group for PHC Priority services?	Yes			
Is provider a participant in Rule Enhancement for the online reporting particl for this cost report group for PHC Non-Priority services?	Yes			
Was an accrual method of accounting used for reporting all revenues, expenses, and statistical information on this report except for where the instructions require otherwise?	Yes			
Did the preparent(s) of this report review the most recently received audit a Quatments and make the necessary revisions when preparing this report?	Yes 💌			
Dees the provider have work papers that clearly recordin between the facal year that balance and the amounts reported on this report? If No, please provide an explanation.	Vec Vec Select tie or <u>upled new file</u>	a		
In the provider reporting Central Office expenses in this Cost Report? Please attach the Central Office abocation methodology	The section of using the day of the section of using the day of the section of using the sect	8		
Is the previolar reporting any allocated Non-Central Office Program Administration expenses? Please attach the Non-Central Office Program Administration allocation methodology	Vm Select file or <u>upland new file</u>	8		
Lipload an organizational chart. The organizational chart invest include the employee name, position, related party information: Please attach the Organizational Chart.	100001-2023-test.bd	8		
Were there any units of service during this cost reporting period?	Vas			
Public Health Emergency Related Questions				
Dot the provider experience a charge in costs/utilization directly related to a public health crisis that resulted in an issued state or federal emergency declaration () a. COVID-19(?				
Did the provider mour as increase in costs timedy related to a public health critic that resulted in an increasi state or federal emergence declaration. (In e. COVID-18)? For example, solar providers may have paid non the Provid Provider Declaration (IPRE) – other because they had to purchase none PFE and/or K was more opened.				
Did the provider incur costs for a category(iec) that historically is not incurred when administrating/delivering this program/service?				
Did the provider receive local, state, or federal granth directly related to a public health critic that resulted in an issued state or federal emergency declaration () is COVID-19(?)				
Save 🔚 Save and Return 🧿 Cancel				

National Provider Identifier Number

The National Provider Identifier number (NPI) will be prepopulated here. Contact HHSC PFD at <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u> if you believe this number is not your current NPI.

Type of Ownership of Contracting Entity

Identify the type of ownership of the provider contracting entity from the list.

Note: If the provider is a for-profit corporation or one segment of a for-profit corporation (e.g., a DBA of a for-profit corporation), "Corporation" is the appropriate entry.

Contracted Provider Reporting Period Beginning and Ending Dates

These dates represent the beginning and end dates for the contracted provider's reporting period. For a contracted provider that submitted a cost report in a prior year, these dates will be based on the dates from the prior cost report. For a contracted provider reporting for the first time this year, the dates are based on the beginning date of the first contract and the assumption that the provider is on a calendar fiscal year, so it has an ending date of December 31 of the cost report year. If these dates are incorrect, contact HHSC PFD for assistance at <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u>.

When the cost report group did not have at least one contract active for the provider's entire fiscal year-end, the reporting period must match with HHSC records regarding the effective dates of the provider's current contract(s).

If these dates are incorrect, contact HHSC PFD at

<u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u> for assistance. Failure to ensure the reporting period is correctly identified will result in the cost report being returned and all work previously done on the report being deleted from the system.

If the provider's reporting period is less than 12 months, the preparer must properly report only those statistics, revenues, and expenses associated with the reporting period. For example, if the reporting period was February-December, it is unacceptable for the preparer to report a percentage of the provider's annual days of service, annual revenues, and annual expenses. Instead, the preparer should report only information related to the reporting period, meaning that units of service, revenues, and costs related to January should not be included anywhere on the cost report.

If the reporting period does not begin on the first day of a calendar month or end on the last day of a calendar month, the preparer must report only those statistics (e.g., units of service), revenues, and costs associated with the actual costreporting period. If, for example, the provider's cost-reporting period was August 15-December 31, it is unacceptable for the preparer to report a percentage of the provider's total days of service, revenues, and costs for the year. Instead, the preparer must report the days of service, revenues, and costs associated only with the period from August 15 through December 31. Since August is partially reported, the preparer will have to calculate a percentage of various costs applicable to August (e.g., building rent/depreciation, utilities, and other such "monthly" costs) and include that with the actual costs for the reporting period. For questions regarding the appropriate method for reporting information for less than a full year, please contact the Provider Finance Customer Information Center at PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov.

Is the Provider a Participant in the CLASS DSA Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement for the Entire Reporting Period for this Cost Report?

This answer will be prepopulated and based on whether the provider participated for the entire cost reporting period. If the prepopulated answer appears incorrect, please contact HHSC PFD at <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u>.

Is the Provider a Participant in the PHC Priority Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement for the Entire Reporting Period for this Cost Report?

This answer will be prepopulated and based on whether the provider participated for the entire cost reporting period. If the prepopulated answer appears incorrect, please contact HHSC PFD at <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov.</u>

Is the Provider a Participant in the PHC Non-Priority Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement for the Entire Reporting Period for this Cost Report?

This answer will be prepopulated and based on whether the provider participated for the entire cost reporting period. If the prepopulated answer appears incorrect, please contact HHSC PFD at <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov.</u>

Was an Accrual Method of Accounting Used for Reporting all Revenues, Expenses, and Statistical Information on this Report, Except for Where Instructions Require Otherwise?

Click either "Yes" or "No." If "No," provide a reason in the Explanation Box. For the definition of the accrual method of accounting, see the <u>Appendix H. Definitions</u>, section. An accrual method of accounting must be used in reporting information on Texas Medicaid cost reports in all areas except those in which instructions or cost-reporting rules specify otherwise. Cost reports submitted using a method of accounting other than accrual will be returned to the provider unless the provider is a governmental entity (i.e., Type of Ownership is in the Government column) using

the cash method or modified accrual method. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(1) for additional information on accounting methods.

Did the Preparer(s) of this Report Review the Most Recently Received Audit Adjustments and Make the Necessary AdjustmentsWhen Preparing this Report?

Click either "Yes" or "No." If "No," provide a reason in the Explanation Box. Each provider should review the most recent cost report audit results (desk review or field audit) and make any necessary changes to the current cost reports. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.107 for more information about field audits. If the provider is in the process of appealing an audit adjustment when the current cost report is submitted, the preparer is still required to make any necessary changes resulting from the prior cost report audit or informal review decision. The provider may explain their disagreement with how a particular cost must be reported because of the previous audit or informal review.

Does the Provider have Workpapers that Clearly Reconcile Between the Fiscal Year Trial Balance and the Amounts Reported on this Report?

Click either "Yes" or "No." If "Yes," the workpapers must be uploaded to the report. There should not be situations where a provider responds to this question with "No." Each provider must maintain reconciliation workpapers and any additional supporting work papers (e.g., invoices, canceled checks, tax reporting forms, allocation spreadsheets, financial statements, bank statements, and any other documentation to support the existence, nature, and allowability of reported information) detailing the allocation of costs to all contracts, grants, programs, and business entities. The preparer must attach a reconciliation worksheet to facilitate the audit process, with its foundation being the provider's year-end trial balance. Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(A) for more information.

Is the Provider Reporting Central Office Expenses in this Report?

Click either "Yes" or "No." If "Yes," upload the Central Office Allocation Methodology.

Is the Provider Reporting any Allocated Non-Central Office Program Administration Expenses?

Click either "Yes" or "No." If "Yes," the Non-Central Office Program Administration Allocation Methodology must be uploaded to the report. This situation would occur when the Program Administrator is a Central Office employee but directly charges their Program Administrator time to the program.

Did You Provide Units of Service During this Cost Reporting Period?

Click either "Yes" or "No." If "No," you may be eligible for a cost report excusal. If you have provided any services during the reporting period, click "Yes." If not, please contact HHSC PFD at <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov.</u> Please refer to the "Who Must Complete this Report" section of these instructions.

Upload an Organizational Chart

The organizational chart must include number of employees, names of employees, position titles, and any related party information should also include sufficient information about any contracts, components, or operations that share costs with the reviewed contract, to assist HHSC PFD in reviewing allocations regardless of whether the provider has related parties or not. This includes information on Owner-Employee for each business entity or component, Other Related-Party Employee for eash business entity or components, and Related-Party Contractor for each business entity or components. Components.

Public Health Emergency Related Questions (COVID-19)

Did the provider experience a change in costs/utilization directly related to a public health emergency that resulted in an issued state or federal emergency declaration (i.e. COVID-19)? Select Yes or No.

Did the provider incur an increase in costs directly related to a public health crisis that resulted in an issued state or federal emergency declaration? For example, some providers may have paid more for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) – either because they had to purchase more PPE and/or it was more expensive. Select Yes or No. If Yes, two prompts will appear asking if the increase was in unit of service and if the increase was due to an increase in costs

per unit of service. If the answer to either of these followup questions is No, an explanation will be required.

Did the provider incur costs for a category(ies) that historically is not incurred when administrating/delivering this program/service?

Select Yes or No. If Yes, upload the Excel template outlining these costs.

Did the provider receive local, state or federal grants directly related to a public health crisis that resulted in an issued state or federal emergency declaration?

Select Yes or No. If Yes, the following prompt will appear: "How much did the provider use during the reporting period?" Enter the amounts of Local, State, Federal, and Other Funds. Do not include funds received that the provider plans on using outside of the reporting period.

Step 5. Units of Service and Revenue

Purpose

The purpose of Step 5 is to collect units of service information.

How Does HHSC PFD Use this Information?

HHSC PFD uses this information to determine the contracted provider's revenue. Units of service are used in the report reconciliation process to determine spending compliance in the Rate Enhancement program and during rate-setting calculations.

How to Complete Step 5

Steps 5.a., 5.b., 5.c., and **5.d.** do not apply to every program included in the report, nor do all data entry fields in these steps apply to every program. If a step or data entry is not required due to the type of contracts included in the report, the applicable step and data entry fields will be disabled. A report that includes all four programs will have all steps and data entry fields in **Step 5** enabled.

For example, a report that includes only PHC and CLASS DSA contracts will only need to report PHC attendant units of service in **Step 5.b.**, CLASS Case Management units of service in **Step 5.c.**, and CLASS CMA Partial and Full

Assessments in **Step 5.d**. As a result, **Step 5.a.** and its related data entry fields would be disabled.

All data entry fields relating to CLASS Habilitation (HAB) and CLASS Supported Employment are in **Step 5.b.** All data entry fields related to RN, LVN, Physical Therapy (PT), Occupational Therapy (OT), Speech/Language Therapy (ST), Behavioral Support, Dietary Services, Auditory Enhancement Training, In-Home Respite (IHR), and Out-of-Home Respite (OHR) are in **Step 5.c.** CLASS DSA Partial and Full Assessments are in **Step 5.d.**

As a second example, a report that includes only CLASS DSA will have all data entry fields enabled **except** Priority PHC in **Step 5.b.**, CLASS Case Management in **Step 5.c.**, and CLASS CMA Partial and Full Assessments in **Step 5.d.**

The programs to which each step and data entry fields apply are included in the instructions for each specific step.

Step 5.a. Requisition Fee Revenue

HHSC Requisition Fee Revenue for CLASS DSA for Entire Reporting Period

If the provider received revenues for requisition fees for obtaining adaptive aids, minor home modifications, and dental services during the year, report the total amount of requisition fee revenues for both programs here. Do not include amounts for the vouchered services themselves, only the requisition fees paid to the contracted provider.

This step applies to CLASS DSA.

5.a. Requisition Fee Revenue	
Requisition Fee Revenue for CLASS DSA for Entire Reporting Period: *	
Save Save and Return 🔞 Cancel	

Step 5.b. Attendant Units

Note: There is no location for entering Medicaid revenues for PHC or CLASS DSA services. Those revenues are not to be entered in the cost report.

This step applies to PHC, CLASS DSA, and STAR+PLUS. Within this step, the programs are specified for each set of data entry fields.

On this webpage, the preparer will enter the Attendant staff Medicaid units of service by program and service type and the private pay units of service and related private pay revenue by program and service type. The preparer must break down the Medicaid units into multiple rate periods based on when the Medicaid payment rates changed during the provider's cost report year. There will be separate entries for each rate period in **Step 5.b.** based on the provider's reporting period in <u>Step 4</u>.

Please enter and verify the information below						
BO NOT include any units of service that were provided outside the repo	ting period for this report of CPC 01/01/2023 through 12/31/	2023, even if these dates fall in the middle of a d	ale range listed below.			
For Billing and Service codes please visit our Bill Code crosewalk here.						
Save Save and Return O Cancel						
	HERS	C CLASS Habilitation (Hab)				
Service		Rate Period 2 01.01/2023 - 08/31/2023	Rata Par 05/01/2023 -		Total Units	Revenue
CLASS Prevocational Services and HHSC Hab Transportation				-00	0	
Private Pay CLASS Prevocational Services and Hab Transportation				.0	0	•
Non-Reimbursed CLASS Prevocational Services and Hab Transportation				-00	0	
CLASS Community First Choice (CFC) PASHAB				.0	0	
Private Pay CLADS Community First Choice (CFC) FKSHAB				.0	0	
Non-Reimburged CLASS Community First Choice (CFC) PASHAB				.00	0	
TOTAL Hab Units		.00	.00	.0	0	50
	HHSC CL	ASS Supported Employment (SE)				
Service	Rate Period 2 01.01.2023 - 08.31.2023	Rate Period 3 09/01/2023 - 12/21/		Total Units		Revenue
CLASS SE				.00		
CLASS SE Private Pay				.00	\$	
CLASS SE Non-Rembursed				.00		
TOTAL CLASS SE UNIS	.00	.00		.00	90	
	NHISC CL/	ASS Employment Assistance (EA)				
Service	Rate Period 2 01/01/2823 - 08/31/2023	Rate Period 3 06/01/3023 - 12/31		Total Units		Revenue
CLASS EA				.00		
CLASS EA Private Pay				.00	-	-

HHSC CLASS, PHC

Report all units of service delivered through CLASS and PHC services contracted with HHSC.

Note: There is no location for entering HHSC contracted revenues. Those revenues are not to be entered in the cost report.

STAR+PLUS

Report all units of service and revenue for PHC services delivered through STAR+PLUS. These are the units under a STAR+PLUS contract and the revenue the MCO paid to the provider.

Private Pay

Report any units of service and revenue for CLASS and PHC services paid by another payer source. This category can include private pay and private insurance. Do not report the following: Veterans Administration, and Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB), STAR Kids, Medically Dependent Children's Program (MDCP), Personal Care Services (PCS), or other forms of Medicaid services. Do not include Medicare or federal government services or other business components not listed.

Non-Reimbursed Service

Report any units where an individual received services, and no payer source reimbursed the unit. This category can include individuals served who lost Medicaid eligibility and were not reimbursed. Thus, there is no associated revenue at the time of service.

Step 5.c. Non-Attendant Units

Note: There is no location for entering Medicaid revenues for PHC, CLASS CMA, or CLASS DSA services. Those revenues are not to be entered in the cost report.

This step applies to CLASS CMA, CLASS DSA, and STAR+PLUS. The data entry fields apply to the individual programs as follows:

- RN CLASS DSA
- LVN CLASS DSA
- PT CLASS DSA
- OT CLASS DSA
- ST CLASS DSA
- Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy (CRT) CLASS DSA

- Behavioral Support CLASS DSA
- Dietary Services CLASS DSA
- Auditory Enhancement Training CLASS DSA
- OHR CLASS DSA
- IHR CLASS DSA
- CLASS Case Management CLASS CMA
- Specialized Therapies (ST) Aquatic Therapy
- ST-Hippotherapy OT
- ST-Hippotherapy PT
- ST-Hippotherapy Certified Riding Instructor
- ST-Massage Therapy
- ST-Music Therapy
- ST-Recreational Therapy
- ST-Therapeutic Horseback Riding

				U	nits of Service			Revenue	
Service		fedicaid		Private Pay		Non-Reimbursed		Private Pay Revenue	
Registered Nurse (RN)									
Licensed Vocational Nurse (LVN)									
Physical Therapy (PT)									
Occupational Therapy (OT)									
Speech/Language Therapy (ST)									
Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy (CRT)									
Behavioral Support									
Diatary Services									
AusRory Enhancement Training									
In-Home Respite (IHR)									
Out-of-Home Respite (OHR)									
CLASS Case Management									
Specialized Therapies (ST) – Aquatic Therapy									
ST = Hppotherapy - OT									
ST – Hppotherapy – PT									
ST - Hppotherapy - Certified Riding Instructor									
ST – Massage Therapy									
ST – Music Therapy									
ST – Recreational Therapy									
ST – Therapeutic Horseback Riding									
TOTAL	0.00		0.00		0.00		\$0		
STAR+PLUS Only		Uv	uits				Reven	ue	
Service	STAR+PLUS	Private Pa	y .	Non-Reimbursed		STAR+PLUS Revenue		Private Pay Revenue	
STAR+PLUS Registered Nurse (RN)									
STAR+PLUS Licensed Vocational Nurse (LVN)									
STAR+PLUS Physical Therapy (PT)									
STAR+PLUS Occupational Therapy (OT)									
STAR+PLUS SpeechLanguage Therapy (ST)									
STAR+PLUS Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy (CRT)									
STAR+PLUS Community/Work Reintegration-CRT									
STAR+PLUS In-Home Respite (HR)									

On this webpage, the preparer will enter by service type the non-Attendant staff Medicaid and private pay units of service and the related private pay revenue. CLASS RN, LVN, PT, OT, ST, and IHR units of service are combined. They are reported in the Medicaid Units of Service data entry field in this step, regardless of the program in which the services are authorized, delivered, and billed. Behavioral Support, Dietary Services, Auditory Enhancement Training, OHR, and Specialized Therapies are only allowable in CLASS DSA, and CLASS Case Management is only allowable in CLASS CMA, so it is not necessary to combine these units of service with those of another HHSC program.

The data should be reported based on the date of service provision and not by the date revenues were received. In other words, data should be reported on an accrual basis.

Private Pay

Report any units of service and revenue for CLASS and PHC services paid by another payer source. This category can include private pay and private insurance. Do not report the Veterans Administration and QMB, STAR Kids, MDCP, PCS, or other Medicaid services. Do not include Medicare or federal government services or other business components not listed.

Non-Reimbursed Service

Report any units where an individual received services, bandut no payer source reimbursed the unit. This category can include individuals served who lost Medicaid eligibility and were not reimbursed. Thus, there is no associated revenue at the time of service.

Step 5.d. Assessment Units

This step applies to CLASS CMA and CLASS DSA. Within this step, the programs are specified for each set of data entry fields. On this webpage, the preparer will report the number of assessments completed during the cost-reporting period and the revenue received for those assessments. This step is the only one in which the preparer will report Medicaid Revenue. Report the number of CLASS Partial Assessments separate from the number of CLASS Full Assessments and CLASS CMA Assessments separate from CLASS DSA Assessments.

In addition to the number of assessments and revenue, the preparer must also report the number of staff hours to complete each type of assessment. The data fields are enabled according to which type of staff HHSC program rules allow to complete or contribute to the individual assessments. Do not include the hours to complete these assessments in the units of service reported in **Steps 5.b.** and **5.c.**, as applicable, because this time is not billable as units of service.

The data should be reported based on the date of service provision and not by the date revenues were received. In other words, data should be reported on an accrual basis.

							Staff Hours			
Type of Assessment	Number of Assessments	Revenue	Case Manager	RN	LVN	Physical Therapist	Occupational Therapist	Speech/Language Therapist	Hab Worker	Other
Class Case Management Agency (CMA) Partial Assessment 🛛										
Class CMA Full Assessment 🔍										
Class Direct Service Agency (DSA) Partial Assessment 0										
Class DSA Full Assessment 🛛										
TOTAL	0	\$0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Step 5.e. Other Revenues

In this section, the preparer will report other revenues to support services not reported in **Step 5.c.**

Please enter and verify the information below	
E Save and Haturn O Carcol	
Is there any other revenue not reported in the various Step 5 sub steps?	- Yes -
Type	Revenue
Revenue to be offset	
Grants and Contracts from Federal, State, and Local Government Sources	
Revenue not offset	
Unrestricted Gifts, Grants, and income from Endowments from Private Sources	
TOTAL	0.00

Save Save and Return O Cancel

Does the provider have any other types of revenue not reported in Steps 5.a. – 5.c.?

If "Yes," a table will open to report any additional revenues used to pay for expenses for services reported on the cost report.

Gifts, Grants, and Income from Endowments from Private Sources

Report revenues from other payment sources not listed in **Steps 5.a.** – **5.c**. Revenues reported under "Unrestricted Gifts, Grants, and Income from Endowments from Private Sources" should include any revenue used to pay for expenses reported on the cost report from private sources not previously listed in **Steps 5a** – **5c**. Unrestricted or restricted grants, gifts, and income from privately-sources endowments used to purchase allowable program items should not be offset before reporting on the cost report. All unrestricted funds which are properly allocable to the cost report should be reported on the cost report, as well as any allowable costs to which the unrestricted funds were applied.

Grants and Contracts from Federal, State, and Local Government Sources

Report revenues acquired through grants and contracts from federal, state, and local government sources not previously listed in **Steps 5.a.** – **5.c.** Revenues reported under Federal, State, and Local Government Sources should include any revenue used to pay for expenses from public or government sources not previously listed in **Steps 5.a.** – **5.c**.

Offset grants and contracts from federal, state, or local government, such as transportation grants, United States Department of Agriculture grants, education grants, Housing and Urban Development grants, and Community Service Block Grants, before reporting on the cost report. They should be offset against the particular cost or group of costs for which the grant was intended.

Do any of the Provider's Federal, State, and Local Government Revenue Offset Costs Reported Elsewhere in this Report?

Select "Yes" to confirm that any federal, state, and local government revenue was offset against the cost or group of costs the grant was intended for before reporting the expenses on the cost report, as per 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(18).

Note: Provider Relief Funds (PRF) revenue recognized during the provider's reporting period because of lost revenue should not reduce any expenses included on the unadjusted trial balance before reporting those expenses on the cost report because these lost revenue dollars are not associated with any specific expense. This PRF revenue recognized as a result of lost revenue should instead be reported as "Unrestricted Gifts, Grants, and Income from Endowments and Private Sources" on **Step 5.d.** of the cost report, as applicable. It will have no impact on the allowable expenses reported.

Step 6. Wages and Compensation

Purpose

The purpose of **Step 6** is to collect wages, compensation, and benefits information for the contracted provider's attendant, non-attendant, and administrative and central office staff.

How Does HHSC PFD Use this Information?

HHSC PFD uses this information to determine the contracted provider's employee and contracted staff expenses. Staff expenses are used in the report reconciliation process to determine spending compliance in the Rate Enhancement program and rate-setting calculations.

How to Complete Step 6

Step 6.c. Attendant and **Step 6.d. Non-Attendant** do not apply to every program included in the report, nor do all data entry fields in these steps apply to every program. If a step or data entry is not required due to the type of contracts included in the report, the applicable steps and data entry fields will be disabled. A report that includes all four programs will have all steps and data entry fields in **Step 6** enabled. **Steps 6.a., 6.b.,** and **6.e.** apply to all CPC reports, regardless of the contracts included in the report.

For example, a CPC report that includes only PHC and CLASS DSA contracts will need to report data only from **Steps 6.a.** and **6.b.** (if applicable), PHC attendant wages and compensation in **Step 6.c.**, CLASS Case Management wages and compensation in **Step 6.d.**, and **Step 6.e.** As a result, the following steps and data entry fields will be **disabled**:

- All data entry fields relating to CLASS HAB transportation, Community First Choice (CFC), Personal Assistant Services (PAS)/HAB, CLASS Supported Employment (SE), and CLASS Employment Assistance (EA) in **Step 6.c**.
- All data entry fields related to RN, LVN, PT, OT, ST, Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy, Community/Work Reintegration, Behavioral Support, Dietary Services, Auditory Enhancement Training, IHR, OHR, and Specialized Therapy in **Step** 6.d.

As a second example, a CPC report that includes only CLASS DSA will have all data entry fields enabled **except** Priority PHC in **Step 6.c.** and CLASS Case Management in **Step 6.d**.

The programs to which each step and data entry fields apply are included in the instructions for each specific step.

Step 6.a. General Information

6a. General Information

Section 12/21/2023 3:22 PM

Save Save and Return Cancel	
Does the provider have any employee-related self-insurance expenses to report on this cost report? *	💌 Yes 🙁 No
Please select Yes or No for all of the following self-insurance expenses.	
Health/Dental *	🖲 Yes 💿 No
Workers' compensation *	💌 Yes 💿 No
Disability *	🖲 Yes 💿 No
Other *	💮 Yes 🔹 No
Total number of central office staff employed by the controlling entity on the last day of the cost reporting period. *	Number Employed * * 6
Total number of non-central office staff employed by the controlling entity on the last day of the cost reporting period.	Number Employed * * 6
Does the provider have any Related-Party Wages and Compensation (Employee or Contractor) included in the Cost Report? *	🖲 Yes 🙁 No
Number of CPC clients (Medicaid, Non-Medicaid, Private Pay, etc. combined) actively enrolled on 12/31/2023	
Is it more difficult for the provider to hire and keep CLASS attendants versus PHC attendants?	2 - No difference
Was the provider considered an applicable large employer for the purposes of the Affordable Care Act during the reporting period in Step 4? *	💮 Yes 💿 No
Please upload timesheets and/or time study documentation. *	100001-2023-test bit V Select file or upload new file

	Staff Recruising Difficulties
Position Type	Level of difficulty in recruiting new staff from 1/1/2622 - 12/35/2023? Please select one option for each Position Type
Parl-time Atlandants *	5 Vary assy
Full-time Attendants *	1- Very easy
Partitina Nurses (RNs, LVNa) *	1. Vitry assy
Full time Nurses (RNs, LUNic) *	1 Vary appy
Parkime Administrative, Operations and Central Office Staff *	5-Very easy
Full-time Administrative. Operations and Central Office Staff 1	1 Way easy

Staff Retention Information

	Nunbe	of staff who left:	combined)	(Medicaid, Non-Medic based on length of tim ontracted with the age	e employed or								
Number of staff (Medicasi, Non- Medicasi, Non- Medicasi, A Printer Pay combined) on 12/35/2022		(Nedicald, Non- Number of staff Medicald & Private Pay combined) on 12:01:2020			23 7112023 - 12:31 203	Less than 6 months	Between 6 and 12 months	Over 12 months	Average number of days to fill vecant positions (estimates accepted if unknown)	Number of attendants paid above the base wage rate of \$2.00 hour on \$2.31,2023	Current starting hourly wage for this type of position within the agency is 2023	Average hourly wage for this type of position after 2 years of employment	Percentage of work hours filled wOT or non-scheduled staff (estimates accepted if unknows)
Part time Attendants	1		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	\$15.00	\$15.00	1 %
Full-time Attendants	1		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	\$15.00	\$15.00	1 %
Part-time Nurses (RNs, LVNs)	1		0	0	0	0	0	1	0				
Full-time Nurses (RNS, LVNS)	1		0	0	0	0	0	1	0				
Parl time Administrative, Operations and Central Office Staff	1		0	0	0	0	0	1	0				
Pul-time Administrative, Operations and Central Office Staff	1]	0	0	0	•	0	1	0				
TOTAL	6		0	0	0	0	0	6					

Does the Provider Have any Employee-Related Self-Insurance Expenses to Report on this Cost Report?

If "Yes," answer the next question. If "No," skip the next question and proceed with the rest of the questions.

Please Select "Yes" or "No" for the Following Self-Insurance Expenses that You are Reporting on this Cost Report.

If the previous question was answered "Yes," click on each self-insurance category reported on this cost report.

Total Number of Central Office Staff Employed by the Controlling Entity on the Last Day of the Cost-Reporting Period.

Count employees only once. Enter the number of central office staff employees employed on the last day of the reporting period, not the number of full-time equivalents. Employees that worked in both a central office and a non-central office position should be reported as central office employees only. Do not include contract labor or consultants.

Total Number of Non-Central Office Staff Employed by the Controlling Entity on the Last Day of the Cost-Reporting Period.

Count employees only once. Enter the number of non-central office staff employees employed on the last day of the reporting period, not the number of full-time equivalents. Employees that worked in both a central office and a non-central office position should be reported as central office employees only. Do not include contract labor or consultants.

Does the Provider have any Related-Party Wages and Compensation (Employee or Contractor) Included in the Cost Report?

Click "Yes" or "No." See <u>Appendix H. Definitions</u>, *Related-Party*, to determine if the provider must report a related-party. If "Yes," Step 6.b. on the main Wages and Compensation page will be activated for entry. If the preparer clicks "No" a nested question will populate asking the preparer to certify at this time they are completely sure there are no related party wages or compensation in this report.

Upload an organizational chart.

The organizational chart must include the number of employees, names of employees, position titles, and any related party information. Organizational charts should also include sufficient information about any contracts, components, or operations that share costs with the reviewed contract, to assist HHSC in reviewing allocations regardless of whether the provider has related parties or not. This includes information on Owner-Employee for each business entity or component, Other Related-Party Employee for each business entity or component, and Related-Party Contractor for each business entity or component. Refer to Appendix C for an example.

Was the provider considered an applicable large employer for the purposes of the Affordable Care Act during the reporting period in Step 4?

A large employer is any company or entity that has an average of at least 50 fulltime employees or "full-time equivalents" or "FTE". If selected "Yes," benefits and insurance must be reported in Step 6.d. If selected "No," benefits and insurance will not be required in 6.d. but an explanation must be provided if they are not entered.

To determine if the provider is considered an applicable large employer, please visit the following link: <u>https://www.irs.gov/affordable-care-act/employers/determining-if-an-employer-is-an-applicable-large-employer</u>.

Upload timesheets and or time study documentation.

Per 1 TAC Section 355.102(j), direct costing must be used whenever reasonably possible. Payroll costs (including health insurance premiums, life insurance premiums, and other employee benefits) of a direct care employee who works across cost areas within one contracted program would be directly charged to each cost area of that program based upon that employee's continuous daily time sheets. The costs of a direct care employee who works across more than one service delivery area would also be directly charged to each service delivery area based upon that employee's.

If cost allocation is necessary for cost-reporting purposes, contracted providers must use reasonable methods of allocation and must be consistent in their use of allocation methods for cost-reporting purposes across all program areas and business entities. Payroll costs for an administrative employee working across business components could be directly charged based upon that employee's time sheets and/or allocated based upon a documented time study.

Refer to the previous sections on Direct Costing, Split Payroll Periods, and Cost Allocation for more information. Refer also to 1 TAC Section 355.102(j).

Daily timesheets documenting time are required for all salaries directly charged to the cost report. If the employee only works for the provider in one program and one position type, the daily timesheet must document the start time, the end time, and the total time worked. If the employee works in different programs or more than one position type, there must be daily timesheets to document the actual time spent working for each provider, program, or position type so that costs associated with that employee can be properly direct costed to the appropriate cost area.

Owners (who are included in the Executive Administration staff category) and all related parties are subject to specific TAC requirements for time documentation. Per 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(xi), the documentation should include, for owners and related parties:

- verification of the hours and days worked.
- verification of the amount of total compensation paid for duties, functions, and responsibilities performed, with a breakdown detailing regular salary, overtime, bonuses, benefits, and other payments.
- documentation of regular, periodic payments and/or accruals of the compensation.
- documentation that the compensation is subject to payroll or selfemployment taxes.
- a detailed allocation worksheet indicating how the total compensation was allocated across business components receiving the benefit of these duties.

Should the provider choose to include a time study as part of the uploaded documentation, certain rules apply. Per 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(i): "The minimum allowable statistical duration for a time study upon which to base salary allocations is four weeks per year, with one week being randomly selected from each quarter so as to assure that the time study is representative of the various cycles of business operations. One week is defined as only those days the contracted provider is in operation for seven continuous days. The time study can be performed for one continuous week during a quarter, or it can be performed over five or seven individual days, whichever is applicable, throughout a quarter. The time study must be a 100% time study, accounting for 100% of the time paid to the employee, including vacation and sick leave."

Timesheet requirements for direct care staff are detailed further below. The uploaded documentation must include timesheets for all direct care employees reported. Time studies are not an acceptable method for documenting direct care employee costs.

All documentation must be in spreadsheet format and preferably system generated.

Documentation Requirements for all wages, compensation, and benefits

All staff whose duties include multiple direct care services (e.g., direct care workers, direct care trainers, and job coaches) and/or both direct care services and non-direct care services must maintain daily, continuous timesheets. The daily timesheet must document, for each day, the person's start time, stop time, total hours worked, and the actual time worked (in increments no greater than 30 minutes) performing each separate function to be reported in different lines of the cost report. Time must be directly charged and allocation of time is not acceptable in such situations.

Required documentation of direct care service staff hours and compensation includes, but is not limited to, timesheets (for staff performing more than one function or working for more than one entity), job descriptions, payroll records, and written policies relating to compensation and benefits.

See 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(2) and 355.105(b)(2)(xi) for specific information about allowable costs and documentation requirements for related-party wages and compensation.

Staff Recruiting, Retention, and Benefits

The information entered in the following **Step 6.a.** tables will allow HHSC PFD to evaluate the difficulties that providers face with staff recruitment and retention, especially for attendant staff, and will help HHSC assess how to help providers alleviate these issues going forward. Please note that the information in the following Step 6.a. tables asks for information from the calendar year, not your reporting period (unless your reporting period is also the calendar year).

Staff Recruiting Information

This section asks the provider to assess whether staff recruiting has become more or less difficult for your agency during the last calendar year compared with prior years. For each of the listed staff Position Types, choose one of the following options:

- Very easy
- Moderately easy
- Easy
- Neither easy nor difficult
- Difficult
- Moderately difficult
- Very difficult, or
- N/A (no staff of this type).

Staff Retention Information

		Num	ber of staff who left:	
Position Type	Number of staff (Full-time, Part-ti Medicaid, Non-Medicaid & Priv combined) on 12/31/201	vate Pay 1/1/2018 - 6/30	1/2018 7/1/2018 - 12/3	Number of F 1/2018 vacancies on no 12/31/2018
Attendants				
Employment Services (SE, EA)				
Nurses (RNs, LVNs)				
Specialists (PT, OT, Dietary, etc.)				
Central Office Staff				
Administrative and Operations Staff				
TOTAL	0	0	0	0
Length of Time with your Agency	Using the total number of staff f	rom above, what is the lengt	h of time they have bee	en with your agency?
LESS than 6 months				
BETWEEN 6 and 12 months		hese values must i	natch	
OVER 12 months				

Number of Staff (Medicaid, Non-Medicaid & Private Pay Combined) on Reporting Period End

Enter the total number of staff employed with your agency (by Position Type) on the exact date of 12/31/20xx.

Note: The "TOTAL" number at the bottom of this column needs to match the total number ("Total Staff by Length of Time") in the "Length of Time with your Agency" table.

Number of Staff Vacancies on [Reporting Period End]

Enter the total number of vacant positions on the exact date of 12/31/20xx for each position type.

Number of Staff Who Left

Enter the total number of staff who left (resigned, terminated, etc.) during the first half of the year (1/1/20xx-6/30/20xx) and the total number of staff who left during the second half of the year (7/1/20xx-12/31/20xx). This number is also broken down by Position Type and reporting period by the halfway point.

Reporting Period Start – Reporting Period Halfway Point

Enter the total number of staff during the reporting period indicated up to the reporting period halfway point.

Reporting Period Halfway Point + 1 – [Reporting Period End]

Enter the total number of staff members during the reporting period indicated up to the reporting period endpoint.

- Less than 6 months
- Between 6 and 12 months
- Over 12 months.

Over 12 Months

Enter the total number of staff members over twelve months.

Average Number of Days to Fill Vacant Positions (Estimates Accepted if Unknown)

Enter the average days required to hire new staff to fill a vacant position. Please enter a thoughtful estimate if you do not know the exact number.

Attendant Compensation Information

Percentage of Work Hours Filled with Overtime or Non-Scheduled Staff (Estimates Accepted if Unknown)

Enter the percentage of staff hours covered by staff working overtime or in a nonscheduled capacity. This category may cover staff vacancies, workload requirements, or other factors. Please enter a thoughtful estimate if you do not know the exact percentage.

Number of Attendants Paid Above the Base Wage Rate of \$8.00 per Hour on [Reporting Period End]

Enter the number of attendants paid above \$8.00 per hour.

Starting Wage for this Type of Position Within Your Agency in 20xx (Hourly Rate)

Enter the average hourly wage for staff starting in each position in your agency for the first time.

Average Hourly Wage for this Type of Position after 2 Years of Employment

Enter the average hourly wage for staff in each position after 2 years of employment with your agency.

Staff Benefits Information

In Addition to Wages, Does Your Agency Provide Benefits to Attendants? If, Yes, Check All That Apply.

Click each box to add a checkmark to the benefits your agency offers to full-time and part-time staff. If your agency does not offer a particular benefit to your staff, leave the field blank. Table 1. Staff Benefits Information.

Attendant Benefits Information		
In addition to wages, does your agency offer benefits to attendants? If Yes, check all that apply	Part-time Attendants	Full-time Attendants
Medical Insurance (paid in whole or in part by agency)		
Dental Insurance (paid in whole or in part by agency)		
Retirement (paid in whole or in part by agency)		
Paid Sick Leave		
Paid Vacation		
Short-Term Disability		
Long-Term Disability		
Jury Duty Leave		
Bereavement Leave		
Vision Insurance		
Employee Assistance Plan		
Life Insurance		

Step 6.b. Related-Party

This step will be disabled, and the preparer will not be able to make entries if "No" was selected to the question regarding Related-Party Wages and Compensation in **Step 6.a.** as listed above. If that question was erroneously answered "No," the preparer must return to that item and change the response to "Yes" to be able to enter data in this step.For Each Owner-Employee, Related-Party Employee, and Related-Party Contract Staff:

6k). R e	elated	I-Party									
	Fin	rst Name	Middle Initial	Last Name	Suffix	Birth Date (mm/dd)	Relationship to Provider	Percentage Ownership (If no ownership, enter 0)	Total Hours Worked	Total Compensation	Hourly Wage Rate	Is Allocation Complete
												۲
	Save BSave and Return Cancel											

• Click "Add record."

- First Name
- Middle Initial (optional)
- Last Name
- Suffix e.g., Jr., III, Sr. (optional)
- **Birth Date** Format as mm/dd (e.g., 10/26 for October 26). The year is not requested.
- Relationship to Provider This relationship could be a blood relationship (father, sister, daughter, aunt), marriage relationship (wife, mother-in-law, brother-in-law), ownership (in the case of a corporation or partnership), or control (membership in board of directors, membership in related board of directors, etc.)
- Percentage Ownership (in cases of corporation or partnership)
- **Total Hours Worked** The total hours worked for all entities within the entire combined entity. If the related-party was paid for a "day of service," multiply that day by eight to report hours.
- **Total Compensation** The total compensation (wages, salary, and contract payments) paid to the related-party by all entities within the entire combined entity. It is expected that all individuals will have received some form of compensation from within the combined entity.

Note: This amount must be actual compensation without adjustments based on related-party status. Any adjustments required by 1 TAC Section 355.105(i) will be made automatically in STAIRS during the audit process.

- **Hourly Wage Rate** Calculated the figure based on Total Compensation divided by Total Hours Worked.
 - **Click "Save"** to enter Business Component and Line-Item Allocation(s).
- The available business components are limited to the businesses and contracts entered in **Step 3**. If a business component that should receive a portion of the allocated cost of the item(s) is not in the drop-down menu, the preparer should return to **Step 3.b.** and enter the missing business component data. Allocate or direct cost all hours reported for the individual under Total Hours Worked and Total Compensation to a business component before proceeding. The Hourly Wage

Rate will automatically be calculated. If allocated, an allocation method must be chosen, and an allocation summary uploaded when prompted. To allocate time, check the radio button for the person you are alliocating, on the left hand side of table and select "Edit".

First Name	Middle Initial	Last Name	Suffix	Birth Date (mm/dd)	Relationship to Provider	Percentage Own		Total Hours Worked	Total Compensation	Hourly Wage Rate			
Jimmy	S	Bob		12/01									
Business Component & Line Item Allocation													
	Hours Compensation												
TOTAL					.00		\$0						
	Select B	usiness Component Allocation	Methodology		-	Attach Methodology							
	•			Select file or upload new file									
Save and Return	ancel												

• **Business Component** – The drop-down menu includes all business components for the provider entity. If the provider entity has only one business component, the drop-down menu does not appear, and the single business component is automatically entered under the business component.

	First Name Middle Initial Last Name Suffix									ownership Total Hour		ars Worked	Tota	Compensation	Hourly Wage Ra	
																\$0
lusi	iness Comp	onent & Line	Item Allocatio	n												
00010	02 - CPC		Add Record													
															Hours	Compensation
1	100001001 - CPC															\$0
	Line Bem			s	Site Type	Job Title		Position Type			Description Of Duties		Employed/Cont	racted	Total Hours Worked	Compensation
•	•		-	n	va									•		\$0
	Add Line Item															
1	TOTAL														0	\$0
		Attach Or	rganization Chart 1					Attach Organiza	tion Chart 2	(Optional))		-	Attach O	rganization Chart 3 (Optional)
1		 Select file or upload new file 	2				- Sele	ect file or <u>upload new f</u>	le						 Select file or uploa 	ad new file
	Select Line Item Allocation Methodology											Attach Methodology				
[•									• Select	file or <u>upload new</u>	file		
OTAL															.00	\$0
				Select Business Comp	ponent Alk	ocation Methodology									Attach Methodology	
		*													Select file or uplo	ad new file

 Click "Add Record" – Generates additional lines to record line item information for each business component. Click "Add Record" until all business components to which this related-party will be allocated have been added.

Enter Line-Item Allocation(s):

b. Related-Party											
Please enter and verify the information below											
Save and Return											
First Name Middle Initial La	st Name Suffix	Birth Date (mr	midd)	Relationship to Provider	Percentage Ownership (If no ownership, enter 0)	Total Compe	nsation Ho	urly Wage Rate			
Fest Test		12/22				2000	60000		30.00		
Business Component & Line Item A	Allocation										
	id Record										
								Hours	Overtim e Hours	Compensation	Other Comp
B 100001001 - CPC								2000			
Line Item			Site Type	Job Title	Position Type	Description Of Duties	Employed/Contracted	Hours	Overtim e Hours	Compensation	Other Comp
CLASS Habilitation Transportation Private Pay and Non-Reimbursed		•	nia				Sta ff 💌	1000	50	\$31,500	10,000
CLASS Community First Choice (CFC) Personal Attendant Services and	d Habilitation Private Pay and Non-Reimbursed	-	nla				Contracted	450		\$13,500	
Administrator			nia				Staff	500		\$15,000	
Add Line Item											
TOTAL								1950	50	\$60,000	\$10.000
Attach	Organization Chart 1			A	tach Organization Chart 2 (Optio	nal)	Attach Org	panization Chart 3 (O	ptional)		
Select file or upload new file					Select file or upload new file			 Select file or 	upload new file		
	Select Line Item Allocation Methods	ology					Attach Methodolo				
	Server care them subsection means					S	elect file or upload new	file			
								.00	\$0		
	Select Business Component	Allocation Methode	ology				A	.00 .ttach Methodology Select file of			

- **Hours** On the gray bar, enter hours allocated or direct costed to each business component. The compensation amount will be automatically calculated.
- Line Item The drop-down menu includes all staff types reportable in this cost report. Attendant staff types may only be used for staff who meet the attendant definition. See <u>Appendix H. Definitions</u>, *Attendant Care for Community*. Note which staff can be classified as an attendant and which cannot.
- **Job Title** Related-party's title within the specific business component.
- **Position Type** Identify the type of position (e.g., central office, management, administrative, direct care, nurse, or direct care supervisory) filled by the related individual.
- **Description of Duties** Describe the duties performed by the related individual as they relate to the specific cost report. List percentages reflecting how much time the individual is spending on various tasks or performing duties in different reported position types for the individual.
- **Employed or Contracted** Select either Contracted or Employed. If the related-party is compensated during the year both as an employee and as a contractor for the same activity, the hours for contracted would have to be entered separately from the hours for employed.
- **Hours Worked** Enter hours allocated or direct costed to each area. Allocate or direct cost all hours reported for the individual for the business component to an area before proceeding. Compensation will automatically be calculated.

- **Overtime Hours** Enter overtime hours allocated or direct costed to each area. Allocate or direct cost all hours reported for the individual for the business component to an area before proceeding. Compensation will automatically be calculated.
- Organizational chart (optional) Upload an organizational chart or select from the drop-down menu of documents that have already been uploaded. The organizational chart must include the number of employees, names of employees, position titles, and any related party information. Organizational charts should also include sufficient information about any contracts, components, or operations that share costs with the reviewed contract, to assist HHSC in reviewing allocations regardless of whether the provider has related parties or not. This includes information on Owner-Employee for each business entity or component, Other Related-Party Employee for each business entity or component, and Related-Party Contractor for each business entity or component. Refer to Appendix C for an example.
- Line Item Allocation Methodology If allocated to multiple line items, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded. This summary will only be required if there are multiple line items entered.
- **Business Component Allocation Methodology** After all business component line item allocations have been completed, reporting a related-party in multiple business components will require you to choose a business component allocation method and upload an allocation summary.

Step 6.c. Attendant

This step applies to PHC, CLASS DSA, and STAR+PLUS. Within this step, the programs are specified for each set of data entry fields.

6c. Attendant

					Non Related Party					
Type	Staff Regular Hours	Staff Overtime Hours	Total Staff Hours	Staff Ringular Wages	Staff Overtime Wages	Non-Hourty Compensation	Total Staff Wages	Total Contracted Hours	Total Contracted Payment	Staff Regular Hou
A			0				с	D	E	
LASS Previouslishal Services and Hubbilitation Transportation Private Pay and Non-Reinbursed			0.00				50			
LASS Community First Choice (CFC) Personal Attendant Services and Habilitation Private Pay and Non-Reinforced			0.00				90			
LASS Supported Employment Private Pay and Non-Reimbursed			0.00				50			
LASS Employment Assistance Private Pay and Non-Fleimbursed			0.00				50			
HC Priority and Private Pay and Non-Reimburged			0.00				50			
HC Non-Priority Private Pay and Non-Reimbursed			0.00				50			
TAR-PLUS HCBS and Non-HCBS PRS and HCBS Protective Supervision and Phrate Pay and Non-Reimburged			0.10				50			
DAT-PLUS Community First Choice (SFC) HCBS and Non-IICBS PAS and Habitation and Private Pay and Non-Reimburged			0.00				80			
DAR-PLUS Supported Employment and Private Pay and Non-Reimbursed			0.00				50			
TAR-PLUS Employment Assistance and Private Pay and Non-Reimbursed			0.00				50			
T0544.	8.00	0.00	0.00	50	50	80	80	0.00	80	0.00

			Related Party					Related P	Party and Non-Relat	ed Party				
Staff Overtime Hours	Total Staff Hours	Staff Regular Wages	Staff Overtime Wages	Non-Hourly Compensation	Total Staff Wages	Total Contracted Hours	Total Contracted Payment	Employee Benefits Insurance	Wiles Traveled	Mileage Reinbursement	Total Compensation	Average Staff Rate	Average Contracted Rate	Average Milsage Reimbursement per mile
	E.				6	1.0	1.0	3	к	ι	M (C+E+G+I+J+L)	N [(C=G)(B+F)]	0 [E+0(D+H)]	P (L/K)
0.00	0.00	50	50	50	80	0.00	80				80	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
0.00	0.00	50	50	\$0	50	0.00	50				50	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
0.00	0.00	50	90	\$0	90	0.00	80				50	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
0.00	0.00	50	50	50	80	0.00	80				80	\$0.00	80.00	\$0.00
0.00	0.00	50	50	\$0	50	0.00	50				50	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.90
0.00	0.00	50	90	\$0	90	0.00	80				\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
0.00	0.00	50	50	50	80	0.00	80				80	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.90
0.00	0.00	50	50	\$0	50	0.00	50				50	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
0.00	0.00	50	90	\$0	90	0.00	90				50	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
0.00	0.00	50	50	50	80	0.00	80				80	\$0.00	80.00	\$0.00
0.00	0.00	50	50	50	50	0.00	50	90	0	50	50			

Staff Regular Hours, Staff Overtime Hours, Total Staff Hours, Staff Regular Wages, Staff Overtime Wages, Non-Hourly Compensaton, Total Staff Compensation, Total Contract Hours, and Total Contract Payment

- Columns B-J are for Non-Related-Party attendants.
- Columns K-S are for Related Pary attendants.

All related-party attendants must be entered through **Step 6.b.** above. For each attendant staff service type (CLASS Prevocational Services and Habilitation Transportation, CLASS Community First Choice (CFC), CLASS Supported Employment (SE), CLASS Employment Assistance (EA) , PHC Priority, PHC Non-Priority, STAR+PLUS SPW, and STAR+PLUS Non-SPW) enter the regular and overtime, hours, wages, and contract compensation for non-related-party employees and contract staff who meet the attendant definition. See <u>Appendix H.</u>

<u>Definitions</u>, *Attendant Care*. Only employees and contracted staff who meet the attendant definition may be reported in these cost items.

Staff Regular Hours are individual employee hours 40 hours per week or less. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(2)(A)(II)(iii) for more information.

Staff Overtime Hours are hours in excess of the 40 hour week for full-time employees. These employees are to be reimbursed at 1.5 times their pay rate. For more information, refer to the Texas Comptroller of Public Accountants website under Texas Payroll and Personnel Resources located <u>here.</u>

Total Staff and Total Contract Hours should include the total hours for which employees and contract labor attendants were compensated during the reporting period. Total Staff Hours would include hours for both time worked and paid time off (regular hours, overtime hours, sick leave, vacation, etc.)

Non-Hourly Compensation are usually bonuses or incentives including discretionary or non-discretionary payment or "compensation" to an employee outside of their regular hourly pay rate that is subject to taxes that is not hourly wage rate and overtime rate.

If there are related-party employee and contract attendant staff reported in **Step 6.b.** above, these columns are automatically populated after all non-related-party costs in Columns B-Jhave been entered.

Note: While the offset of some of the PRF and Payroll Protection Plan (PPP) revenues could reduce certain salaries reported on the cost report, the number of hours reported should agree with the actual hours related to the unadjusted salaries. Even if PRF or PPP dollars were used to pay for the salary, the actual hours incurred did not change and should not be reduced on the cost or accountability report. In these instances, the provider may be required to explain and should reference the PRF or PPP offset.

Employee Benefits/Insurance – Column T

This column is for related and non-related-party employee attendant staff. Include the followiaffng benefits in this column for all attendants by service type. Except for paid claims where the employer is self-insured, these benefits must be direct costed, not allocated.

- Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave*
- Employer-Paid Health/Medical/Dental Premiums
- Employer-Paid Disability Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Life Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable retirement funds/pension plans
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable deferred compensation funds
- Employer-Paid Child Day Care
- Employer-Paid Claims for Health/Medical/Dental Insurance when the provider is self-insured (may be allocated)

*Accrued Leave. If the provider chooses to report accrued leave expenses not yet subject to payroll taxes, they must be reported as employee benefits. Providers must maintain adequate documentation to substantiate that costs reported one year as accrued benefits are not also reported, either the same or another year, as salaries and wages. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-c-) for more information.

Note: Costs that are not employee benefits per 1 TAC Section

355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(II), the contracted provider's unrecovered cost of uniforms, staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement, job-related training reimbursements and job certification renewal fees are not to be reported as benefits but are to be reported as costs applicable to specific cost report line items in **Step 8.f.**, unless they are subject to payroll taxes, in which case they are to be reported as salaries and wages.

Miles Traveled and Mileage Reimbursement – Columns U & V

These columns are for related and non-related-party employee attendant staff. Include the personal vehicle miles traveled and the mileage reimbursement paid for allowable travel and transportation in the staff person's personal vehicle for all attendants by service type. Allowable travel and transportation include mileage and reimbursements of attendant staff who transport individuals to/from CLASS Prevocational Services and Habilitation Transportation, CLASS CFC, CLASS SE, CLASS EA, PHC Priority, PHC Non-Priority, and STAR+PLUS program services and activities in their personal vehicle unless payroll taxes are withheld on the reimbursements. In that case, it should be included as salaries and wages of the appropriate staff. Allowable travel and transportation also include mileage and reimbursements of attendant staff for allowable training to which they traveled in their personal vehicle.

The maximum allowable mileage reimbursement is as follows:

- 1/1/22 12/31/22 62.5 cents per mile
- 1/1/23 12/31/23 65.5 cents per mile

Total Compensation – Column W

This column is the sum of Columns H, Q, S, T, and V, and represents the Total Attendant Compensation for that service type.

Average Staff Rate – Column X

This column is the result of Columns E, F, N and O, divided by Columns D + M, and represents the average staff contract rate of all staff, both related-party and non-related-party.

Average Contract Rate – Column Y

This column is the result of Columns J + S, divided by Columns I + R, and represents the average hourly contract rate of all contract staff, both related-party and non-related-party.

Average Mileage Reimbursement per Mile – Column Z

This column is the result of Column V divided by Column U. This amount should never exceed the highest allowable mileage rate for the provider's fiscal year.

Step 6.d. Non-Attendant

NOTE: This step applies to CLASS CMA, CLASS DSA, and STAR+PLUS.

The data entry fields apply to the individual programs as follows:

- RN CLASS DSA
- LVN CLASS DSA
- PT CLASS DSA
- OT CLASS DSA
- ST CLASS DSA
- CRT CLASS DSA
- Behavioral Support CLASS DSA
- Dietary Services CLASS DSA
- Auditory Enhancement Training CLASS DSA
- OHR CLASS DSA
- IHR CLASS DSA
- CLASS Case Management CLASS CMA
- Specialized Therapies (ST) Aquatic Therapy
- ST-Hippotherapy OT
- ST-Hippotherapy PT
- ST-Hippotherapy Certified Riding Instructor
- ST-Massage Therapy
- ST-Music Therapy
- ST-Recreational Therapy
- ST-Therapeutic Horseback Riding

		Non-Re	lated Party				Related Party		Related Pa	arty and Non-Relate	ad Party				
Туре	Total Staff Hours	Total Staff Wages	Total Contracted Hours	Total Contracted Payment	Total Staff Hours	Total Staff Wages	Total Contracted Hours	Total Contracted Payment	Employee Benefits/Insurance	Miles Traveled	Mileage Reimbursement	Total Compensation	Average Staff Rate	Average Contracted Rate	Average Mileage Reimbursement per mile
A	в	с	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	к	L	M (C+E+G+I+J+L)	N [(C+G)/(B+F)]	0 [(E+I)/(D+H)]	Р (L/K)
Registered Nurse (RN)												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Licensed Vocational Nurse (LVN)												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Physical Therapy (PT)												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Occupational Therapy (OT)												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Speech/Language Therapy (ST)												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy (CRT)												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Behavioral Support												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Dietary Services												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Auditory Enhancement Training												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
In-Home Respite (IHR)												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
CLASS Case Management												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Out-of-Home Respite (OHR)												\$0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
TOTAL	0.00	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	\$0	\$0	0	\$0	\$0			

Non-Related-Party Total Staff Hours, Total Staff Wages, Total Contract Hours, and Total Contract Payment – Columns B-E

These columns are for non-related-party staff of the listed staff types only. Compensation for administrative staff types will be collected in a separate step of the cost report. All related-party staff must be entered through **Step 6.b.** above. For each service type, enter the hours, wages, and contract compensation for nonrelated-party employees and contract staff. All staff reported here perform either non-attendant care or non-administrative, indirect care functions.

Total Staff and Contract Hours should include the total hours for which employees and contract staff were compensated during the reporting period. This number would include hours for both time worked and paid time off (sick leave, vacation, etc.). CLASS DSA OHR is provided outside the participant's home and is therefore a contracted service. The data entry fields for staff hours and wages have been disabled.

Pay for being on-call is reported as salaries by staff type, but only on-call hours actually worked performing a specific function can be reported as time. For example, if an RN were on call for an entire weekend and received \$200 as on-call compensation, the total \$200 would be reported as wages or compensation. If the RN was required for three hours to aid staff while on-call during the weekend, only three hours would be reported as paid hours, not the full 48 hours of the weekend.

For staff whose work hours are split between direct non-attendant and indirect service functions and administrative and operations functions (e.g., part-time RN and part-time administrator), report only the hours and compensation associated with providing direct non-attendant care (e.g., the part-time RN hours) in this step.

Related-Party Total Staff Hours, Total Staff Wages, Total Contract Hours, and Total Contract Payment – Columns F-I

If there are related-party employees and contract staff as described above reported in **Step 6.b.**, these columns are automatically populated after all non-related-party costs in Columns B-E have been entered.

Total Compensation – Column J

This column is for related and non-related-party employee staff. For all staff reported in *Non-attendant's* compensation above, include the following benefits in this column. These benefits, excluding paid claims where the employer is self-insured, must be direct costed, not allocated.

- Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave*
- Employer-Paid Health/Medical/Dental Premiums
- Employer-Paid Disability Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Life Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable retirement funds/pension plans
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable deferred compensation funds
- Employer-Paid Child Day Care
- Employer-Paid Claims for Health/Medical/Dental Insurance when the provider is self-insured (may be allocated)

*Accrued Leave. If the provider chooses to report accrued leave expenses not yet subject to payroll taxes, they must be reported as employee benefits. Providers must maintain adequate documentation to substantiate that costs reported one year as accrued benefits are not also reported, either the same or another year, as salaries and wages. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-c-) for more information.

Note: Costs that are not employee benefits as per 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(II), such as the contracted provider's unrecovered cost of uniforms, staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement, job-related training reimbursements, and job certification renewal fees, are not to be reported as benefits but are to be reported as costs applicable to specific cost report line items, unless they are subject to payroll taxes, in which case they are reported as salaries and wages. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-e-) and instructions on staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement for further direction on the correct reporting of these costs.

Miles Traveled and Mileage Reimbursement – Columns K & L

These columns are for related and non-related-party staff. For all staff reported in non-attendant's compensation above, include the personal vehicle miles traveled and the mileage reimbursement paid for allowable travel and transportation in the staff person's personal vehicle. Allowable travel and transportation include mileage and reimbursements of these staff who transport individuals to and from PHC, CLASS CMA, or CLASS DSA program services and activities in their personal vehicle unless payroll taxes are withheld on the reimbursements. In that case, they should be included as salaries and wages of the appropriate staff. Allowable travel and transportation also include mileage and reimbursements of these staff for allowable training to which they traveled in their personal vehicle.

The maximum allowable mileage reimbursement is as follows:

- 7/1/22 12/31/22 62.5 cents per mile
- 1/1/23 12/31/23 65.5 cents per mile

Total Compensation – Column M

This column is the sum of Columns C, E, G, and I and represents Total Non-Attendant Compensation for that service type.

Average Staff Rate – Column N

This column is the result of Columns C + G divided by Columns B + F and represents the average hourly wage rate of all employee staff, both related-party and non-related-party.

Average Contract Rate – Column O

This column is the result of Columns E + I divided by Columns D + H and represents the average hourly contract rate of all contract staff, both related-party and non-related-party.

Average Mileage Reimbursement per Mile – Column P

This column is the result of Column D divided by Column C. This amount should never exceed the highest allowable mileage rate for the provider's fiscal year.

Step 6.e. Administrative and Operations Personnel

Note: this step is not applicable to the Accountability Report.

Purpose

To collect administration and operations personnel hours and wages.

6e. Administrative and Opera	ations Personnel										
Please enter and verify the information below											
Save Save and Raturn O Cancel											
		Non-Rai	Non-Related Party				Related Party				
Туре	Total Staff Hours	Total Staff Wages	Total Contracted Hours	Total Contracted Payment	Total Staff Hours	Total Staff Wages	Total Contract Hours	ed Total Contracted Payment	Total Compensation	Average Staff Rate	Average Contracted Rat
A	8	c	D	E	F	6	н	1.0	J (C+E+G+I)	к [/С=G/(В=F)]	L [E=04D=H]
Executive Administration									\$0	\$0.00	50.00
Administrative Directors and Administrative Coordinators									\$0	\$0.00	50.00
Executive and Administrative Assistants									\$0	\$0.00	50.00
Electronic Volt Verification Staff									\$0	\$0.00	50.00
Atlantative Device Management									\$0	\$0.00	50.00
Other Administrative Staff									50	\$0.00	50.00
FieldFirst Line Supervisors									50	\$0.00	50.00
Other Facility & Operations (including Maintenance and Transportation) Staff								\$0	\$0.00	50.00
Central Office Staff									50	80.00	50.00
TOTAL	0.00	50	0.00	50	0.00	50	0.00	30	50		
Average excludes Central Office Staff											
		н	ion-Related & Related Party								
Турн	Employee BenefitsInsurance	M	iles Traveled	Mileage Reimbur	sement		TOTAL	Ангар	e Mikage Reinib	ursement per Mi	ie .
A	8		c	D			E (8=0)		F (D.C)		
Administrative and Operations Staff						1	10 8	0.00			
Central Office Staff						1	10 8	0.00			
TOTAL	\$0		0	80			80				
Save Save and Return O Cancel											

For the Upper Section:

Columns B-E: Non-Related-Party Total Staff Hours, Total Staff Wages, Total Contracted Hours, and Total Contracted Payment:

These columns are for **non-related-party staff** of the listed staff types **only**. All related-party staff must be entered through **Step 6.b.** above. For each staff type, enter hours, wages, and contract compensation for non-related-party employees and contract staff. All staff reported here perform administrative or operations functions. Total Staff and Contract Hours should include the total number of hours for which employees and contract staff were compensated during the reporting period. This total should include hours for both time worked and paid time off (sick

leave, vacation, etc.). For staff whose work hours are split between direct administrative and operations functions and other functions (e.g., part-time RN direct service and part-time RN Supervisor), report in this step only the hours and compensation directly associated with the provision of administrative and operations functions and supported by timesheets (e.g., the part-time RN Supervisor hours and compensation).

Other than the Central Office Staff line (which must include allocated costs for shared administrative functions across contracts) and the Executive Administration line (which must include both allocated and direct costs for the Executive Administrator/Director), only direct costs should be reported for each administrative staff line item. There should not be allocated costs reported in the Executive Administration, Administrative Directors and Administrative Coordinators, Executive and Administrative Assistants, or Other Administrative Staff lines, except for the Executive Administrator/Director whose costs must be reported in the designated line for Executive Administration, whether they are directly charged or allocated.

Executive Administration – Enter here the hours and compensation for executive positions responsible for overseeing the entire operation. Job titles in this staff type may include President, CEO, CFO, COO, Executive Director, Owner, etc.

Administrative Directors and Administrative Coordinators – Enter here the hours and compensation for Directors and Coordinators of general administrative areas including Data Services, Quality Improvement, Utilization, Contracts, Human Resources, Network Development, Community Engagement, Staff, Advancement, Information, etc. Includes allocation for Legal and Support directors to general administrative areas. Job titles in this staff type may include Director of Network Development, Community Engagement, etc.

Executive and Administrative Assistants – Enter here the hours and compensation for all assistants supporting Executive Administration and Administrative Directors and Coordinators. Job titles in this staff type may include Executive Assistant, Administrative Assistant, etc.

Electronic Visit Verification Staff – Enter hours and compensation for administrative staff that support EVV, except for other administrative staff listed below.

Alternative Device Management – Enter hours and compensation for administrative staff that support the ordering, inventory management, installation, troubleshooting, and replacement costs associated with Alternative Devices (ADs).

Other Administrative Staff – Enter here any other professional and nonprofessional administrative personnel such as financial, clerical, human resources, etc., staff.

Field/First Line Supervisors – Enter here the hours and costs for staff whose duties are to coordinate and oversee the provider's staff. This category will include supervisors of non-attendant staff.

Other Facility & Operations (including Maintenance and Transportation) – Enter here the hours and compensation for maintenance and transportation staff who were **not** reported as any other staff or otherwise captured as attendants, non-attendants, program administration, or central office staff.

Central Office Staff – Enter here the allocated portion of shared administrative staff. If the Administrator has been allocated to the cost report from the central office, ensure that the portion of costs reported as Administrator above is not also reported in this line item.

Related-Party Total Staff Hours, Total Staff Wages, Total Contract Hours, and Total Contract Payment – Columns F-I

If there are related-party employees and contract staff as described above reported in **Step 6.b.**, these columns are automatically populated after all non-related-party costs in Columns B-E have been entered.

Total Compensation – Column J

This column is the sum of Columns C, E, G, and I and represents the Total Administrative and Operations Personnel Compensation for that staff type.

Average Staff Rate – Column K

This column is the result of Columns C + G divided by Columns B + F and represents the average hourly wage rate of all employee staff, both related-party and non-related-party.

Average Contract Rate – Column L

This column is the result of Columns E + I divided by Columns D + H and represents the average hourly contract rate of all contract staff, both related-party and non-related-party.

For the Lower Section:

Employee Benefits/Insurance – Column B

This column is for **both** related and non-related-party employee staff. For all staff reported in **Step 6.e.**, include the following benefits in this column. These benefits must be direct costed, not allocated, except for paid claims where the employer is self-insured.

- Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave*
- Employer-Paid Health/Medical/Dental Premiums
- Employer-Paid Disability Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Life Insurance Premiums
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable retirement funds/pension plans
- Employer-Paid Contributions to acceptable deferred compensation funds
- Employer-Paid Child Day Care
- Employer-Paid Claims for Health/Medical/Dental Insurance when the provider is self-insured (may be allocated)

*Accrued Leave. If the provider chooses to report accrued leave expenses not yet subject to payroll taxes, they must be reported as employee benefits. Providers must maintain adequate documentation to substantiate that costs reported one year as accrued benefits are not also reported, either the same or another year, as salaries and wages. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-c-) for more information.

Note: Costs that are not employee benefits – As per 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(II), the contracted provider's unrecovered cost of uniforms, staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement, job-related training reimbursements, and job certification renewal fees are not to be reported as benefits but are to be reported as costs applicable to specific cost report line items unless they are subject to payroll taxes. In that case, they are reported as salaries and wages. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1)(A)(iii)(III)(-e-) and instructions on staff personal vehicle mileage reimbursement for further direction on the correct reporting of these costs.

Miles Traveled and Mileage Reimbursement – Columns C and D

These columns are for **both** related and non-related-party employee staff. For all staff reported in **Step 6.e.**, include the personal vehicle miles traveled and the mileage reimbursement paid for allowable travel and transportation in the staff person's personal vehicle. Allowable travel and transportation include mileage and reimbursements of these staff who transport individuals to/from PHC, CLASS CMA, or CLASS DSA program services and activities in their personal vehicle unless payroll taxes are withheld on the reimbursements. In that case, they should be included as salaries and wages of the appropriate staff. It also includes mileage and reimbursements of these staff for allowable training to which they traveled in their personal vehicle.

The maximum allowable mileage reimbursement is as follows:

- 7/1/22 12/31/22 62.5 cents per mile
- 1/1/23 12/31/23 65.5 cents per mile

Total of Benefits and Mileage Reimbursement – Column E

This column is the sum of Columns B + D.

Average Mileage Reimbursement per Mile – Column F

This column is the result of Column D divided by Column C. This amount should never exceed the highest allowable mileage rate for the provider's fiscal year.

Step 7. Payroll Taxes and Workers' Compensation

Purpose

The purpose of Step 7 is to collect Payroll Taxes and Workers' Compensation information for the contracted provider's attendant, non-attendant, administrative, and central office staff.

How Does HHSC PFD Use this Information?

HHSC PFD uses this information to determine the contracted provider's Payroll Taxes and Workers' Compensation expenses. Expenses are used in the report reconciliation process to determine spending compliance in the Rate Enhancement program and rate-setting calculations.

How to Complete Step 7

Report costs for all staff in Step 7:

- Report cost for attendant staff, non-attendant/program administration (noncentral office), and central office employees separately.
- The payroll tax and Workers' Compensation Insurance (WCI) information reported in Step 7 are accrued on related and non-related-party staff wages reported in the steps below.

If payroll taxes (i.e., FICA, Medicare, and state/federal unemployment) are allocated based on a percentage of salaries, the provider must disclose this functional allocation method. The use of percentage of salaries is not the salaries allocation method since the salaries allocation method includes both salaries and contract labor.

7. Payroll Taxes and Workers' Compensation								
Did the provider have a Section 125 or Cafeteria Plan that covers the employees for insurance premiums, unreimbursed medical expenses	ses and/or dependent care costs?	15? 💿 Yes. 💿 No						
Is your entity a Texas Workforce Commission Reimbursing Employer (e.g., not required to pay quarterly taxes to the Texas Workforce Ci unemployment coverage)?	ommission (TWC for	for Yes No						
Attach supporting Documentation (e.g., TWC Form C-66R (0991) Notice of Maximum Potential Charge - Reimbursing Employer' or a co notification letter from TWC)	ppy of a quarterly TWC report or		Select file or upload new file					
Taxes and Workers' Compensation	Attendant		Non-Attendant and Program Admin	Central Office	Total			
FICA and Medicare Payroll Taxes					0			
FICA and Medicare Payroll Taxes State and Federal Unemployment Taxes					0			
					0 0 0			
State and Federal Unemployment Taxes					0 0 0			

Did the provider have a Section 125 or Cafeteria Plan that covers the employees for insurance premiums, unreimbursed medical expenses, and dependent care costs?

Click either "Yes" or "No."

Is the entity a Texas Workforce Commission Reimbursing Employer?

Click either "Yes" or "No." If "Yes," the provider must upload supporting documentation or select a file from the drop-down menu of documents that have already been uploaded.

Taxes

For the following taxes, list those for Non-Central Office and Central Office staff separately.

FICA & Medicare Payroll Taxes

Report the cost of the employer's portion of these taxes. Do not include the employee's share of the taxes.

The amount reported in Step 7 for FICA & Medicare Payroll Taxes should not exceed 7.65 percent of reported wages, except for the following conditions:

- The provider has indicated that they participate in a Section 125 or Cafeteria Plan that covers the employees for insurance premiums, unreimbursed medical expenses, and dependent care costs.
- The provider has reported staff who are paid more than the FICA Wage Limit of \$160,200 for 2023.

State and Federal Unemployment Taxes

Report federal (FUTA) and Texas state (SUTA) unemployment expenses.

Workers' Compensation Premiums

If the contracted provider subscribes to the Workers' Compensation Act, report here the Worker's Compensation insurance premiums paid to the provider's commercial insurance carrier. If the effective period of the provider's Workers' Compensation insurance policy does not correspond to the provider's fiscal year, you must prorate the premium costs from the two policy periods falling within the provider's reporting period to accurately reflect the costs associated with the cost reporting period. Premium costs include the base rate, any discounts for lack of injuries, refunds for prior period overpayments, additional modifiers, surcharges for experiencing high numbers of injuries (such as being placed in a risk pool), and audit adjustments made during the cost-reporting period. The Texas Workers' Compensation Commission audits traditional Workers' Compensation insurance policies yearly, and annual adjustments must be properly applied to the cost reporting period on a cash basis.

If the contracted provider is not a subscriber to the Workers' Compensation Act, there are alternate insurance premium costs that can be reported in this item. Acceptable alternate insurance policies include industrial accident policies and other similar types of coverage for employee on-the-job injuries. Disability insurance and health premiums are not considered alternate workers' compensation policies, and those costs must be reported as employee benefits (if subject to payroll taxes, they must be reported as salaries). According to the Texas Department of Insurance, a general liability insurance policy specifically excludes payment for employee on-thejob injuries; therefore, general liability premium costs must not be reported on this item.

If the provider's commercially-purchased insurance policy does not provide total coverage and has a deductible and coinsurance clause, any deductibles and coinsurance payments made by the employer on behalf of the employee would be considered paid claims (i.e., self-insurance) and must be reported in the Workers' Compensation Paid Claims item below.

Workers' Compensation Paid Claims

If the provider was not a subscriber to the Workers' Compensation Act (i.e., traditional workers' compensation insurance policy) and paid workers' compensation claims for employee on-the-job injuries, report the number of claims paid. Also, report the part of any workers' compensation litigation award or settlement that reimburses the injured employee for lost wages and medical bills here unless the provider is ordered to pay the award or settlement as back wages subject to payroll taxes and reporting on a W-2. In that case, the cost should be reported in <u>Step 6</u>. Only the part of the litigation award or settlement that reimburses the injured employee for lost wages and medical bills is allowable on this cost report. If the provider maintained a separate bank account for the sole

purpose of paying workers' compensation claims for employee on-the-job injuries (i.e., a nonsubscriber risk reserve account), the contributions made to this account are not allowable on the cost report. This type of arrangement requires that the contracted provider be responsible for payment of all its workers' compensation claims and is not an insurance-type account or arrangement. A nonsubscriber risk reserve account is not required to be managed by an independent agency or third party. It can be a separate checking account set aside by the contracted provider for payment of its workers' compensation claims. However, only the amount for any claims paid should be reported on the cost report, not the amount contributed to any reserve account. A cost ceiling must be applied to allowable self-insurance workers' compensation costs or costs where the provider does not provide total coverage. That ceiling may limit the costs which may be reported. See 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(13)(B) and 355.105(b)(2)(B)(ix) and <u>Appendix E</u> for more information.

Step 8. Facility and Operations Cost

Note: this section only applies to the Cost Reprot.

Purpose

The purpose of Step 8 is to collect information for expenses used directly or indirectly in providing contracted services by the contracted provider.

How Does HHSC PFD Use this Information?

HHSC PFD uses this information for rate-setting calculations and legislative cost analysis.

How to Complete Step 8

Step 8.a. General Information

8.a. General Information	
✓ Last Verified by Rate Analysis test on 12/21/2023 3:33 PM	
Save 📔 Save and Return 🖸 Cancel	
Does the provider have any contracted management costs to report? Note: Related-party management expenses must be reported as central office expenses. *	Yes - Non-Related Party Ses - Related Party Yes - Both Non-Related Party and Related Party No
Does the provider have any asset or operations-related self-insurance expenses to report on this cost report?	Ves 💿 No
Were any supplies or non-depreciable equipment purchased or leased from a related party?	Yes No Upload an organizational chart. The organizational chart must include the employee name, position, and any related party information.* 100001-2023-test tot Select file or <u>unitable free file </u>
Were there any related party loans?	Yes No Upload an organizational chart. The organizational chart must include the employee name, position, and any related party information." 100001-2023-4est txt Select Tile or <u>undowd new Tile</u>
Were there any related-party contracted services?	Yes No Upload an organizational chart. The organizational chart must include the employee name, position, and any related party information.* 100001-2023-4est txt Select the or <u>undead new file</u>
Was the building where program services were provided leased during the cost-reporting period?	Yes - Non- Realted Party No Party
Was the central office building leased during the cost-reporting period?	Ves. Non- Realed Party No Party

Does the Provider Have Any Contracted Management Costs to Report?

Note: Related-party management expenses must be reported as central office expenses.

If "Yes," please select "Yes – Non-Related-Party," "Yes – Related-Party," or "Yes – Both Non-Related-Party and Related-Party." If "No," please select "No."

Does the Provider Have Any Asset or Operations-Related Self-Insurance Expenses to Report on this Cost Report?

Please select either "Yes" or "No" for each of the following self-insurance expense types. Those using self-insurance for vehicle expenses must upload a copy of the Texas Department of Public Safety (TDPS) Certificate of Self-Insurance. Please see <u>Appendix E</u> for more information.

Were Any Supplies or Non-Depreciable Equipment Purchased or Leased from a Related-Party?

Click either "Yes" or "No." If "Yes," **Step 8.b.** will be available to enter related-party transactions. Refer to <u>Appendix H. Definitions</u>, *Related-Party* and *Related-Party Transactions*.

Were There Any Related-Party Loans?

Click either "Yes" or "No." If "Yes," **Step 8.c.** will be available to enter related-party loan transactions. Refer to <u>Appendix H. Definitions</u>, *Related-Party* and *Related-Party Transactions*.

Were There Any Related-Party Contracted Services?

Click either "Yes" or "No." If "Yes," **Step 8.d.** will be available to enter related-party transactions with contractors. See the instructions below for a discussion of the types of contracted services to be reported here. Refer to <u>Appendix H. Definitions</u>, *Related-Party* and *Related-Party Transactions*.

Was the building leased during the cost-reporting period?

Indicate whether or not the building was leased during all or part of the cost report period by selecting "Yes - Non-Related Party," "Yes - Related Party," or "No." If any "Yes" answers are selected, upload a copy of the lease agreement and HHCS <u>Schedule D</u>. See Appendix I for more information.

Was the central office building leased during the cost-reporting period?

Indicate whether or not the central office building was leased during all or part of the cost report period by selecting "Yes – Non-Related Party," "Yes – Related Party," or "No." If any "Yes" answers are selected, upload a copy of the lease agreement and HHCS <u>Schedule D</u>. See Appendix I for more information.

All Other Costs

 All Other Costs

 Please note that the information gathered by this item is self-reported, will not be audited, is for informational purposes only and will not be used in the rate determination process.

 Some costs included in this item may not be allowable in the current reporting period but will be reported as allowable in future years.

 Enter Total Unallowable Expenses for the contracts listed in Step 3a for this specific cost report
 0.00

Note: The information gathered by this item is self-reported, will not be audited, is for informational purposes only, and will not be used in the rate determination process.

Enter the Total Unallowable Expenses for the contracts listed in **Step 3.a.** for this cost report.

Steps 8.b. – 8.d. Related-Party Transactions

See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i) for specific details and requirements on related-party transactions. If the responses to the final three questions in Step 8.a. above were all "No," Steps 8.b. – 8.d. will be disabled, and the preparer will not be able to make entries. If any of those questions was erroneously answered "No," the preparer must return to that item and change the response to "Yes" to enter data in these three steps.

The lease or purchase of services (including lending/loan services), facilities, equipment, and supplies from related organizations or individuals by the provider or the provider's central office must be reported as a related-party transaction. Note that for depreciation expenses, related-party status is disclosed separately for each depreciable item when depreciation, amortization, and other expenses for relatedparty and non-related-party assets are entered. In addition, purchases made from a related-party by the central office for services, facilities, and supplies must also be reported as related-party transactions. An exception is for central office costs allocated to the provider containing no markup (i.e., the cost allocated to the provider is the cost incurred by the central office); these do not have to be reported as related-party transactions. This exception does not apply to related-party management costs; these costs must always be reported as central office costs.

Expenses in related-party transactions are allowable at the cost to the related organization; however, the cost must not exceed the price of comparable services,

equipment, facilities, or supplies that could be purchased or leased elsewhere in an arm's-length transaction. The related organization's costs include all reasonable costs, direct and indirect, incurred in furnishing services, equipment, facilities, leases, and supplies to the provider. The intent is to treat the costs incurred by the supplier as if the contracted provider itself incurred them. Therefore, if a cost would be unallowable if incurred by the contracted provider, it would be similarly unallowable to the related organization.

See <u>Appendix H. Definitions</u>, *Related-Party* and *Related-Party Transactions* for more information.

Exceptions to the Related-Party Rule

An exception (1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5)) is provided to the general rule applicable to related organizations if the contracted provider demonstrates certain criteria have been met for each cost report. If all the conditions of this exception are met, the charges by the related-party supplier to the contracted provider fo services, equipment, facilities, leases, or supplies are allowable costs and do not have to be reported as related-party transactions. Written requests for an exception to the general rule applicable to related organizations must be submitted for approval to HHSC PFD no later than 45 days before the cost report's due date to be considered for that year's cost report. The provider's request for an exception must demonstrate that all the following criteria have been met:

- The supplying organization is a bona fide separate organization. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5)(A) for more information.
- Most of the supplying organization's business activity of the type carried on with the contracted provider is transacted with other organizations not related to the contracted provider and the supplier by common ownership or control. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5)(B) for more information.
- There is an open, competitive market for the type of services, equipment, facilities, leases, or supplies furnished by the related organization. See Section 355.102(i)(5)(B) for more information.
- The services, equipment, facilities, or supplies are those which commonly are obtained by entities such as the contracted provider from other organizations and are not a basic element of contracted care ordinarily furnished directly to individuals by such entities. See Section 355.102(i)(5)(C) for more information.
- The charge to the contracted provider is comparable to open market prices and does not exceed the charge made to others by the organization for such

services, equipment, facilities, leases, or supplies. See Section 355.102(i)(5)(D) for more information.

If Medicare has decided that a related-party situation does not exist or has granted an exception to the related-party definition and the provider wants HHSC to accept that determination, the preparer must submit a copy of the applicable Medicare determination with evidence supporting the determination for the current cost reporting period with each affected cost report. If the exception granted by Medicare is no longer applicable due to changes in circumstances of the contracted provider or because the circumstances do not apply to the contracted provider, HHSC can choose not to accept the Medicare determination. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(5) for more information. If HHSC PFD does not receive the request for a related-party exception at least 45 days before the cost report's due date, we are not required to process the request for that cost-reporting year.

Step 8.b. Related-Party Non-depreciable Equipment and Supplies

All purchases and leases of equipment and supplies from a related individual or organization with a value of less than \$5,000 and a useful life of less than one year should be included in this step.

• Click "Add record."

8.b.	b. Related-Party Non-depreciable Equipment and Supplies						
	Name of Related-Party/Organization	Туре	Description	Cost to Related-Party	Is Allocation Complete?		
					*		
🖶 Save	Save and Return O Cancel 🔓 Add Record 📦 Edit 🕞 Delete Record						

- All columns must be completed for each related-party transaction.
- Name of Related-Party and Organization Enter the name of the related-party or organization from whom the contracted provider purchased or leased equipment and supplies. If the contracted provider is a proprietorship, the related organization could be the individual owner rather than a separate corporation. If the contracted provider is a partnership, the related organization could be one of the partners.
- **Type** –Choose from the drop-down menu. This category is the cost report line item on which the allowable expense will be reported.
- Description Describe the items or goods purchased or leased from the related-party. Examples include purchased office supplies, letterhead, leased or purchased copier or computer (below the depreciable value),

etc. The entry of related-party loans, contracted services, and depreciable purchases or leases will be discussed in other steps below.

- Cost to Related-Party This amount should be the actual cost to the related individual or organization, not to exceed the price of comparable non-depreciable equipment and supplies that could be purchased or leased elsewhere in an arm's length transaction.
- **Click "Save"** to enter Business Component and Cost Area Allocation(s).

8.b.	b. Related-Party Non-depreciable Equipment and Supplies							
	Name of Related-Party/Organization	Туре	Description	Cost to Related-Party	Is Allocation Complete?			
•					*			
Save	Bave and Return 🛛 😋 Cancel 🗍 🤯 Add Record 🗍 🥪 Edit	Delete Record						

- The available business components are limited to the businesses and contracts entered in **Step 3**. If a business component that should receive a portion of the allocated cost of the item(s) is not in the drop-down menu, the preparer must return to **Step 3.b.** and enter the missing business component data. Allocate or direct cost all costs reported for the Related-Party Organization under Cost to the Related-Party to a business component before proceeding. If allocated, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded.
 - Business Component The drop-down menu includes all business components for the provider entity. If the provider entity has only one business component, the drop-down menu does not appear, and the single business component is automatically entered under the business component.
 - Click "Add Record" Generates additional lines to record cost area information for each business component. Click "Add Record" until all business components to which this expense will be allocated have been added.
- Enter all Cost Area Information.
 - Cost to Related-Party On the gray bar, enter the cost allocated or direct costed to each business component.
 - Area The drop-down menu for "Area" includes all cost areas reportable in this cost report. See Step 8.f. for a detailed discussion of cost areas. "Central Office" may be used only for expenses of a central office that are allocated between multiple business components. Costs of a central office that can be directly charged to the contracted provider should be reported

as Program Administration. See <u>Appendix H. Definitions</u>, *Central Office* for more information.

- Cost to Related-Party Enter the cost to the related-party direct costed or allocated to this cost area within the business component.
- Cost Area Allocation Methodology If allocated to multiple cost areas, an allocation method must be chosen and an allocation summary uploaded. This summary will only be required if multiple cost areas are selected.
- Business Component Allocation Methodology After all business component cost area allocations have been completed, the preparer must choose a business component allocation method and upload an allocation summary for an expense allocated to multiple business components.
- Upload supporting documentation for expenses. The documentation must include related party transaction records for all related party expenses reported. These transaction records must originate from the related party. Supporting documentation must include the related party, organization name and detail the purpose of each expense. All uploaded documentation must be in spreadsheet format and preferably systemgenerated.

Step 8.c. Related-Party Loans

Report in this step any related-party loans from individuals or organizations. Actual interest properly accrued and paid on related-party loans is an allowable cost. However, it is limited to the interest that would have been charged during the reporting period had the interest rate on the loan been set at the prevailing national average prime interest rate in effect when the loan contract was finalized, as reported by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, in the Survey of Current Business. The best and quickest source of prime interest rate information is the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis website (https://fred.stlouisfed.org/categories/117). This data series extends back to 1949 and is updated monthly.

• Click "Add record."

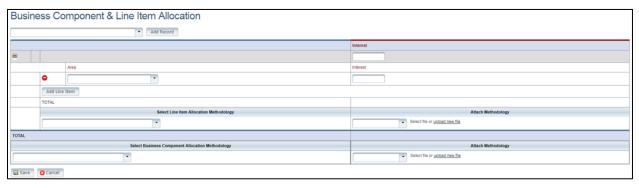
1	8.c.	Related-Party Loans							
I		Name of Related-Party/Organization	Туре	Description	Inception Date	Loan Amount	Term (months)	Interest	Is Allocation Complete?
	•								¥
(🖶 Save	Save and Return 😮 Cancel 🕞 Add Record 🌍 Edit	Delete Record						

- All columns must be completed for each related individual or organization.
 - Name of Related-Party Organization Enter the name of the relatedparty or organization from whom the contracted provider purchased or leased equipment and supplies. If the contracted provider is a proprietorship, the related organization could be the individual owner rather than a separate corporation. If the contracted provider is a partnership, the related organization could be one of the partners.
 - Description Choose from the drop-down menu either Mortgage Interest or Other. This line item is where the allowable cost will appear in the cost report.
 - Please describe If "Other" was chosen for "Description" above, describe the type of loan.
 - **Inception Date** Month and year the loan was effective.
 - Loan Amount This number should be the total amount of the loan.
 - **Term** Duration of the loan in months.
 - **Interest** Allowable interest paid during the reporting period.
- **Click "Save"** to enter Business Component and Cost Area Allocation(s).
 - The available business components are limited to the businesses and contracts entered in <u>Step 3</u>.
 - If a business component that should receive a portion of the allocated cost of the item(s) is not in the drop-down menu, the preparer must return to Step 3.b. and enter the missing business component data.
 - Allocate or direct cost all costs reported for the "Related-Party Organization" under "Cost to the Related-Party to a business component" before proceeding. If allocated, the preparer must choose an allocation method and upload an allocation summary.

8.c.	.c. Related-Party Loans								
	Name of Related-Party/Organization	Type	Description	Inception Date	Loan Amount	Term (months)	Interest	Is Allocation Complete?	
•								*	
🖶 Save	Save Cancel Cancel Cancel Cancel Cancel Cancel Cancel								

 Business Component – The drop-down menu includes all business components for the provider entity. If the provider entity has only one business component, the drop-down menu does not appear, and the single business component is automatically entered under the business component. Click "Add Record" – Generates additional lines to record Cost Area information for each business component. Click "Add Record" until all business components to which this interest expense will be allocated have been added.

• Enter all Cost Area Information



- Interest On the gray bar, enter the allowable interest expense allocated or direct costed to each business component.
- Area The drop-down menu for "Area" includes all cost areas reportable in this cost report. See Step 8.f. for a detailed discussion of cost areas. "Central Office" may be used only for central office expenses that are allocated between multiple business components. Central office costs that can be directly charged to the contracted provider should be reported as "Program Administration." See <u>Appendix H. Definitions</u>, *Central Office* for more information.
- **Interest** Enter the allowable interest expense direct costed or allocated to this cost area within the business component.
- Cost Area Allocation Methodology If allocated to multiple cost areas, the preparer must choose an allocation method and upload an allocation summary. This summary will only be required if there are multiple cost areas selected.
- Business Component Allocation Methodology After all business component cost area allocations have been completed, the preparer must choose a business component allocation method and upload an allocation summary for an expense allocated to multiple business components.
- Upload supporting documentation for expenses. The documentation must include related party transaction records for all related party expenses reported. These transaction records must originate from the related party. Supporting documentation must include the related party,

organization name and detail the purpose of each expense. All uploaded documentation must be in spreadsheet format and preferably system-generated.

Step 8.d. Related-Party Contracted Services

Report in this step the purchase of services (such as accounting, legal, and consulting services) from a related-party organization or an individual who is **not** an employee of the contracted provider. If the related individual **is** an employee of the contracted provider, a controlling entity, or other related entity, do not complete this step; complete **Step 6.b.** instead. If reporting a related individual as contracted labor who is providing activities typically performed by employee staff (e.g., Attendant and Non-attendant staff services, Program Administration staff services, etc.), complete **Step 6.b**.

Note: Step 8.d. is just for related-party consultants and accountants, not management. Contracted Management should be entered in **Step 8.f.**

• Click "Add record."

```
    Items
    Items
```

- All columns must be completed for each related individual or organization.
 - Name of Related-Party/Organization Enter the name of the relatedparty or organization from whom the contracted provider purchased services as described above. If the contracted provider is a proprietorship, the related organization could be the individual owner rather than a separate corporation. If the contracted provider is a partnership, the related organization could be one of the partners.
 - **Type** Choose from the drop-down menu. This line item is where the allowable cost will appear in the cost report.
 - Description Describe the services purchased from the related-party organization or individual. Examples may include data processing services, legal services, accounting services, management consulting

services, medical director, accountant, building maintenance, and lawn maintenance.

- Cost to Related-Party This amount should be the actual cost to the related individual or organization providing the services, not to exceed the price of comparable services that could be purchased elsewhere in an arm's length transaction.
- **Click "Save"** to enter Business Component and Cost Area Allocation(s).
 - The available business components are limited to the businesses and contracts entered in **Step 3**.
 - If a business component that should receive a portion of the allocated cost of the service(s) is not on the list, the preparer should return to Step 3.b. and enter the missing business component data.
 - Allocate or direct cost all costs reported for the "Related-Party/Organization" under "Cost to the Related-Party to a business component" before proceeding. If allocated, the preparer must choose an allocation method and upload an allocation summary.

8.d. Related-Party Co	ntracted Services		
Please enter and verify the information b	elow		
Save Cancel			
Name of Related-Party/Organization	Туре	Description	Cost to Related-Party
	Fees - Management Contract		
	Building / Equipment - Contracted Services and Maintenance and Repairs Fees - Contracted Administrative, Professional, Consulting and Training Services		
Save Cancel			

- Business Component The drop-down menu includes all business components for the provider entity. If the provider entity has only one business component, the drop-down menu does not appear, and the single business component is automatically entered under the business component.
- **Click "Add Record"** Generates additional lines to record Cost Area information for each business component. Click "Add Record" until all business components to which this expense will be allocated have been added.

• Enter all Cost Area Information:

	Name of Related-Party/Organization		Туре		Description	Cost to Related-Party
			·			
Busin	ess Component & l	ine Item Allocation				
		 Add Record 				
				Cost to Related-Party		
-						
	Area			Cost to Related-Party		
	•	*				
	Add Line Item					
	TOTAL					
		Select Line Item Allocation M	ethodology		Attach Methodology	
		-		Select file of	or <u>upicad new file</u>	
TOTAL						
		Select Business Component Allocation Me	thodology		Attach Methodology	
		•		Select file of the select f	or <u>upload new file</u>	

- Cost to Related-Party On the gray bar, enter the cost allocated or direct costed to each business component.
- Area The drop-down menu for "Area" includes all cost areas reportable in this cost report. See Step 8.f. for a detailed discussion of cost areas. "Central Office" may only be used for central office expenses allocated between multiple business components. Central office costs that can be directly charged to the contracted provider should be reported as "Program Administration." See <u>Appendix H.</u> <u>Definitions</u>, *Central Office* for more information.
- Cost to Related-Party Enter the cost to the related-party direct costed or allocated to this cost area within the business component.
- Cost Area Allocation Methodology If allocated to multiple cost areas, the preparer must choose an allocation method and upload an allocation summary. This summary will only be required if there are multiple cost areas selected.
- Business Component Allocation Methodology After all business component cost area allocations have been completed, the preparer must choose a business component allocation method and upload an allocation summary for an expense allocated to multiple business components.
- Outpload supporting documentation for expenses. The documentation must include related party transaction records for all related party expenses reported. These transaction records must originate from the related party. Supporting documentation must include the related party, organization name and detail the purpose of

each expense. All uploaded documentation must be in spreadsheet format and preferably system-generated.

Step 8.e. Depreciation Expense and Related-Party Lease/Purchase of Depreciable Assets

For cost-reporting purposes, property and assets owned by the contracted provider and improvements to the provider's owned, leased, or rented property must be depreciated if they are valued at \$5,000 or more and have an estimated useful life of more than one year at the time of purchase. Any single item costing less than \$5,000 should be expensed and reported as supplies in the applicable cost area. For example, a non-depreciable calculator and a non-depreciable bookshelf would be reported as "Operations Supplies."

Depreciation for depreciable items must be calculated using the appropriate steps of the cost report. For depreciable assets leased from a related-party, all costs to be entered are the cost to the related-party, not payments by the contracted provider to the related-party. For depreciable assets purchased from a relatedparty, the cost entered must be the cost to the related-party and not the amount actually paid by the contracted provider for the asset purchased.

The asset type chosen in **Step 8.e.** will determine the line item on which the allowable cost will appear in the cost report. The various types of assets include:

- **Depreciation**: Buildings and Building Improvements, Building Fixed Equipment, Leasehold Improvements, Land Improvements, Other Amortization
 - Buildings and Building Improvements: Structures (and depreciable improvements to those structures) consisting of a building shell or frame, building components, exterior walls, interior framing, walls, floors, and ceilings. The building cost can also include a proportionate share of architectural, consulting, and interest expenses (incurred during the construction of the building, not mortgage interest) associated with a newly constructed or renovated building (including major additions). Buildings do not include central air conditioning systems and trade fixtures unless they were part of the building when purchased or renovated.

- Structural building improvements (renovations) should be depreciated as if they were a building. Such improvements should be assigned a life of at least 30 years and a salvage value of at least 10 percent. When a portion of a building is renovated, and all parts of the renovation are placed in service at or about the same time, the renovation should be depreciated as a single depreciable asset over 30 years and not over the estimated life of each component.
- Building improvements that are not structural in nature and do not extend the depreciable life of the building but whose estimated useful lives are longer than the remaining depreciable life of the building must be depreciated over the normal useful life of the building improvements.
- Providers who rent or lease their building must report any building improvement depreciation as leasehold improvement depreciation.
- Building Fixed Equipment: Any equipment attached to the building and intended to be permanent, such as central air conditioning systems and trade fixtures. Providers who rent or lease the facility must report any building fixed equipment depreciation as leasehold improvements depreciation.
- Leasehold Improvements: Improvements a lessee makes to a leased building. These improvements are permanently attached to the building or land. They become the property of the lessor when the lease is terminated. Examples of leasehold improvements are permanent trade fixtures, additions, and betterments. All building equipment and land improvements purchased by a lessee and valued at \$5,000 or more at the time of purchase, with an estimated useful life of more than one year, must be classified as a leasehold improvement and amortized. Leasehold improvements whose estimated lives are longer than the lease term must be amortized over the life of the leasehold improvement.
- Land Improvements: Assets found on the land area contiguous to and designed for serving the contracted provider, such as fences, sidewalks, driveways, parking lots, etc. The asset can include a proportionate share of the architectural, consulting, and interest expenses associated with newly constructed or renovated buildings. Providers who rent or lease the facility must report land improvement depreciation as leasehold improvement depreciation.

- Research and Development (R&D), Organizational, and Start-up: must be amortized over at least 60 months. R&D costs include those costs related to determining the business feasibility of obtaining a contract and can include costs such as demographic research and consulting fees.
 - Organizational costs may include legal fees, state incorporation fees, stock certificate costs, underwriting costs, and office expenses incident to organizing the company.
 - Start-up costs include employee training, licensing, utilities, facility cleaning, and other preparations incurred before the first individual (whether Medicaid or non-Medicaid) is admitted to the program.
 Startup costs do not include capital purchases, which are purchased assets meeting the criteria for depreciation as described in the Cost Determination Process rules.
 - Any costs that are properly identifiable as capitalizable construction costs must be appropriately classified and excluded from startup costs.
 Costs related to care for individuals incurred after the first individual is admitted but before the provider is Medicaidcertified are unallowable costs.
- **Depreciation Departmental Equipment**: Any equipment capable of being moved from one site to another, such as all types of furniture, appliances, office machines, and any other equipment that are necessary operating assets.
- Depreciation Transportation Equipment: Equipment used to transport individuals in care, staff, or materials and supplies utilized by the provider to provide contracted care. Depreciation expenses for transportation equipment not generally suited or commonly used to transport individuals in care, staff, or provider supplies are unallowable costs. This category includes motor homes and recreational vehicles, sports automobiles, motorcycles, heavy trucks, tractors, and equipment used in farming, ranching, and construction. Lawn tractors are to be reported as departmental equipment.
- Rent/Lease Building and Building Equipment (for related-party only): Includes the assets in the previous bullet entitled, "Depreciation: Buildings and Building Improvements, Building Fixed Equipment, Leasehold Improvements, Land Improvements, Other Amortization" that are rented or leased from a related-party. Additional expense types for possible building-related costs are optional entries.

- Mortgage Interest Mortgage interest for the property leased to the contracted provider that was properly accrued and paid by the relatedparty.
- Interest-Other Other interest expenses directly related to the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related-party.
- Property Tax Property tax payments for the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the relatedparty.
- Insurance Expense Insurance expenses for the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the relatedparty.
- Other Expense Other expenses directly related to the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related-party.
- Rent/Lease Departmental Equipment (for related-party only): includes the assets in "Depreciation – Departmental Equipment" above. Additional expense types for possible departmental equipment-related costs are optional entries.
 - Interest-Other Other interest expenses directly related to the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related-party.
 - Other Expense Other expenses directly related to the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related-party.
- Rent/Lease Transportation Equipment (for related-party only): includes the assets in "Depreciation – Transportation Equipment" above. Additional expense types for possible departmental equipment-related costs are optional entries.
 - Transportation Maintenance, Repairs, Gas, Oil, Interest, Insurance, Taxes, Other: Enter here only the Interest, Insurance, Repair, and Maintenance expenses directly related to the transportation equipment leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related-party.

 Other Expense – Other expenses directly related to the property leased to the contracted provider that were properly accrued and paid by the related-party.

NOTE: Allowable depreciation expense includes *only pure straight-line depreciation*. No accelerated or additional first-year depreciation is allowable.

Minimum useful lives must be consistent with "Estimated Useful Lives of Depreciable Hospital Assets", published by the American Hospital Association (AHA) (2018 Version Item Number). Copies of this publication may be obtained by contacting:

Mail:

AHA Services, Inc. 155 N. Wacker Dr. Chicago, IL 60606

Phone (Toll-Free): 800-424-4301

Website:

AHA Online Store

Only include assets of the contracted provider or its central office used directly or indirectly in providing resident care during the cost-reporting period. For shared central office depreciation, show the percentage allocated to the contracted provider for which the cost report is being prepared and cross-reference to the applicable allocation summary. For shared facility-level depreciation (i.e., depreciation of assets whose usage is shared between the contracted provider and another entity), show the amount allocated to the contracted provider by cost area and cross-reference the applicable allocation summary.

Required detail must be provided for each depreciable asset, and each depreciable asset will be assigned a correct estimated useful life as required by 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(10)(A-C).

Providers can report each single capital asset in **Step 8.e.** and allow the system to determine the straight-line depreciation amount applicable to the cost report, **or**

report the depreciation expense per category at the summary level by business component and line item. Providers must choose a depreciation method in <u>Step 2</u>. Once the cost report is certified, the provider cannot change the method of reporting depreciation. This method will carry from year to year. Note that any combined entity that includes a 24RCC contract will not be able to report capital assets on the summary level due to Title IV-E requirements. These providers must report all capital assets individually.

Reporting Capital Assets Individually

Depreciable asset information automatically populates from year to year after the initial entry. After the first year, providers will only need to adjust allocations of shared assets to correctly report the current year allocation percentages and add new assets. A provider with numerous assets may want to import their basic asset information. This information may be imported into STAIRS. See <u>Appendix F</u> for more information.

• Click "Add Record"

Is this a shared asset?	Yes No	
Related-Party or Non-Related-Party	Non-Related-Party Science Party	
Asset		
Code (optional)		
Description of Asset	- •	
Asset in Service at end of period?	Ves No	
Month/Year Placed In Service (mm/yyyy)		
Years of Useful Life		
Historical Costs		
Salvage Value		
Depreciation Basis		
Prior Period Accumulated Depreciation		
Depreciation for Reporting Period		
Total Expense for Reporting Period		

- Is this a shared asset? Click "Yes" or "No." If "Yes," the preparer will be asked to allocate the asset between business components and cost areas after saving. If "No," the system will automatically assign the asset to the current cost report.
- Related-Party or Non-Related-Party Click "Related-Party" if the asset was purchased or leased from a related-party or "Non-Related-Party" if the asset was purchased from a non-related-party.

NOTE – Only Related-Party leases are reported through the Depreciation webpages. Non-related-party leases are reported in **Step 8.f.**

- Asset This line item is where the allowable cost will appear in the cost report. If it is a related-party lease, a drop-down menu with additional expense types will be available to enter related-party costs.
- Code (optional) For internal provider use.
- Description of Asset This category will be chosen from a drop-down menu populated from the AHA Guide discussed in "Years of Useful Life" below. If the preparer does not find the type of asset and cannot determine a close match, contact <u>HHSC PFD</u> to determine if a new asset type should be added.

NOTE: If "Building" is selected, a drop-down menu will request an address. If the building is being leased (related parties only), a lease agreement must be uploaded.

- Asset in Service at end of Period? Click "Yes" or "No" to note whether this item was in service at the end of the cost reporting period. If "Yes," enter the Month/Year placed in service. If "No," enter the Month/Year placed in service and the Month/Year removed from service.
- Years of Useful Life The time over which the asset must be depreciated. STAIRS populates this based on the Description entered in "Description of Asset" above for all assets except used vehicles. For used vehicles, determine and enter the required useful life. As per 1 TAC 355.103(b)(10)(C)(ii), "The estimated life of a previously owned (used) vehicle is the longer of the number of years remaining in the vehicle's depreciable life or three years."
- Historical Cost The cost of acquiring the asset and preparing it for use. Does not include goodwill or, for buildings, the cost of the land (land is not a depreciable item).
- Salvage Value This amount will be calculated automatically. Salvage value is the asset's estimated residual value for scrap or salvage after its

useful life has ended. All buildings must have a minimum salvage value of at least 10 percent of the historical cost for Medicaid cost-reporting purposes. No other salvage values are required.

- Depreciation Basis Calculated figure equal to Historical Cost minus Salvage Value.
- Prior Period Accumulated Depreciation Calculated figure. Based on the date placed in service and depreciation calculation on the Depreciation Basis from the date placed in service to the beginning date of the cost reporting period.
- Depreciation for Reporting Period Calculated figure. Based on the date placed in service, the beginning date of the cost-reporting period, date entered as Month/Year removed from service, and the remaining useful life.
- Total Expense for Reporting Period Calculated figure. For relatedparty leases, this category will include costs from Assets, Code, Description of Asset, and Asset in Service above.
- **Click "Save"** to enter Business Component and Cost Area Allocation(s).
 - Business Component The available business components are limited to the businesses and contracts entered in <u>Step 3</u>. If a business component that should receive a percentage of the asset or related-party leased items is not on the list, the preparer must return to **Step 3.b.** and enter the missing business component data. Allocate or direct cost 100 percent of the asset costs a business component before proceeding. If allocated, the preparer must choose an allocation method and upload an allocation summary.

Busir	Business Component & Line Item Allocation									
			Add Record							
				Asset in Service at end of period?	Month/Year Placed in Service (mm/yyyy)	Month/Year Removed from Service (mm/yyyy)	Allocation %	Expense for Reporting Period		
8 0				-						
			Area	Asset in Service at end of period?	Month/Year Placed in Service (mm/yyyy)	Month/Year Removed from Service (mmlyggy)	Allocation %	Expense for Reporting Period		
	•	•		•						
		Add L	ine Item							
	то	DTAL				-				
			Select Line Item Allocation	on Methodology	Attach Methodology					
			· ·			Select file or <u>upload ne</u>	w filo			
	10	000050	103 - DAHS	-						
TOTAL							100.00%			
	Select Business Component Allocation Methodology					Attach Methodology				
	•			Select file or <u>upload ne</u>	w file					
Save Save	8	Cance	- Te							

 Business Component – The drop-down menu includes all business components for the provider entity. If the provider entity has only one business component, the drop-down menu does not appear, and the single business component is automatically entered under the business component.

- Click "Add Record" Generates additional lines to record cost area information for each business component. Click "Add Record" until all business components to which this expense will be allocated have been added.
- Information in the Business Component Gray Bar:
 - Asset in Service at end of period? The response for the business component will default to "Yes" if the asset information above states that the asset itself was in service at the end of the period. This entry field allows for the possibility that the asset is taken out of service for a single business component but not for all. The allocation of an asset may also change throughout a year. This question allows for flexibility in how asset allocation may change.
 - Month/Year Placed in Service (mm/yyyy) Enter the month and year the asset was initially placed in service for depreciation purposes for this specific business component.
 - Month/Year Removed from Service (mm/yyyy) If the asset was removed from service for this business component during the current year, enter the month and year the asset was removed from service.
 - Allocation % The percentage of the costs allocated to this specific business component.
 - **Expense for Reporting Period** Calculated figure based on the percentage(s) entered.
- Enter all Cost Area Information

Bu	Business Component & Line Item Allocation										
			Add Record								
				Asset in Service at end of period?	Month/Year Placed in Service (mm/yyyy)	Month/Year Removed from Service (mm/yyyy)	Allocation %	Expense for Reporting Period			
	•			-							
			Area	Asset in Service at end of period?	Month/Year Placed in Service (mm/yyyy)	Month/Year Removed from Service (mmlyyyy)	Allocation %	Expense for Reporing Period			
		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-							
		Add I	ine Item								
		TOTAL									
			Select Line Item Allocation	on Methodology	Attach Methodology						
						Select file or upload ne	ar file				
۲	•	1000050	003 - DAHS								
TOT	AL.						100.00%				
			Select Business Component Allocation Methodology			Attach Methodology					
			·		Select file or upbad new file						
	Save 1	🙁 Canci	8								

- Area The drop-down menu for "Area" includes all cost areas reportable in this cost report. See Step 8.f. for a detailed discussion of cost areas. "Central Office" may only be used for central office expenses allocated between multiple business components. Central office costs that can be directly charged to the contracted provider should be reported as Program Administration. See <u>Appendix H. Definitions</u>, *Central Office* for more information.
- Asset in Service at End of Period? The response for the cost area will default to "Yes" if the business component information above states that the asset itself was in service at the end of the period. This entry field allows for the possibility that the asset is taken out of service for a single cost area but not for all. The allocation of an asset may also change throughout a year. This question allows for flexibility in how asset allocation may change throughout a year.
- Month/Year Placed in Service Enter the month and year the asset was initially placed in service for depreciation purposes for this specific cost area.
- Month/Year Removed from Service If the asset was removed from service for this cost area during the current year, enter the month and year the asset was removed from service.
 - Month/Year Placed in Service and Removed from Service allow for changes in allocation percentages throughout a year.
 - By entering an end date where the allocation changes and adding a record with a new "placed in service date" for the new allocation period, the usage changes will be considered in the calculation of the depreciation below.

- Allocation % The percentage of the costs allocated to this specific cost area.
- Expense for Reporting Period Calculated figure based on the percentage(s) entered.
- Cost Area Allocation Methodology If allocated to multiple cost areas, the preparer must choose an allocation method and upload an allocation summary. This summary will only be required if there are multiple cost areas selected.
- Business Component Allocation Methodology After all business component cost area allocations have been completed, the preparer must choose a business component allocation method and upload an allocation summary for an expense allocated to multiple business components.
- **Upload Schedule E** form for Contract Management Information. See Appendix I for more information.
- Upload Related-Party Lease Agreement.
- Upload supporting documentation for expenses. The documentation must include related party transaction records for all related party expenses reported. These transaction records must originate from the related party. Supporting documentation must include the related party, organization name and detail the purpose of each expense. All uploaded documentation must be in spreadsheet format and preferably systemgenerated.

Step 8.f. Non-Related-Party Facility, Operations, Administrative, and Other Direct Care Costs

This webpage has a column for the Line Item Names, three columns for Nonrelated-Party Cost Areas, three columns for Related-Party Cost Areas, a column to total all expenses in each line item, and a column for notes. The three columns for Nonrelated- and Related-Party Cost Areas are "Program Administration & Operations" and "Central Office," plus a "Total." Facility and Operations costs should be reported if the provider has a Program Administration office. Even if building/facility costs are paid by or through a central office, the portion of the building/facility and operations costs directly related to the contracted provider should be reported in the specific cost area as appropriate. The "Program Administration & Operations" columns are intended for reporting facility and operations costs that directly support the contracts included in the Cost Report Goup f`or which the cost report is being prepared. The "Central Office" column is intended to capture the allocated portion of shared (i.e., central office) administrative costs. It is important to report all costs in the correct cost area.

The first column of this webpage comprises all the Facility, Operations, and Administration non-staff line items. Each of these line items will be discussed in detail below. Some of the items may be reportable only in certain cost areas. In those instances, the cost report will not allow entry in the cost area(s) where that expense may not be reported.

Cost Areas

Program Administration & Operations

The Program Administration & Operations cost area is intended to capture administrative expenses associated with direct program management of the contracted provider itself. These are considered program administrative expenses and should be directly chargeable to the contracted provider. Allocated costs should not be reported in the Program Administration cost area, except for an administrator allocated from the central office.

Central Office

The Central Office cost area is intended to capture the allocated portion of shared (i.e., central office) administrative costs. For example, if documentation supports allowable legal fees directly related to the management of the contracts included in the Cost Report Group, those legal fees should be reported in the Program Administration & Operations cost area. However, the allocated portion would be reported in the Central Office cost area if the allowable legal fees were related to the corporation or related organization (e.g., general employee policies and procedures). If an outside accountant prepared the cost report for the contracted provider, the cost should be directly charged to the Program Administration & Operations cost area. If an outside accountant prepares financial statements for the parent company or sole member, the allocated portion of those costs applicable to the contracts included in the Cost Report Group must be reported in the Central Office cost area.

Allowable central office costs include those necessary for providing care for contracted services in Texas and an appropriate share of allowable indirect costs. Costs unallowable to the contracted provider are also unallowable as central office costs. Central office costs must be reported at the actual cost to the central office with no markup.

The Central Office cost area of the cost report is self-contained, meaning that all allocated costs associated with the central office are reported in that cost area and should not be reported anywhere else on the cost report.

	Non-Related Party			Related Party				
Туре	Program Admin & Operation	Central Office	Non- Related- Party Total	Program Admin& Operation	Central Office	Related- Party Total	TOTAL	Notes (optional)
Rent / Lease - Building and Building Equipment								
Rent / Lease - Departmental Equipment / Other								
nterest - Mortgage								
nsurance - Building and Equipment								
faxes - Ad Valorem Real Estate								
Utilities & Telecommunications								
Building / Equipment - Contracted Services and Maintenance and Repairs								
	Non-Related Party			Related Party				
уре	Program Admin & Operation	Central Office	Non- Related- Party Total	Program Admin& Operation	Central Office	Related- Party Total	TOTAL	Notes (optional)
Depreciation - Building & Improvements, Building Fixed Equipment, easehold Improvements, Land Improvements, Other Amortization								
Depreciation - Departmental Equipment								
Operations Supplies								
Depreciation - Transportation Equipment								
Rent / Lease - Transportation Equipment or Contracted Transportation Services								
services Transportation - Maintenance, Repairs, Gas, Oil, Interest, Insurance, Taxes, Other								
Staff Training / Seminars - Non Admin Staff								
Staff Training / Seminars - Admin								
	Non-Related Party			Related Party				
fype	Program Admin & Operation	Central Office	Non- Related- Party Total	Program Admin& Operation	Central Office	Related- Party Total	TOTAL	Notes (optional)
Insurance - Liability								
Travel (not to include mileage reimbursement)								
Fees - Management Contract								
Fees - Contracted Administrative, Professional, Consulting and Training Services								
Licenses and Permits								
interest - Other								
Taxes - Texas Corporate Franchise Tax								
	Non-Related Party			Related Party				
уре	Program Admin & Operation	Central Office	Non- Related- Party Total	Program Admin& Operation	Central Office	Related- Party Total	TOTAL	Notes (optional)
axes - Other (describe)								
Staff Medical Supplies, Activity Supplies and Emergency Personal Care Supplies								
Housekeeping								
ood, Beverages and Food Supplies (flatware, utensils, detergent, etc)								
Contracted Food Services (provide explanation)								
Other Food and Food Services Expenses								
dvertising								
dvertising ues and Memberships								

For details on allocating shared costs, see Appendix B.

Depending on the line item type, line items will accept entry into various nonrelated-party cost areas. Depreciation expenses do not accept direct entry because all depreciation is entered in **Step 8.e**. Certain line items are considered indirect costs only and can only be entered in the Program Administration or Central Office cost areas. All related-party facility and operations expense transactions must be entered in the appropriate step of STAIRS.

Non-Related-Party Entry Line Items

Rent/Lease – Building and Building Equipment

- Report building and building equipment lease/rental costs in this item.
- If the rental/lease of a building is from a related-party, do not enter directly here. The lease and related costs must be entered in **Step 8.e**. The calculated cost to the related-party will be transferred here.
- If the rental/lease of building equipment is from a related-party, do not enter directly here. The lease must be entered in **Step 8.b.** if the building equipment is non-depreciable (items costing less than \$5,000 or with a useful life of less than one year), or **Step 8.e**., if the building equipment is depreciable (items with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year).
- Lease deposit payments are not allowable costs at the time of payment. If the total amount of the deposit is not refunded at the time specified in the lease, the amount that was not refunded and used for allowable costs is allowable for cost-reporting purposes at that time. Lease deposits made for remodeling and purchasing replacement items or fixtures are not allowable costs at the time of payment. If the total amount of the deposit is not refunded at the time specified in the lease, the amount that was not refunded and used for allowable costs at the time of payment. If the total amount of the deposit is not refunded at the time specified in the lease, the amount that was not refunded and used for allowable remodeling and purchase of replacement items or fixtures is allowable for reporting as repairs, maintenance, or depreciation, whichever is appropriate.
- Lease payments made for goodwill are not allowable costs (see <u>Appendix H.</u> <u>Definitions</u>, *Goodwill* for more information).

Rent/Lease – Departmental Equipment/Other

- Report the lease/rental costs of departmental equipment. Departmental equipment includes telephone systems, pagers, facsimile (FAX) machines, photocopiers, and computers.
- If the rental/lease is from a related-party, do not enter directly here. The lease and related costs must be entered either in **Step 8.b.** if the departmental equipment is non-depreciable (items costing less than \$5,000 or with a useful life of less than one year) or **Step 8.e.** if the departmental equipment is

depreciable (items with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year).

Interest – Mortgage

- See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(11) for more information. Reasonable and necessary interest on current and capital indebtedness is an allowable cost.
- Report the interest expense accrued during the reporting period from purchasing a facility (i.e., mortgage interest) in this item. If the provider is a nonprofit entity and issued bonds for the purchase of the facility, report the bond issuance costs here.
- If a related-party funded the loan, do not enter directly here. Enter through **Step 8.c.**
- Late payment fees and penalties are unallowable costs.
- Interest on vehicle loans should be reported in <u>Transportation Maintenance</u>, <u>Repairs</u>, <u>Gas</u>, <u>Oil</u>, <u>Interest</u>, <u>Insurance</u>, <u>Taxes</u>, <u>Other</u> below.
- Interest on working capital loans, departmental equipment loans, loans for purchasing building improvements, building renovations, building equipment, and other operational notes should be reported in <u>Interest – Other</u> below.

Insurance – Building and Equipment

- Costs for insurance premiums for buildings, contents, and grounds must be reported with amounts accrued for premiums, modifiers, and surcharges and net of any refunds and discounts actually received or settlements paid during the same cost-reporting period (i.e., the premiums are accrued, and related expenses are reported on a cash basis).
- Self-insurance is a means whereby a contracted provider undertakes the risk to protect itself against anticipated liabilities by providing funds in an amount equivalent to liquidate those liabilities. Self-insurance can also be described as uninsured. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(13)(B) for additional requirements. Contributions to self-insurance funds or reserves that do not represent payments based on current liabilities are unallowable costs. The allowable insurance costs may also be subject to a cost ceiling. See also 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(13)(E) and <u>Appendix E</u> for more information.

Taxes – Ad Valorem Real Estate

- Report the cost of ad valorem real estate taxes related to Program Administration and Central Office buildings in this item.
- Tax expenses must be reported on an accrual basis for the cost-reporting period only. If a tax statement covers any period outside the cost-reporting period, the cost must be prorated so the amount on the cost report represents only the cost-reporting period.
 - Report Texas corporate franchise taxes in <u>Taxes Texas Corporate</u> <u>Franchise Tax</u> below.
 - Report personal property taxes and other operational taxes in <u>Taxes –</u> <u>Other</u> below.

Utilities & Telecommunications

- Biohazard Waste
- Electricity, Gas, Water, Wastewater, Garbage. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(8) for more information. For utility costs to be allowable on the cost report, the utilities must be used directly or indirectly in the provision of contracted services. Report the costs associated with buildings in the appropriate area.
- Telecommunications utility costs associated with the contracts included in the Cost Report Group are reported here. Telecommunications refers to the cost of internet service, telephone, pager, and facsimile service only and not the cost of purchasing, leasing, or maintaining the associated equipment.

Building/Equipment – Contracted Services, Maintenance, and Repairs

- Report expenses for contract services relating to building/grounds repairs and maintenance (including contracted janitorial services, contracted fire alarm inspections, and contracted lawn services) here. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(10)(B) for more information.
- Report maintenance supplies related to facility maintenance and non-depreciable repairs and maintenance costs associated with buildings, building equipment, and grounds in this item. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(9)(A) for more information.
- **Maintenance and Repairs** Report the applicable amount of building and equipment maintenance and repair expenses related to the contracts included in

the Cost Report Group. For cost-reporting purposes, repairs and maintenance expenses are categorized as ordinary or extraordinary repairs. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(9) (A-B) for more information.

- Ordinary repairs and maintenance are defined as outlays for parts, labor, and related supplies necessary to keep an asset operating but neither add materially to the use value of the asset nor prolong its life appreciably. See Section 355.103(b)(9)(A) for more information.
 - Ordinary repairs include but are not limited to painting, wallpapering, copy machine repair, or repairing an electrical circuit.
- Extraordinary or major repairs involve relatively large expenditures, are not normally recurring, and usually increase an asset's use value or service life beyond what it was before the repair.
 - Extraordinary repairs include but are not limited to, major improvements in a building's electrical system, carpeting an entire building, replacing a roof, or strengthening the foundation of a building.
 - Extraordinary repairs that cost \$2,500 or more and have a useful life of more than one year may not be reported directly in this item. They must be capitalized and depreciated by reporting in **Step 8.e**. See Section 355.103(b)(9)(B) for more information.

Depreciation – Building & Improvements, Building Fixed Equipment, Leasehold Improvements, Land Improvements, Other Amortization

• Enter all buildings, building improvements, building fixed equipment, leasehold improvements, land improvements, and amortizable items with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year in **Step 8.e.** The calculated depreciation will be transferred here.

Depreciation – Departmental Equipment

• Enter all departmental equipment costing \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year in **Step 8. e**. The calculated depreciation will be transferred here.

Operations Supplies

• For all items of cost, report only net expenses, meaning gross expenses less any purchase discounts, rebates, returns, or allowances.

- Hepatitis B vaccinations, TB tests, Chest X-rays, Drug Tests, and Physicals – Report under either Program Administration or Central Office (when a properly allocated cost of the Central Office) supplies used to administer Hepatitis B vaccinations to provider staff and costs related to tuberculosis (TB) tests, chest x-rays, drug tests, and physicals.
- Non-depreciable Equipment Report items that cost less than \$5,000 or have a useful life of less than one year as supplies. Report here such nondepreciable equipment used for services (e.g., nursing, medical records, staff training, and central supply), program administration, and the allocated portion of central office supplies.
 - Small equipment that costs \$5,000 or more and has a useful life of more than one year is considered Departmental Equipment and should be entered as such in Step 8.e.
 - Non-depreciable equipment purchased or leased from a related-party may not be reported here directly. Enter it in **Step 8.b**., and the allowable costs will be transferred here.
- Employee benefits not subject to payroll taxes, such as uniforms or non-wage incentives, may be reported here in the appropriate cost area.
- **Supplies, Nursing, and Medical** Report here supplies including but not limited to tongue depressors, swabs, Band-Aids, cotton balls, alcohol, and nursing reference books. Report nursing forms and medical records supplies in this item.
 - Supplies that are chargeable to Medicare or sources other than Medicaid are not to be included here.
- **Supplies, Office** Report office supplies in each setting as appropriate.
- **Supplies, Operational** include non-depreciable equipment required to maintain and repair departmental equipment, garbage cans/bags, and cleaning supplies used to keep operational areas clean.

Depreciation – Transportation Equipment

• Enter all transportation equipment costing \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year in **Step 8. e**. The calculated depreciation will be transferred here. The depreciation amount for Luxury Vehicles is \$50,203 for 2023.

Rent/Lease – Transportation Equipment or Contracted Transportation Services

- Report transportation equipment lease/rental costs in this item.
- Non-related-party rental or lease that is not a capital lease is reported here. All related-party rentals and leases and all capital leases, whether a relatedparty or not, for transportation equipment that costs \$5,000 or more and has a useful life of more than one year must be reported through Step 8.e.
- Non-depreciable transportation equipment (costing less than \$5,000 or with a useful life of less than one year) rented or leased from a related-party must be reported through **Step 8.b**.
- **Contracted Transportation Services** may be a contract with a local taxi company to transport individuals, monthly passes for individuals on the bus system, or other contracts to provide transportation of individuals.

Transportation – Maintenance, Repairs, Gas, Oil, Interest, Insurance, Taxes, Other

- Report transportation expenses related only to the delivery of services. If a vehicle is used for personal and business use, vehicle logs must be maintained to document and remove expenses related to personal use.
- Grants and contracts from the federal, state, or local governments, such as transportation grants or Housing and Urban Development Grants, should be offset before reporting on the cost report against the cost or group of costs for which the grant was intended. For example, if a grant were received from the Texas Department of Transportation (TX DOT) to assist in purchasing a van, the amount of the grant would be deducted from the cost of the van, and only the remaining cost, if any, would be reported on the cost report as a depreciable asset.
- Insurance, Vehicle Report the cost for insurance premiums or, in cases of self-insurance, allowable paid claims for vehicles. Report only the portion of the insurance expense directly related to the contracts included in the Cost Report Group. See <u>Insurance – Building and Equipment</u> above for details on the proper reporting of Insurance expenses.
- **Interest, Vehicle Loans** Report the interest from loans for vehicles or repairs/maintenance of vehicles used in the program. If a related-party funded the loan, do not enter directly here. Enter through **Step 8.c**.

- **Property Tax, Vehicles** Report any property tax paid on vehicles used in the program.
- Maintenance, Repairs, Gas, and Oil Report the applicable amount of automobile expenses related to this program. Personal use of vehicles must be documented and removed from the cost report. For cost-reporting purposes, repairs and maintenance expenses are categorized as ordinary or extraordinary repairs.
 - Ordinary transportation equipment repairs and maintenance are defined as outlays for parts, labor, and related supplies necessary to keep an asset operating but neither add materially to the value of the asset nor prolong its life appreciably. Ordinary repairs include tune-ups, oil changes, cleaning, inspections, and replacement of parts due to normal wear and tear (such as tires, brakes, shocks, and exhaust components). Ordinary repairs may be expensed in the year the expense is accrued and reported directly in this item.
 - Extraordinary or major vehicle repairs involve relatively large expenditures, are not normally recurring, and usually increase an asset's value or service life beyond what it was before the repair. Extraordinary repairs include such things as engine and transmission overhaul and replacement. Extraordinary repairs that cost \$2,500 or more and have a useful life above one year may not be reported directly in this item. They must be capitalized and depreciated by reporting in **Step 8.e**. See Section 355.103(b)(9) (A-B) for more information.
- Other Transportation Expenses Expenses such as license tags, parking fees, and tolls should be reported in this item. Parking fines or penalties are not allowable costs and should not be in this cost report. Provide an itemization of each category of expense and its associated dollar amount in the Notes section.

Staff Training/Seminars

- To be allowable, the training must be located in Texas (unless unavailable in Texas) and be related directly and primarily to the job performed by the staff person attending the training.
- For training conducted within the provider setting, allowable training costs include but are not limited to instructor and consultant fees, training supplies, and visual aids.

- For off-site training, allowable costs include allowable travel costs. See <u>Travel</u> below for more information. Included are registration fees, seminar supplies, and classroom costs that meet the other criteria detailed in 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(15).
- Training/Seminar costs incurred for Program Administration and Operations and Central Office staff are reported in their respective cost areas.
- Costs for training outside the continental United States are unallowable.

Insurance – Liability

- See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(13) for more information.
- Report the cost for insurance premiums for general liability and professional malpractice insurance paid to a nonrelated insurance company in this item, but only in Program Administration and Central Office as appropriate. Also, report the premiums paid to a risk retention group registered with the Texas Department of Insurance.
- Costs related to errors and omissions (liability) insurance for board members are allowable.
- Costs paid to a related-party insurance company for liability insurance will not be reported directly in this item. Report those costs through **Step 8.d**.
- Report the cost for paid claims, deductibles, and co-insurance for general liability and professional malpractice insurance. The cost of claims paid under a captive insurance arrangement must be reported here. If this arrangement is a self-insurance situation, see <u>Appendix E</u>.

Travel (not to include mileage reimbursement)

- For purposes of training, allowable travel must be within Texas (unless unavailable in Texas), be related directly and primarily to the job performed by the staff person attending the training, and meet the other criteria detailed in 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(15).
- Other than mileage reimbursement, which is to be reported in **Step 6** with the costs for the various staff types, allowable travel for purposes other than training must be related directly to the job performed by the staff person.
 - Such travel must be within Texas except for travel for the purpose of delivering direct contracted client services within 25 miles of the Texas border with adjoining states or Mexico; or the purpose for the travel is to

conduct business related to contracted client services in Texas and the travel is between Texas and the contracted provider's central office.

- The maximum lodging per diem and meals per diem costs is 150 percent of the <u>General Services Administration's (GSA) federal travel rates</u> to determine the maximum lodging and meals reimbursement rates.
- On this website, select the correct time from the Per Diem Rates, remembering that federal fiscal years begin in October and end in September.
 - For locations not specifically listed on the GSA website, the maximum allowable lodging and meals per diem rates for cost-reporting purposes are based on the Standard rate (listed on the GSA website) multiplied by 1.5, plus any applicable city local/state taxes and energy surcharges.

Fees – Management Contract

- See 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(6) and 355.105(b)(2)(B)(xiii) for more information.
- Reasonable management fees paid to non-related parties are allowable costs. If the contracted provider has a management agreement with a nonrelated business entity to provide management services to the contracts included in the Cost Report Group, report the fees incurred here and upload a copy of the management agreement signed by all interested parties. If an expense is reported in this item of **Step 6.a.**, the answer to "Question 1. Do you have any contracted management costs to report?" must be "Yes."
- If the contracted manager was designated in **Step 6.a.** as a related-party, do not enter those costs here. Allowable management fees paid to related parties for administrative services are limited to the actual costs (e.g., staff, supplies, materials, allocated building costs, allocated departmental equipment costs) incurred by the related-party manager for services provided. Related-party management costs must be reported as central office costs with no mark-up in the specific items related to the cost and must not be combined into one item.

Fees – Contracted Administrative, Professional, Consulting, and Training Services

- See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(3) for more information.
- Report contracted medical records services here.
- Report contracted administrative services, such as clerical temporaries, printing, copying, and courier delivery services here.

- Report the cost of contracted professional services, including allowable expenses related to accountants, attorneys, and data processing. Accounting fees for preparing income tax forms and returns are allowable costs; however, income taxes are not allowable. See 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(3)(A) and 355.105(b)(2)(B)(viii) for more information. Professional service fees must be directly related to the provider's activity only and directly or indirectly related to providing services included in the vendor payment.
- Legal, accounting, and other fees and costs associated with litigation between a provider and a governmental entity are unallowable. Under 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(3)(B) and 355.103(b)(20)(I), the costs of litigation that resulted in a court-ordered award of damages or settlements to be paid by the provider or that resulted in a criminal conviction of the provider are unallowable. Within the narrow range of circumstances where legal expenses are allowable on the cost report, the provider must maintain adequate documentation as described in 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(viii). Expenses incurred because of imprudent business practices are unallowable.
- Report allowable expenses for workers' compensation administrative and legal expenses here.
- Report allowable franchise fees here. Franchise fees differ from franchise taxes; see <u>Taxes – Texas Corporate Franchise Tax</u> below. Franchise fees that represent goodwill or other intangible services are not allowable. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(20)(C) for more information.
- Report seminar/conference registration fees as training and seminar costs in Staff Training/Seminar above.
- Do not report these unallowable costs on this cost report: NSF charges and other penalties, fees paid to members of the provider's board of directors, and administrative fines and penalties.

Licenses and Permits

• Include fees for licenses and permits and license fees paid on behalf of an employee (e.g., Administrator license).

Interest – Other (describe)

• See 1 TAC Sections 355.103(b)(11) and 355.105(b)(2)(B) for more information.

- Maintain adequate documentation and report the cost of interest paid on working capital loans (e.g., lines of credit). If a related-party funded loan, do not enter here directly. Enter through **Step 8.c**.
- The interest expense reported in this item must be offset by any interest income. Only the remaining interest expense, if any, should be reported here.

Taxes – Texas Corporate Franchise Tax

- See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(12) for more information.
- Report the cost of Texas corporate franchise tax expenses for the cost-reporting period only. This item should not be blank if the provider is a corporate entity.
- If a tax statement includes any time outside the cost-reporting period, the cost must be prorated so the amount reported on the cost report represents only costs associated with the cost-reporting period.
- Franchise taxes differ from franchise fees; allowable franchise fees are reported in <u>Fees – Contracted Administrative, Professional, Consulting, and Training</u> <u>Services</u> above. Franchise taxes associated with states other than Texas are unallowable costs.

Taxes – Other (describe)

- See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(12) for more information.
- Report personal property taxes related to the contents of the Program Administration office building(s) and other operational taxes associated with the Program Administration office building(s) only.
- Unallowable taxes include federal, state, and local income taxes; excess profit or surplus revenue-based taxes; taxes levied on assets unrelated to delivering contracted services in Texas; pass-through taxes, such as sales tax collected and remitted; and tax penalties and interest. Self-employment taxes are unallowable. Taxes for which an exemption is available are unallowable.
- Taxes in connection with financing, refinancing, or refunding operations, such as taxes on the issuance of bonds, property transfers, issuance or transfer of stocks are unallowable as a tax expense; however, such taxes are usually depreciated or amortized.
- Ad Valorem property taxes are reported in <u>Taxes Ad Valorem Real Estate</u>.
- Texas corporate franchise taxes are reported in <u>Taxes Texas Corporate</u> <u>Franchise Tax</u>.

Advertising

- See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(16) for a complete description of allowable and unallowable advertising and public relations expenses.
- Advertising expenses for recruitment of necessary personnel, yellow page listings no larger than one-eighth of a page, advertising to meet statutory or regulatory requirements, and advertising for the procurement of items related to contracted resident care are allowable.

Dues and Memberships

- See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(14) for more information.
- Dues for membership in professional associations directly and primarily concerned with the provision of services for which the provider is contracted are allowable. Any portion of the membership cost applied to lobbying or whose purpose is to fund lawsuits or any legal action against the state or federal government is not allowable.
- Membership dues in purchasing organizations or buying clubs are limited to the prorated amount representing purchases made to provide contracted services.
- Subscriptions to newspapers, journals, and magazines whose content is
 primarily concerned with providing services for which the provider is contracted
 are allowable and should be reported in the cost area where the employees'
 salaries using those subscriptions are reported (i.e., Program Administration and
 Central Office).
- Dues or contributions to any civic, political, social, fraternal, or charitable organization are unallowable. Chamber of Commerce dues are unallowable.

Other (describe)

- Report here any costs that cannot be reasonably reported in any prior cost category.
- Any cost reported here should be adequately described. Costs related to boards
 of directors are unallowable. Exceptions include travel costs incurred to attend
 meetings of the contracted provider's board of directors or trustees within limits
 (reported in <u>Travel</u> above) and errors and omissions (liability) insurance for
 board members (reported in <u>Insurance Liability</u> above).

Step 8.g. Facility and Operations Costs Summary

This step summarizes the Related and Non-Related-Party Costs entered through **Steps 8.b.** to **8.f.** This view is more compact than the data entry in **Step 8.f.** The preparer may review these totals against the cost report preparation workpapers to ensure all costs are correctly captured.

	Related and Non-Related Party Summary		
Туре	Program Admin & Operation	Central Office	TOTAL
Rent / Lease - Building and Building Equipment			
Rent / Lease - Departmental Equipment / Other			
Interest - Mortgage			
Insurance - Building and Equipment			
Taxes - Ad Valorem Real Estate			
Utilities & Telecommunications			
Building / Equipment - Contracted Services and Maintenance and Repairs			
	Related and Non-Related Party Summary		
Туре	Program Admin & Operation	Central Office	TOTAL
Depreciation - Building & Improvements, Building Fixed Equipment, Leasehold Improvements, Land Improvements, Other Amortization			
Depreciation - Departmental Equipment			
Operations Supplies			
Depreciation - Transportation Equipment			
Rent / Lease - Transportation Equipment or Contracted Transportation Services			
Transportation - Maintenance, Repairs, Gas, Oil, Interest, Insurance, Taxes, Other			
Staff Training / Seminars - Non Admin Staff			
Staff Training / Seminars - Admin			
	Related and Non-Related Party Summary		
Туре	Program Admin & Operation	Central Office	TOTAL
Insurance - Liability			
Travel (not to include mileage reimbursement)			
Fees - Management Contract			
Fees - Contracted Administrative, Professional, Consulting and Training Services			
Licenses and Permits			
Interest - Other			
Taxes - Texas Corporate Franchise Tax			
	Related and Non-Related Party Summary		
Туре	Program Admin & Operation	Central Office	TOTAL
Taxes - Other (describe)			
Staff Medical Supplies, Activity Supplies and Emergency Personal Care Supplies			
Housekeeping			
Food, Beverages and Food Supplies (flatware, utensils, detergent, etc)			
Contracted Food Services (provide explanation)			
Other Food and Food Services Expenses			
Advertising			
Dues and Memberships			
Other (describe)			
TOTAL	\$0	\$0	\$0

Note: Do not go to Step 9 until all reports have been completed through Step 8.

Step 9. Preparer Verification Summary

Purpose

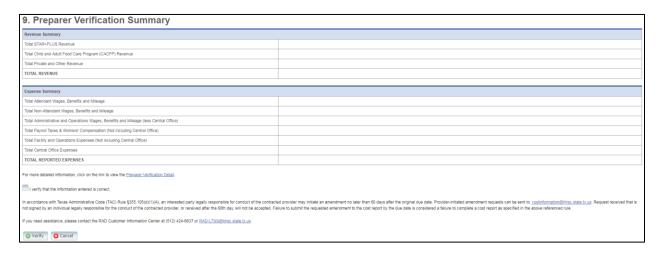
The summary verification webpage shows the Total Reported Revenues and Total Reported Expenses entered into STAIRS. This step allows the provider to reconcile the supporting documentation.

How Does HHSC PFD Use this Information?

This information is for verification purposes only. HHSC PFD does not use this information.

How to Complete Step 9

After all items for the cost report have been completed, the report is ready for verification. The summary verification webpage shows the total reported revenues and total reported expenses entered into STAIRS. These figures should be checked against the preparer's supporting documentation to ensure all intended non-HHSC revenues and expenses have been entered.



A link to the Preparer Verification Detail Report is included at the bottom of the page. This report provides the detail of all units of service and expenses entered. The report can be verified once the preparer has determined everything is entered correctly and all appropriate documentation has been uploaded. The preparer will check the box beside the phrase "I verify that the information entered is correct." Then click the "Verify" box at the bottom.

Steps 10 and 11. Preparer Certification and Entity Contact Certification

Purpose

Providers must certify the accuracy of cost reports submitted to HHSC PFD. Providers may be liable for civil and criminal penalties if the cost report is not completed according to HHSC requirements or is determined to contain misrepresented or falsified information. Preparers must certify that they read the Cost Determination Process rules, reimbursement methodology rules, cost report cover letter, and cost report instructions and that they understand the cost report must be prepared following the Cost Determination Process rules, reimbursement methodology rules, and cost report instructions.

A person with supervisory authority over the preparation of the cost report who reviewed the completed cost report may sign a certification page in addition to the actual preparer, as per 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(3).

How Does HHSC PFD Use this Information?

HHSC PFD uses this information to ensure the entity and preparer have verified the report as per TAC rules.

How to Complete Steps 10 and 11

Certification pages cannot be printed for signing and notarizing until the report has been verified. If the report is reopened for any reason, any previously uploaded certifications will be invalid and must be completed again. If additional changes need to be made after the report is completed and locked, the preparer must contact <u>CostInformationPFD@hhs.texas.gov</u> to reopen the report(s).

These pages must be maintained in original form by the provider. If these pages are not properly completed, the cost report will not be processed until the provider uploads the completed pages. If the completed pages are not uploaded on time, the cost report will not be counted as received and may be returned. If a report is returnednew certifications are required.

Preparer (Methodology) Certification

This page must be signed by the person identified in **Step 1** of this cost report as *Preparer.* This person must be the individual who prepared the cost report or has primary responsibility for preparing the cost report for the provider. Signing as *Preparer* carries the responsibility for an accurate and complete cost report prepared according to applicable methodology, rules, and instructions. Signing as *Preparer* signifies that the preparer knows the applicable methodology, rules, and instructions and has either completed the cost report himself/herself according to those rules and instructions or has adequately supervised and thoroughly instructed his/her employees in properly completing the cost report. If more than one person

prepared the cost report, an executed Preparer Certification page (with original signature and original notary stamp/seal) may be submitted by each preparer. All persons signing the methodology certification must have attended the required cost report training.

10. Preparer Certification

AS PREPARER OF THIS COST REPORT, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT:

· I have completed the state-sponsored cost report training for this cost report.

- . I have read the note below, the cover letter and all the instructions applicable to this cost report.
- I have read the Cost Determination Process Rules (excluding 24-RCC), program rules, and reimbursement methodology applicable to this cost report, which define allowable and unallowable costs and provide guidance in proper cost reporting.
- I have reviewed the prior year's cost report audit adjustments, if any, and have made the necessary revisions to this period's cost report.
- To the best of my knowledge and belief, this cost report is true, correct and complete, and was prepared in accordance with the Cost Determination Process Rules (excluding 24 RCC), program rules, reimbursement methodology and all the instructions applicable to this cost report.
- · This cost report was prepared from the books and records of the contracted provider and/or its controlling entity.

Note: This PREPARER CERTIFICATION must be signed by the individual who prepared the cost report or who has the primary responsibility for the preparation of the cost report. If more than one person prepared the cost report, an executed PREPARER CERTIFICATION may be submitted by each preparer. Misrepresentation or falsification of any information contained in this cost report may be punishable by fine and/or imprisonment.

The Preparer Certification must be uploaded by the Preparer, using his/her own login information.

PREPARER IDENTIFICATION

Name of Contracted Provider:

Printed/Typed Name of Signer:

SIGNATURE OF PREPARER

DATE

Subscribed and sworn before me, a Notary public on the

_____ of Day

Title of Signer:

Year

Notary Signature

Month

Notary Public, State of

Commission Expires



10.a. Upload Preparer Certification					
A The Preparer Certification must be uploaded by the Preparer, using his/her own login information.					
Upload Preparer Certification	Select file or upload new file				
Save Save and Return Cancel					

Entity Contact Certification

This page must be completed and signed by an individual legally responsible for the provider's conduct, such as an owner, partner, Corporate Officer, Association Officer, Government official, or Limited Liability Company (LLC) member. The administrator of one or more of the contracts included in the Cost Report Group may not sign this certification page unless he/she also holds one of those positions. The responsible party's signature must be notarized (unless using the digital signature option). The signature date must be the same or after the date the preparer signed the Methodology Certification page. The cost report certification indicates the cost report has been reviewed after preparation.

Digital Signatures

According to 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(4), preparers must certify the accuracy of cost reports submitted to HHSC PFD. This certification must "contain a signed, notarized, original certification page or an electronic equivalent where such equivalents are specifically allowed under HHSC PFD policies and procedures" (1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(4)(ii).

Provider Signature	
Provider printed name: John Smith	Date: 11/23/2015
John Smith	
Provider Signature (stamped signatures not accepted)	

HHSC will accept a digital signature if the signature is derived using software that creates a digital signature logo with a system-generated date and time stamp or includes the logo of the digital software used.

HHSC will not accept a digital signature if any of the following conditions apply, including, but not limited to:

- A photocopy of a handwritten signature
- An ink stamp of a handwritten signature
- A typed signature without a digital stamp

You may follow this link for more information: <u>https://pfd.hhs.texas.gov/rate-analysis-digital-signature-policy</u>.

report, which define allowable and unallowable costs and provide I have reviewed this cost report after its preparation. To the best of my knowledge and belief, this cost report is true, co	-RCC), program rules, and reimbursement methodology applicable to this e guidance in proper cost reporting. orrect and complete, and was prepared in accordance with the Cost 6, reimbursement methodology and all the instructions applicable to this co
s the Sole Proprietor, a Partner, a Corporate Officer, an Association	individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, s Officer, or a Governmental Official. The administrator/director is authorize falsification of any information contained in this cost report may be punis
rovider may initiate an amendment no later than 60 days after the or ostinformation@hhsc.state.tx.us. Request received that is not signed	
IGNER INDENTIFICATION	
lame of Contracted Provider:	
rinted/Typed Name of Signer:	Title of Signer:
lame of Business Entity:	
ddress of Signer (street or P.O. Box, city, state, 9-digit zip):	
hone Number (including area code):	FAX Number (including area code):
hone Number (including area code):	FAX Number (including area code):
	FAX Number (including area code):
hone Number (including area code):	FAX Number (including area code):
hone Number (including area code):	FAX Number (including area code):
hone Number (including area code):	
hone Number (including area code):	FAX Number (including area code):
hone Number (including area code):	
Phone Number (including area code):	DATE
Phone Number (including area code):	DATE
Phone Number (including area code):	DATE
Phone Number (including area code):	DATE
Phone Number (including area code):	DATE
thone Number (including area code): imail: SIGNATURE OF SIGNER Subscribed and sworn before me, a Notary public on the	DATE Of,
thone Number (including area code): imail: SIGNATURE OF SIGNER Subscribed and sworn before me, a Notary public on the	DATE Of,
thone Number (including area code): imail: SIGNATURE OF SIGNER Subscribed and sworn before me, a Notary public on the	DATE Of,

131

Step 12. Provider Adjustment

Purpose

The purpose is for the provider to review the report adjustments made during HHSC PFD's financial examination.

The provider has 30 days to review their adjustments. This is an opportunity to review and decide for an informal review in Step 13 or agree with the adjustment.

How to Complete Step 12

This step will not be visible until the report has been reviewed and the provider is notified of adjustments to or exclusions of information initially submitted. Providers will be notified via email that their adjustment report is ready and have 30 days to review their adjustments. To review, click on Step 12 and review the adjustment report. Once you review Step 12, Step 13 will be available to agree or disagree with the adjustments. After 30 days, the report will be set to "Agreed by Default" status.

Review Period Expires: February 04, 20XX

In accordance with Title 1 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §355.107(a), the following report shows adjustments made to your cost report by the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC). This report shows adjustment of adjustment, the amount after adjustment, and the reason for the adjustment. Please note that at the time your report was processed the reported units of service were reconciled to the most recently available, reliable units of service for the reporting period, as reflected in the State's Claim Management System (CMS).

Not shown are the calculated values that changed due to these adjustments. To better understand the overall impact of these adjustments on the total revenues and expenses, you are being provided a Summary Table at the bottom of the report.

It is important that you carefully review this information. You may obtain additional information concerning these adjustments by submitting a written request by United States (U.S.) Mail or special delivery to:

Texas Health and Human Services Commission Rate Analysis Department, MC H-400 P.O. Box 149030 Austin, TX 78714-9030

General and Statistical								
Step	Sub-Step	Item	Reported Amount	Reconciling Items	Adjusted Amount	Adjusted By		
Expenses								
Step	Sub-Step	Item	Reported Amount	Reconciling Items	Adjusted Amount	Adjusted By		
Revenues								
Step	Sub-Step	Item	Reported Amount	Reconciling Items	Adjusted Amount	Adjusted By		
Expenses								
Step	Sub-Step	Item	Reported Amount	Reconciling Items	Adjusted Amount	Adjusted By		
Revenues								
Step	Sub-Step	Item	Reported Amount	Reconciling Items	Adjusted Amount	Adjusted By		
Step	Sub-Step	ltem	Reported Amount	Reconciling Items	Adjusted Amount	Adjusted By 0		

Summary Table	1		
Revenue Summary	Total as Subm	nitted Adjustments	Total After Adjustments
Total Non-Medicaid	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Expense Summary	Total as Subn	nitted Adjustments	Total After Adjustments
Total Attendant Wages, Benefits and Mileage	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total Non-Attendant Wages, Benefits and Mileage	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total Administrative and Operations Wages, Benefits and Mileage (less Central Office)	\$1,111.00	\$0.00	\$1,111.00
Total Payroll Taxes & Workers' Compensation (Not including Central Office)	\$3.00	\$0.00	\$3.00
Total Facility and Operations Expenses (Not including Central Office)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total Central Office Expenses	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total	\$1,114.00	\$0.00	\$1,114.00

Because this cost report indicates participation in rate enhancement in Step 4, your recoupment summary information is being provided below.

In accordance with Title 1 of the Texas Administrative Code (TAC), §355.308(s) for nursing facilities, or §355.112(t) for all other programs, the below Recoupment Summary indicates whether or not the provider is subject to recoupment for failure to meet participation requirements.

If you indicated on STEP 2 of this cost report that you requested to aggregate by program those contracts/component codes held by this Combined Entity which participated in the Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement for the purpose of determining compliance with spending requirements, the recoupment summary information below represents the estimated total recoupment for all participating contracts/component codes on the cost reports indicated below. This same summary information is displayed on all cost reports affected by the aggregation.

Program / Contract / Group	Level Awarded	Spending Requirement	Actual Spending	Per Unit Recoupment	Estimated Total Recoupment
		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$100.00
otal Recoupment		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$100.00
ddtional adjustments and recoupments (oth 155.107(a), it subsequent adjustments are r niess your volgest an informal review in acc alms Services for processing after the "Rev biracted from future billions.	nade, you will be notified v ordance with 1 TAC §355.	ria e-mail to logon to STAIRS and view	Step 14 of this cost report wh	ere those adjustments and any revis iod will be sent to the Health and Hu	ed recoupment amount will be displayed. man Services Commission (HHSC) Provider

PAYMENT PLANS (For Recoupments Greater Than \$25,000)

If your recoupment is greater than \$25,000 you may be eligible for a payment plan. Payment plans are not guaranteed and apply only to active contracts. It the contract terminates prior to the completion of the recoupment, any payment plan that was granted no longer applies.

- If your recoupment is for a twelve-month period and is greater than \$25,000, you may request to have it collected over the span of 3 months.
- If your recoupment is for a twelve-month period and is greater than \$75,000, you may request to have it collected over the span of 6 months.
- If the reporting period report is less than a full year with a recoupment greater \$25,000, then HHSC may approve fewer than the requested number of payments in the payment plan.

HHSC Rate Analysis Department must receive your written request for a payment plan at one of the below addresses by hand delivery, U.S. mail or special mail delivery, or email (faxes will not be accepted). A payment plan request must be received no later than the "Review Period Expires" date shown above and below. A payment plan request not received by the stated deadline will not be accepted. A payment plan request post-marked prior to the stated deadline but received after the due date will not be accepted.

A written payment plan request must be submitted to the Director for Long Term Services and Supports at the below address.

Texas Health and Human Services Commission Rate Analysis Department, MC H-400 P.O. Box 149030 Austin, TX 78714-9030

Special Mail Delivery: Texas Health and Human Services Commission Rate Analysis Department, MC H-400 Brown-Heatly Building 4900 N. Lamar Blvd. Austin, TX 78751-2316

Email

You may also submit a request for a payment plan to the Rate Analysis Department via email to: RAD-LTSS@hhsc.state.tx.us. The request letter must be:

- · printed on the contracted provider's letterhead;
- signed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, such as the sole proprietor, a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, or a limited liability company member; and
- scanned and emailed to the Rate Analysis Department using the above-referenced email address.

Review Period Expires: February 04, 20 XX

Important: Step 13 Agree/Disagree, must be completed no later than the review period expiration date stated above. Step 13 may only be completed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, such as the sole proprietor, a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, or a limited liability company member. This individual must be designated in STAIRS with an "Entity Contact" or "Financial Contact" role.

A "Preparer Contact" is prohibited by STAIRS from completing Step 13. Only Preparer Contacts who also have been designated with the Entity Contact or Financial Contact roles may complete Step 13 and can do so by logging onto STAIRS using their Entity Contact or Financial Contact username and password.

If you choose to "Disagree" and intend to dispute one or more items you must do so by requesting an informal review in accordance with Title 1 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) § 355.110. After clicking the "Disagree" button, you will be provided with instructions of mandatory actions you must take. In accordance with the instructions contained in Step 13. If a request for informal review or request for 15 day extension is received by HHSC later than the review period expiration date stated above, it will not be accepted. Requests that are post-marked prior to this deadline date but received after the deadline date will not be accepted. If you do not request an informal review prior to this deadline date you will not be accepted. If you do not request an informal review prior to this deadline date you will not be able to request a formal appeal regarding these exclusions or adjustments.

Return

Step 13. Agree/Disagree

Purpose

Step 13 is for the provider to either agree, request a payment plan, or disagree with the adjustments after reviewing the report.

How Does HHSC PFD Use this Information?

HHSC PFD uses this information to start the informal review process or set the report to "Complete."

13. Agree/Disagree
O Prease and verify the information below
🕨 hetum 🛛 🔚 Save and Return
Review Period Expires June 17, 2022
This Step, Step 13a (if disagreeing with the adjustments), and 13b (if agreeing with the adjustments and needing to due a payment plant, must be completed no later than the review period expinsion date started above by selecting "Agree". "Agree with Psyment Plant, or "Disagree" before it may only be complete an individual legity-responded for the contract of the contract date and individual must be designated in STARS with an "Drint, Cestact" as "Principle Contact".
The responsible individual should review Timp 12 - Adjustment / Reconstitution / Softwarent Report to be avoin of adjustments made to the report by the Tocas Hauth and Human Territors Commission (HHSC)
Fallers to make a solucities by the mines period expiration date will reach to being recorded as "agreed by default" and will be tranted the same as it an individual legally responsible for the contact of the nontracted provider had selected "Agree" as described below
Legally responsible person
Fisi Nane: Fan
Lear Name: Mittoszzz
Aub Title: 11/13 C Admin Account
Exity None: ZZ2 R40 CPC
Email: Parsia Miningthis: stara to un
Phone (123.459- 7810) 123456785 Phone Extension
Fax (12).456-73H0; Fax Estimator:
Mailing Address
Street for PO. Box: 999 last
Street 2:
City: Audio
Sinter TX
Zip (Plus 4. Optional) 75421
IAgrae
By cloking "Agree" agree with the liters lated in the Step 12 - Adjustment / Recordition / Settlement Report and authorse the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) to proceed with finalizing my cost report. I understand that once have agreed univer my right to dispute any items mit to dispute mit to dispute any items mit to ditems mit to disput
LAgree and Request a Fayment Plan
O By clicking "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" I agree with the items listed in the Step 12 - Adjustment / Recordington Settlement Report and authorize the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HSC) to proceed with finalizing my cost report. I am requesting a payment plan for repayment the monitors area. I understand that once I have agreed I winke my right to displat any items listed in the Step 12 report. I also understand that dividing "Agree and Request a Payment Plan" constitutes a request for a payment plan andy and does not signify approval of a payment plan by HISC.
1 Disagros
by cicking 'Disagree' a administrative Guide from the second of the term listed in the Seg 12 – Adjustment / Recordination / Settement Report and Intend to depute those terms by requesting an informal review in accordance with Tile 1 Texas Administrative Cade (TAC) §355.110. After cicking Disagree' batter, instructions will appear on the review paired and the second of the term lay requesting an informal review paired and after a face (TAC) §355.110. After cicking agreement with the second metal and unit in the second metal information of the review paired to the review paired and and a face 17, 2022. Failure to complete these externs will condition a default and will re- agreement with the second metal information of the review paired of the review paired and the face 17, 2022. Failure to complete these externs will condition a default and will re- agreement with the second metal and will re-

This step will not be visible until HHSC PFD has reviewed the report and the provider is notified of adjustments or exclusions of information initially submitted. The step may be completed only by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, such as the sole proprietor, a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, or a limited liability company

member. This individual must be designated in STAIRS by an "Entity Contact" or "Financial Contact" role.

This step must be completed within the 30-day time frame from the date of the email notifying the provider that **Steps 12** and **13** are available for their review.

I Agree

By choosing "I agree," you are agreeing with the adjustments and finalizing the report. No further action is needed for this report after selecting "I agree."

Step 13a. I Disagree



A provider who disagrees with an adjustment can request an informal review of the adjustments they disagree with. A provider cannot request an informal review merely by signifying the provider's disagreement in **Step 13**. The request, or a request for a 15-day provider disagreement extension to make the request, must be uploaded into this section and received by HHSC no later than the review period expiration date. Additionally, the request must include all necessary elements as defined in 1 TAC Section 355.110(c)(1):

- A concise statement of the specific actions or determinations it disputes,
- A recommended resolution, and
- Any supporting documentation the interested party deems relevant to the dispute.

It is the responsibility of the interested party to render all pertinent information at the time of its request for an informal review. A request for an informal review that does not meet the requirements outlined above will not be accepted. This section is also where you can file for a 15-day extension for the Informal Review.

Step 13b. I Agree and Request a Payment Plan

13b. Agree with Payment Plan	
Please enter and verify the information below	
Return	
Review Period Expires: June 17, 2022	
If your recoupment is greater than \$25,000 you may be eligible for a payment plan. Payment plans are not guaranteed and apply only to active contracts. It the contract terminates prior to the completion of the	s recoupment, any payment plan th
 If your recoupment is for a twelve-month period and is greater than \$25,000, you may request collection in 3 equal monthly payments. If your recoupment is for a twelve-month period and is greater than \$75,000, you may request collection in 6 equal monthly payments. 	
HHSC Provider Finance Department must receive your written request for a payment plan uploaded to STAIRS. A payment plan request must be received no later than the "Review Period Expires" date show Payment plan requests received by mail will not be accepted.	n above and below. A payment plan
Requirements	
The request letter must be: Printed on the contracted provider's letterhead. Payment plan type and length, if applicable. Payment plan type and length, if applicable. Signed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, such as the sole proprietor, a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, or a limited it	ability company member
Finalized payment plan request uploaded below before the due date listed within this step.	
Upload Formal Payment Plan Request Form: Select file or upload new file	

For providers with a recoupment amount above \$25,000, the option "I Agree and Request a Payment Plan" will be available during Step 13. This option finalizes the report and requests a payment plan for paying the recoupment.

Once you click "I Agree and Request a Payment Plan," you can upload the payment plan request. The payment plan request must follow these requirements:

- Must be on the company letterhead.
- Details what is being requested (a payment plan, for example).
- Includes the Cost Report Group number or Contract number of the report.
- Includes the year and type of report (Cost Report 2023, for example).
- Signed by "an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the interested party, such as the sole proprietor, a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, a limited liability company member, a person authorized by the applicable HHSC Enterprise or Texas Medicaid and Healthcare Partnership (TMHP) signature authority designation form for the interested party on file at the time of the request, or a legal representative for the interested

party. The administrator or director of the facility or program is not authorized to sign the request unless the administrator or director holds one of these positions" (1 TAC Section 355.110(c)(1)(C)).

- Note that the signee is listed on HHSC Form 2031 and is not necessarily the entity contact in STAIRS.
- The request must meet the deadline, which is 30 days from the Provider Notification date.

Step 13.c. Additional Information Requested

Step 13.c. will only appear if you requested an informal review and HHSC PFD is requesting more information. An email will be sent from Fairbanks if additional information is requested. You will have 14 days to respond and upload additional information upon request.

13c. Additional Information Requ	lested
Please enter and verify the information below	
Save and Return	
Review Period Expires: June 17,	2022
A valid request must contain the following:	the initial certification of the report. Actions and determinations made by HHSC can be found in
Recommended resolutions to the disputed actions or determinations.	are miller cercification of the report. Actions and determinations made by PHOC can be round in
 Supporting documentation for the recommended resolution requested during the A trial balance or allocation summary. 	informal review. Documentation includes:
- Payroll summary records,	
- Legal agreements,	
- State or federal awards,	
 Grant or obligation letters, or Any other documentation that substantiates the requested adjustment. 	
- The request letter must be signed by an individual legally responsible for the cor	nduct of the entity and submitted by the due date listed within STAIRS.
The reimbursement analyst assigned to your request may include additional infor	mation in the text box located within Step 13a.
If you have any questions about what is requested, please contact PFD by email	at 'PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov'.
Upload Additional Information:	

Step 14. HHSC Informal Review

Purpose

The purpose of this step is to allow the providers a chance to review the informal review adjustments.

How to Complete Step 14

Notes:

General and Statistical							
Step	Sub-Step	Item	Reported Amount	Reconciling Items	Adjusted Amount	Adjusted By	Co
Expens	ses						
Step	Sub-Step	ltern	Reported Amount	Reconciling Items	Adjusted Amount	Adjusted By	Co
Reven	ues						
Step	Sub-Step	ltern	Reported Amount	Reconciling Items	Adjusted Amount	Adjusted By	Co
Revenues							
Step	Sub-Step	ltern	Reported Amount	Reconciling Items	Adjusted Amount	Adjusted By	Co

Revenue Summary	Total as Submitted	Adjustments	Total After Adjustments
Total Non-Medicaid	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Expense Summary	Total as Submitted	Adjustments	Total After Adjustments
Total Attendant Wages, Benefits and Mileage	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total Non-Attendant Wages, Benefits and Mileage	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	
Total Administrative and Operations Wages, Benefits and Mileage (less Central Office)	\$1,111.00	\$0.00	\$1,111.00
Total Payroll Taxes & Workers' Compensation (Not including Central Office)	\$3.00	\$0.00	\$3.00
Total Facility and Operations Expenses (Not including Central Office)	\$0.00	.00 \$0.00 \$	
Total Central Office Expenses	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total	\$1,114.00	\$0.00 \$1,114.00	

In accordance with Title 1 of the Texas Administrative Code (TAC), §355.308(s) for nursing facilities, or §355.112(t) for all other programs, the below Recoupment Summary indicates whether or not the provider is subject to recoupment for failure to meet participation requirements.

If you indicated on STEP 2 of this cost report that you requested to aggregate by program those contracts/component codes held by this Combined Entity which participated in the Attendant Compensation Rate Enhancement for the purpose of determining compliance with spending requirements, the recoupment summary information below represents the estimated total recoupment for all participating contracts/component codes on the cost reports indicated below. This same summary information is displayed on all cost reports affected by the aggregation.

Program / Contract / Group	Level Awarded	Spending Requirement	Actual Spending	Per Unit Recoupment	Estimated Total Recoupment
		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$100.00
al Recoupment		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$100.00
5.107(a), if subsequent adjustments are	made, you will be notified v	ia e-mail to logon to STAIRS and view	Step 14 of this cost report wh	ere those adjustments and any revis iod will be sent to the Health and Hu	per 1 TAC §365.308(s) or §355.112(t) and ef recoupment amount will be displayed. man Services Commission (HHSC) Provider C. The amount to be recouped will be

PAYMENT PLANS (For Recoupments Greater Than \$25,000)

If your recoupment is greater than \$25,000 you may be eligible for a payment plan. Payment plans are not guaranteed and apply only to active contracts. It the contract terminates prior to the completion of the recoupment, any payment plan that was granted no longer applies.

- · If your recoupment is for a twelve-month period and is greater than \$25,000, you may request to have it collected over the span of 3 months
- If your recoupment is for a twelve-month period and is greater than \$75,000, you may request to have it collected over the span of 6 months.
 If the reporting period report is less than a full year with a recoupment greater \$25,000, then HHSC may approve fewer than the requested number of payments in the payment plan.

HHSC Rate Analysis Department must receive your written request for a payment plan at one of the below addresses by hand delivery. U.S. mail, special mail delivery, or email (faxes will not be accepted). A payment plan request must be received no later than the "Review Period Expires" date shown above and below. A payment plan request not received by the stated deadline will not be accepted. A payment plan request post-marked prior to the stated deadline but received after the due date will not be accepted.

A written payment plan request must be submitted to the Director for Long Term Services and Supports, Rate Analysis Department at the below address.

Texas Health and Human Services Commission Rate Analysis Department, MC H-400 P.O. Box 149030 Austin, TX 78714-9030

Special Mail Delivery: Texas Health and Human Services Commission Rate Analysis Department, MC H-400 Brown-Heatly Building 4900 N. Lamar Blvd. Austin, TX 78751-2316

Email

You may also submit a request for a payment plan to the Rate Analysis Department via email to: RAD-LTSS@hhsc.state tx.us. The request letter must be:

· printed on the contracted provider's letterhead:

- signed by an individual legally responsible for the conduct of the contracted provider, such as the sole proprietor, a partner, a corporate officer, an association officer, a governmental official, or a limited liability company
- member, and scanned and emailed to the Rate Analysis Department using the above-referenced email address.

Return

This step only appears if the provider submits a request for an informal review. HHSC PFD uses it to make adjustments during the informal review process. Providers will not be able to access this step until HHSC PFD notifies the provider that adjustments are ready to be viewed.

List of Acronyms

Acronym	Full Name
24RCC	24-hour Residential Child Care
AHA	American Hospital Association
CACFP	Child and Adult Care Food Program
CEU	Continuing Education Units
CFC	Community First Choice
CLASS	Community Living Assistance & Support Services
CMA	Case Management Agency
CPA	Certified Public Accountant
CPC	CLASS and PHC cost report
CPE	Continuing Professional Education
CRRU	Cost Report Review Unit
CRT	Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy
DAHS	Day Activity and Health Services
DBA	Doing Business As
DSA	Direct Service Agency
EA	Employment Assistance
FICA	Federal Insurance Contributions Act
FUTA	Federal Unemployment Tax Act
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GAGAS	Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards
GSA	General Services Administration
HAB	Habilitation
HCS	Home and Community-based Services
HHSC	Texas Health and Human Services Commission
HUD	The Department of Housing and Urban Development
ICF/IID	Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with an Intellectual
	Disability or Related Condition
IHR	In-Home Respite
IRS	Internal Revenue Service
LLC	Limited Liability Company
LVN	Licensed Vocational Nurse
MDCP	Medically Dependent Children's Program
NF	Nursing Facility
NPI	National Provider Identifier
NSF	Non-Sufficient Funds
OHR	Out-of-Home Respite
ОТ	Occupational Therapy
PAS	Personal Assistant Services
PCS	Personal Care Services
PFD	Provider Finance Department
PHC	Primary Home Care

Acronym	Full Name
PRF	Provider Relief Funds
PT	Physical Therapy
QMB	Qualified Medicare Beneficiary
R&D	Research and Development
RC	Residential Care
RN	Registered Nurse
SE	Supported Employment
SPW	STAR+PLUS Waiver
ST	Speech/Language Therapy
STAIRS	State of Texas Automated Information Reporting System
SUTA	State Unemployment Tax Act
TAC	Texas Administrative Code
ТВ	Tuberculosis
TDPS	Texas Department of Public Safety
TMHP	Texas Medicaid and Healthcare Partnership
TX DOT	Texas Department of Transportation
TxHmL	Texas Home Living
USDA	U.S. Department of Agriculture
VFW	Veterans of Foreign War
WCI	Workers' Compensation Insurance

Appendix A. Uploading Documents into STAIRS

Cost reports submitted without the required documentation will be returned to the provider as unacceptable. See 1 TAC Sections 355.105(b)(4) and 355.106(a)(4) for more information.

All instructions for uploading documents into STAIRS and managing and attaching those documents electronically can be found in the STAIRS program by clicking on the "Uploading File Instructions" file under "General Reference Materials" at the bottom right-hand corner of any webpage in STAIRS. The Upload Center can be located in STAIRS on the Dashboard by clicking "Manage" to the far right on the header.

Appendix B. Allocation Methodologies

Units of Service: This allocation method can only be used for shared costs where the services have equivalent units of equivalent service and **must** be used when that is the case. An equivalent unit means the time of service is important: an NF and a DAHS facility both provide a "day" of service, but one is a 24-hour "day" while the other is not. An equivalent service means the activities provided by staff are essentially the same.

Cost-to-Cost: If allocations based on units of service are unacceptable, and all of a provider's contracts are labor-intensive, or if all contracts have programmatic or residential building costs, the provider may choose to allocate their indirect shared costs on a cost-to-cost basis.

Salaries: If allocation based on units of service is unacceptable and all of a provider's contracts are labor-intensive, or if all contracts have programmatic or residential building costs, the provider may choose to allocate their indirect shared costs based on salaries. The two cost components of the salaries allocation method:

- Salaries/wages
- Contracted labor (excluding consultants)

In the cost component above, the term "salaries" does not include the following costs associated with the salaries or wages of employees:

- Payroll taxes
- Employee benefits/insurance
- Workers' compensation

Labor Costs: This allocation method can be used when all of a provider's contracts are labor-intensive; all contracts have a programmatic or residential-building cost; or contracts are mixed, with some being labor-intensive and others having a programmatic-building or residential-building component. It is calculated based on the ratio of directly charged labor costs for each contract to the total directly charged labor costs for all contracts. The five cost components of the labor costs allocation method are below:

- Salaries/Wages
- Payroll taxes

- Employee benefits/insurance
- Workers' compensation costs
- Contracted labor (excluding consultants)

Total Costs Less Facility Costs: The total-cost-less-facility-cost allocation method can be used if a provider's contracts are mixed, with some being labor-intensive and others having a programmatic or residential building component. This method can also be used for an organization with multiple contracts, all requiring a facility for service delivery. This method allocates costs based upon the ratio of each contract's total costs, less that contract's facility or building costs, to the provider's total costs, less facility or building costs for all contracts.

If any of these allocation methods are used, the allocation summary must clearly show that all the cost components of the allocation method have been used in the allocation calculations. For example, when describing the numerator and denominator in numbers for the salary method, the numerator and denominator should clearly show the costs for salaries/wages and contracted labor (excluding consultants).

Square footage: This allocation method is the most reasonable for building and physical plant allocations.

Functional: If the provider doubts whether the functional method follows applicable rules or requires prior written approval from PFD, email <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u> before submitting the cost report.

Time study: The time study must follow 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(i). If the time study does not comply with these rules, the provider must receive written approval from HHSC PFD to use the time study results. According to the rules, a time study must cover one randomly-selected week per quarter, at a minimum, throughout the reporting period. The allocation summary should include the dates and total hours covered by the time study and a breakdown of the hours time-studied by function or business component, as applicable.

Other allocation method(s) approved by HHSC: Requests for approval to change an allocation method or to use an allocation method different from a method approved or allowed by HHSC must be received by HHSC PFD before the end of the provider's fiscal year, as described at 1 TAC Section 355.102(j)(1)(D). To request such approval from HHSC PFD, email <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u> a disclosure statement and a justification for the change. The statement must explain

how the new allocation method complies with the Cost Determination Process rules and how the new allocation method presents a more reasonable representation of actual operations.

If using an alternate allocation method, upload a properly cross-referenced copy of the provider's original allocation method approval request and any subsequent approval letter from PFD. If the provider's approval request included examples or a copy of the provider's general ledger, include those documents in the uploaded attachments for this item. Table 1 summarizes appropriate allocation methods for various situations. For questions regarding the proper allocation of shared costs, please contact PFD's Customer Service Center at <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u>.

Table 1. Appropriate Allocation Methods for Reporting.

Shared Administrative Costs that can not be reasonably direct costed.

Makeup of Controlling Entity's Business Components	Multiple Contracts of the Same (Equivalent) Type of Service	Various Business Components - All Labor-Intensive	Various Business Components - All with Programmatic- or Residential- Building Costs	Mixed Business Components - Some with Programmatic- or Residential- Building Costs and Some Labor-Intensive	Shared Administrative Personnel Performing Different Duties for Different Business Components (not in Direct Care)	Functional Methods
Allowable Allocation Methods	Units of Service	Cost-to-Cost Labor Costs Salaries	Cost-to-Cost Total-Cost-Less- Facility-Cost^ Labor Costs Salaries	Total-Cost-Less- Facility-Cost^ Labor Costs	Time Study*	Payroll Department - Number of payroll checks issued for each business component during the reporting period Purchasing Department - Number of purchase orders processed during the reporting period for each business component

Providers may use any of the methods listed as appropriate for the makeup of their business organization. If one of the approved methods does not reasonably reflect the provider's actual operations, the provider must use a method that does. If none of the listed methods reasonably reflects the provider's actual operations, contact PFD's Customer Service Center at <u>PFD-LTSS@hhs.texas.gov</u> for further instructions.

When using the total-cost-less-facility-cost allocation method, the building (facility) costs to be removed from the cost calculation include Lease/Rental of Building/Facility/Building Equipment; Insurance for those items; Utilities, Maintenance, and Contract Services of those items; Mortgage Interest; Ad Valorem Taxes; and Depreciation for Building/Facility/Building Equipment/Land/Leasehold Improvements.

Units of Service Allocation

Adjusted Trial Balance – (enter full provider name)

Expenses	Total Costs	Disallowed	Direct Costs – Austin	Direct Costs – San Antonio	Shared Costs	Allocated Shared Costs – Austin (55.69%)	Allocated Shared Costs - San Antonio (44.31%)
Salaries – Admin	\$ 125,347.28				\$ 125,347.28	\$ 69,805.90	\$ 55,541.38
Salaries – Non-Admin A	\$ 45,288.47		\$25,361.54	\$ 19,926.93			
Salaries – Non-Admin B	\$ 33,254.88		\$25,458.97	\$ 7,795.91			
Salaries – Non-Admin C	\$ 82,588.92		\$51,205.13	\$ 31,383.79			
Contracted Admin	\$ 65,000.00				\$ 65,000.00	\$ 36,198.50	\$ 28,801.50
FICA/ Medicare	\$ 21,915.69		\$ 7,804.96	\$ 4,521.66	\$ 9,589.07	\$ 5,340.15	\$ 4,248.92
State & Federal Unemploy- ment	\$ 5,156.63		\$ 1,270.51	\$ 554.46	\$ 3,331.66	\$ 1,855.40	\$ 1,476.26
Workers' Compensation	\$ 0.00		\$ 0.00				
Employee Benefits/ Insurance	\$ 4,847.25		\$ 1,254.01		\$ 2,703.77	\$ 1,505.73	\$ 1,198.04

Expenses	Tota	al Costs	Disal	lowed	 Costs – Istin		: Costs – Antonio	Shar	ed Costs	Shar – /	ocated ed Costs Austin 5.69%)	Share – San	ocated ed Costs Antonio .31%)
Office Lease	\$	9,000.00			\$ 2,400.00	\$	2,100.00	\$	4,500.00	\$	2,506.05	\$	1,993.95
Utilities	\$	8,945.67			\$ 2,385.51	\$	2,087.32	\$	4,472.84	\$	2,490.92	\$	1,981.91
Telecommunic ations	\$	3,008.16			\$ 401.68	\$	333.75	\$	2,272.73	\$	1,265.68	\$	1,007.05
Office Supplies	\$	1,501.80						\$	1,501.80	\$	836.35	\$	665.45
Other Operations Supplies	\$	874.64						\$	874.64	\$	487.09	\$	387.55
Insurance – General Liability	\$	1,254.00						\$	1,254.00	\$	698.35	\$	555.65
Insurance – Malpractice	\$	1,050.87						\$	1,050.87	\$	585.23	\$	465.64
Travel	\$	387.98	\$	237.65	\$ 54.36	\$	35.74	\$	60.23	\$	33.54	\$	26.69
Advertising	\$	402.87	\$	104.97				\$	297.90		165.90	\$	132.00
Miscellaneous	\$	601.47	\$	254.74				\$	346.73		193.09	\$	153.64
Total		10,426.58	\$	597.36	7,596.68	\$6	9,629.03		22,603.51		23,967.90		8,635.62

Units of Service Allocation Percentages	Units of Service	Percentage
Austin	9,961.00	55.69%
San Antonio	7,924.00	44.31%
Total	17,885.00	100.00%

Cost-to-Cost Allocation

Adjusted Trial Balance – (enter full provider name)

Expenses	Total Cost	s Disallowed	Direct Costs – Austin	Direct Costs – Houston	Direct Costs – Dallas	Shared Costs	Allocated Shared Costs – Austin (41.48%)	Allocated Shared Costs – Houston (30.72%)	Allocated Shared Costs – Dallas (27.80%)
Salaries – Administra tive	\$ 125,347.2	28				\$ 125,347.28	\$ 51,994.05	\$ 38,506.68	\$ 34,846.54
Salaries – CBA Attendants	\$ 87,434.2	22	\$87,434.22						
Salaries – CLASS Habilita- tion Attendants	\$ 65,238.4	+1		\$ 65,238.41					
Salaries – PHC Attendants	\$ 54,975.1				\$ 54,975.15				
Salaries – Supervisor s	\$ 33,254.8	38	\$13,528.48	\$ 9,467.85	\$ 10,258.55				
Salaries – Speech Therapists	\$ 249.8	35	\$ 249.85						
Salaries – CPR Instructor	\$ 2,500.0	00				\$ 2,500.00	\$ 1,037.00	\$ 768.00	\$ 695.00

Expenses	То	tal Costs	Disa	llowed	Cos	rect sts – stin	C	Direct Costs – ouston	(Direct Costs – Dallas		Shared Costs		llocated Shared Costs – Austin 41.48%)	: (F	llocated Shared Costs – Iouston 30.72%)	S C	located Shared Costs – Dallas 7.80%)
FICA/ Medicare	\$	28,018.12			\$7	,723.65	\$	5,715.03	\$	5,009.49	\$	9,569.95	\$	3,969.62	\$	2,939.89	\$	2,660.45
State & Federal Unemploy- ment	\$	6,592.50			\$2	,524.07	\$	1,494.13	\$	978.51	\$	1,595.79	\$	661.93	\$	490.23	\$	443.63
Employee Benefits/ Insurance	\$	4,847.25			\$ 1	,254.01	\$	889.47	\$	1,358.41	\$	1,345.36	\$	558.06	\$	413.29	\$	374.01
Office Lease	\$	9,000.00			\$2	,400.00	\$	2,100.00	\$	2,500.00	\$	2,000.00	\$	829.60	\$	614.40	\$	556.00
Utilities	\$	8,945.67			\$ 2	,385.51	\$	2,087.32	\$	2,484.91	\$	1,987.93	\$	824.59	\$	610.69	\$	552.64
Telecomm unications	\$	3,008.16			\$	401.68	\$	333.75	\$	554.37	\$	1,718.36	\$	712.78	\$	527.88	\$	477.70
Office Supplies	\$	1,501.80									\$	1,501.80	\$	622.95	\$	461.35	\$	417.50
Medical Supplies	\$	874.64							\$	874.64								
Insurance - General Liability	\$	1,254.00									\$	1,254.00	\$	520.16	\$	385.23	\$	348.61
Insurance – Malpract- ice	\$	1,050.87									\$	1,050.87	¢	435.90	\$	322.83	¢	292.14
Travel	<u></u> ∍ \$	387.98	\$	204.65	\$	54.36	¢	35.74	¢	84.97		8.26		3.43		2.54		292.14
Advertising	ب \$	402.87		104.97	Ψ	54.50	Ψ	33.74	Ψ	57.57	۹ \$	297.90		123.57		91.51		82.82

Expenses	Total	l Costs	Disa	llowed	Direct Costs – Austin	Direct Costs – Houston	Direct Costs – Dallas		hared Costs	Alloca Shar Cost Aus (41.4	red :s – tin	Sh Co: Hou	cated ared sts – uston 72%)	Sh Co: Da	cated ared sts – Illas 80%)
Miscellan-															
eous	\$	601.47	\$	254.74				\$	346.73	\$	143.82	\$	106.52	\$	96.39
Total	\$435,	,485.12	\$	564.36	\$117,955.83	\$87,361.70	\$79,079.00	\$15(),524.23	\$ 62,4	37.45	\$46,	241.04	\$41,	845.74

Cost-to-Cost Allocation Percentages	Tota	l Costs	Percentage
Total Healthy Care Austin	\$	117,955.83	41.48%
Total Healthy Care Houston	\$	87,361.70	30.72%
Total Healthy Care Dallas	\$	79,079.00	27.80%
Total	\$	284,396.53	100.00%

Salaries Method Allocation

Adjusted Trial Balance – (enter full provider name)

Expenses	Total Cos	its Disallowe	Direct Costs – ed Austin	Direct Costs – Dallas	Direct Costs – San Antonio	Shared Costs	Allocated Shared Costs – Austin (22.87%)	Allocated Shared Costs – Dallas (50.59%)	Allocated Shared Costs – San Antonio (26.54%)
Salaries – Administra tive	\$ 125,347	.28				\$ 125,347.28	\$ 28,666.92	\$ 63,413.19	\$ 33,267.17
Salaries – Attendants	\$ 87,434	.22	\$19,286.35	\$ 46,289.32	\$ 21,858.55				
Salaries – RNs	\$ 44,295	.84	\$10,352.45		\$ 11,367.03				
Salaries – Therapists	\$ 54,975	.15	\$12,094.53	\$ 29,136.83	\$ 13,743.79				
Contracted RN	\$ 70,000	.00	\$15,299.99	\$ 28,145.20	\$ 19,221.57	\$ 7,333.24	\$ 1,677.11	\$ 3,709.89	\$ 1,946.24
Dietitian	\$ 2,400	.00				\$ 2,400.00	\$ 548.88	\$ 1,214.16	\$ 636.96
FICA/ Medicare	\$ 28,018	.12	\$ 7,723.65	\$ 5,715.03	\$ 5,009.49	\$ 9,569.95	\$ 2,188.65	\$ 4,841.44	\$ 2,539.86
State & Federal Unemploy- ment	\$ 6,592	.50	\$ 2524.07	\$ 1,494.13			\$ 364.96	\$ 807.31	\$ 423.52

Expenses	То	tal Costs	Dis	allowed	C	Direct osts – ustin	(Direct Costs – Dallas		Direct Costs – San Antonio		Shared Costs	Allocated Shared Costs – Austin (22.87%)	9	llocated Shared Costs – Dallas 50.59%)	S C A	located Shared Costs – San Intonio 6.54%)
Employee Benefits/ Insurance	\$	4,847.25			\$	1,254.01	\$	889.47	\$	1,358.41	\$	1,345.36	\$ 307.68	\$	680.62	\$	357.06
Office Lease	\$	9,000.00			\$	2,400.00	\$	2,100.00	\$	2,500.00	\$	2,000.00	\$ 457.40	\$	1,011.80	\$	530.80
Utilities	\$	8,945.67			\$	2,385.51	\$	2,087.32	\$	2,484.91	\$	1,987.93	\$ 454.64	\$	1,005.69	\$	527.60
Telecomm unications	\$	3,008.16			\$	401.68	\$	333.75	\$	554.37	\$	1,718.36	\$ 392.99	\$	869.32	\$	456.05
Office Supplies	\$	1,501.80									\$	1,501.80	\$ 343.46	\$	759.76	\$	398.58
Medical Supplies	\$	874.64							\$	487.39	\$	387.25	\$ 88.56	\$	195.91	\$	102.78
Insurance – General Liability	\$	1,254.00									\$	1,254.00	\$ 286.79	\$	634.40	\$	332.81
Insurance – Malpract- ice	\$	1,050.87									\$	1,050.87	\$ 240.33	\$	531.64	\$	278.90
Travel	\$	387.98	\$	204.65	\$	54.36	\$	35.74	\$	84.97		· · · · ·			4.18		2.19
Advertising	\$	402.87	\$	104.97	٣	2.130	Ŷ		Ŷ	0.1197	\$				150.71		79.06
Miscellan- eous	\$	601.47	-								\$				175.41	•	92.02
Total	\$45	50,937.82	\$	564.36	\$73	3,776.60	\$13	88,803.15	\$7	79,648.99	\$1	158,144.72	\$ 36,167.70	\$8	30,005.41	\$4	1,971.61

Salaries Method Allocation Percentages	Tota	l Costs	Percentage
Total Austin	\$	57,033.32	22.87%
Total Dallas	\$	126,147.71	50.59%
Total San Antonio	\$	66,190.94	26.54%
Total	\$	249,371.97	100.00%

Labor Method Allocation

Adjusted Trial Balance – (enter full provider name)

Expenses	Total Costs	Disallowed	Direct Costs – CLASS	Direct Costs – PHC	Direct Costs – DAHS	Shared Costs	Allocated Shared Costs – CLASS (41.80%)	Allocated Shared Costs – PHC (21.85%)	Allocated Shared Costs – DAHS (36.35%)
Salaries – Adminis- trative	\$ 125,347.28	8				\$ 125,347.28	\$ 52,395.16	\$ 27,388.38	\$ 45,563.74
Salaries – RNs	\$ 195,028.62	0	\$87,434.22		\$ 65,200.22	\$ 42,394.18	\$ 17,720.77	\$ 9,263.13	\$ 15,410.28
Salaries – Field Super- visors	\$ 65,238.41			\$ 65,238.41					
Salaries – Facility Adminis- trator	\$ 54,975.15				\$ 54,975.15				
Salaries – Attendants	\$ 33,254.88		\$13,528.48	\$ 9,467.85	\$ 10,258.55				
Salaries – Physical Therapists	\$ 45,572.08	3	\$45,572.08						
Salaries – CPR Instructor	\$ 2,500.00					\$ 2,500.00	\$ 1,045.00	\$ 546.25	\$ 908.75
FICA/Medi care	\$ 28,018.12		\$ 8,073.41	\$ 5,715.03	\$ 4,990.38	\$ 9,239.30	\$ 3,862.03	\$ 2,018.79	\$ 3,358.49

Expenses	penses Total Costs		Disa	allowed	Direct Costs – CLASS	Direct Costs – PHC		Direct Costs – DAHS		Shared Costs		Allocated Shared Costs – CLASS (41.80%)		Allocated Shared Costs – PHC (21.85%)		Allocated Shared Costs – DAHS (36.35%)	
State & Federal Unemploy- ment	\$	6,592.50			\$ 2,524.07	\$	1,494.13	\$	978.51	\$	1,595.79	\$	667.04	\$	348.68	\$	580.07
Employee Benefits/ Insurance	\$	4,847.25			\$ 1,254.01	\$	889.47	\$	1,358.41	\$	1,345.36	\$	562.36	\$	293.96	\$	489.04
Workers Compensa- tion	\$	0.00															
Office Lease	\$	9,000.00			\$ 2,400.00	\$	2,100.00	\$	2,500.00	\$	2,000.00	\$	836.00	\$	437.00	\$	727.00
Utilities	\$	8,945.67			\$ 2,385.51	\$	2,087.32	\$	2,484.91	\$	1,987.93	\$	830.95	\$	434.36	\$	722.61
Telecomm unications	\$	3,008.16			\$ 401.68	\$	333.75	\$	554.37	\$	1,718.36	\$	718.27	\$	375.46	\$	624.62
Office Supplies	\$	1,501.80								\$	1,501.80	\$	627.75	\$	328.14	\$	545.90
Medical Supplies	\$	874.64						\$	487.39	\$	387.25	\$	161.87	\$	84.61	\$	140.77
Insurance – Malpract- ice																	
Travel	\$ +	1,050.87		204.65	+ 54.54		<u> </u>	+		\$ +	1,050.87						381.99
Advertising	\$	387.98		204.65	\$ 54.36	\$	35.74	\$	84.97		8.26						3.00
Miscellan-	\$	402.87	\$	104.97						\$	297.90	\$	124.52	\$	65.09	\$	108.29
eous	\$	601.47	\$	254.74						\$	346.73	\$	144.93	\$	75.76	\$	126.04
Total	\$58	37,147.75	\$	564.36	5163,627.82	\$8	37,361.70	\$14	13,872.86	\$1	91,721.01	\$	80,139.38	\$	41,891.04	\$6	9,690.59

Labor Method Allocation Percentages	Total Costs	Percentage
CLASS	\$ 158,386.27	41.80%
РНС	\$ 82,804.89	21.58%
DAHS	\$ 137,761.22	36.35%
Total	\$ 378,952.38	100.00%

Total Costs, Less Facility Costs Allocation

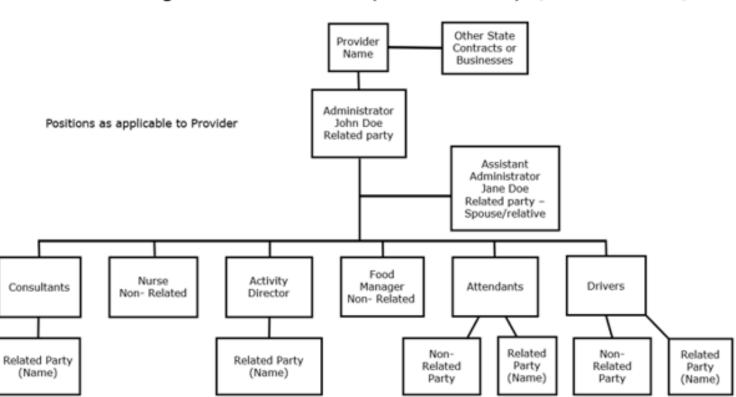
Adjusted Trial Balance – (enter full provider name)

Expenses	Total Costs	Disallowed	Direct Costs – Home Health (PHC)	Direct Costs – Adult Day Care (DAHS)	Shared Costs	Allocated Shared Costs – PHC (57.22%)	Allocated Shared Costs – DAHS (42.78%)
Salaries – Administra- tive	\$ 125,347.28				\$ 125,347.28	\$ 71,723.71	\$ 53,623.57
Salaries – PHC Attendants	\$ 87,434.22		\$ 87,434.22				
Salaries – Adult Day Care Attendants	\$ 33,254.88			\$ 33,254.88	8		
Salaries – Adult Day Care Drivers	\$ 25,492.12			\$ 25,492.12	2		
Contracted Nurse	\$ 9,482.66			\$ 9,482.66	5		
FICA/ Medicare	\$ 18,821.78		\$ 8,843.84	\$ 5,219.57	'\$ 4,758.37	'\$ 2,722.74	\$ 2,035.63
State & Federal Unemploy- ment	\$ 4,428.65		\$ 2,822.33			\$ 538.57	\$ 402.66
Employee Benefits/ Insurance	\$ 4,847.25		\$ 1,254.01	\$ 889.47	y \$ 2,703.77		

Expenses	٦	fotal Costs	Disa	llowed	ect Costs – me Health (PHC)	Α	ect Costs – dult Day re (DAHS)	Sh	ared Costs	Allocated Shared Costs – PHC (57.22%)		Sha	llocated ared Costs – DAHS 42.78%)
Office Lease	\$	9,000.00			\$ 2,400.00	\$	2,100.00	\$	4,500.00	\$	2,574.90	\$	1,925.10
Utilities	\$	8,945.67			\$ 2,385.51	\$	2,087.32	\$	4,472.84	\$	2,559.36	\$	1,913.48
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	3,256.88			\$ 842.64	\$	1,834.64	\$	579.60	\$	331.65	\$	247.95
Maintenance & Repairs	\$	1,846.74			\$ 246.25	\$	1,041.67	\$	558.82	\$	319.76	\$	239.06
Telecommun- ications	\$	3,008.16			\$ 401.68	\$	333.75	\$	2,272.73	\$	1,300.46	\$	972.27
Office Supplies	\$	1,501.80						\$	1,501.80	\$	859.33	\$	642.47
Medical Supplies	\$	874.64						\$	874.64	\$	500.47	\$	374.17
Insurance – General Liability	\$	1,254.00						\$	1,254.00	\$	717.54	\$	536.46
Insurance – Malpractice	\$	1,050.87						\$	1,050.87	\$	601.31	\$	449.56
Travel	\$	387.98	\$	237.65	\$ 54.36	\$	35.74	\$	60.23	\$	34.46	\$	25.77
Advertising	\$	402.87	\$	104.97				\$	297.90	\$	170.46	\$	127.44
Miscellaneous	\$	601.47	\$	254.74				\$	346.73	\$	198.40	\$	148.33
Total	\$	341,239.93	\$	597.36	\$ 106,684.84	\$	82,436.92	\$	151,520.81	\$	86,700.21	\$	64,820.60

Allocation Percentages	Tota	l Costs	Facili	ty Costs	osts, Less ty Costs	Percentage
РНС	\$	106,684.84	\$	5,874.40	\$ 100,810.44	57.22%
DAHS	\$	82,436.92	\$	7,063.63	\$ 75,373.29	42.78%
Total	\$	189,121.76	\$	12,938.03	\$ 176,183.73	100.00%

Appendix C. Organizational Flowchart Example



Organizational Chart for (Provider Name) (Current as of...)

Appendix D. List of Useful Lives for Depreciation

STAIRS will assign useful lives based on data input in **Step 8.e**. The following minimum depreciation schedules are discussed in 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(10):

Asset	Depreciation Schedule (Years)
Buildings	30
Building Additions	30
Cars and Minivans	3
Light Trucks & Vans	5
Buses and Airplanes	7
Used Vehicles	See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(10)(C)(ii)

Table 2. Minimum Depreciation Schedule.

Below is an abbreviated list of some useful lives as stated in the AHA's 2018 guide. Refer to the AHA publication for items not listed. The 2018 guide is effective for depreciable assets placed in service during the 2018 and subsequent fiscal years. Depreciable assets placed in service before the 2018 fiscal year should follow the guide in effect at the time.

Table 3. Depreciation Schedule.

Asset	Depreciation Schedule (Years)
Air Conditioning-5 tons or more	10
Air Conditioning System - Less than 5 tons	5
Apnea Monitor	7
Bath - Whirlpool	10
Bed - Flotation Therapy	10
Bed - Electric	12
Bed - Manual	15
Beepers - Paging	3
Bench - Metal or Wood	15

Asset	Depreciation Schedule (Years)
Bookcase - Metal or Wood	20
Breathing Unit - Positive Pressure	8
Cabinet	15
Camera - Video Tape	5
Cart	10
Chair - Geriatric	10
Chair - Guest	15
Chair - Shower/Bath	10
Chair - Guest	15
Chair - Shower/Bath	10
Chart Rack	20
Computer - Laptop	3
Computer - Personal	3
Computer - Printer	5
Computer - Software	3
Cooler - walk-in	15
Curtains and Drapes	5
Desk - Metal or Wood	20
Dishwasher	10
Dresser	15
Dryer - Clothes	10
Emergency Generator	20
Fax Machine	3
Fencing - Brick or Stone	25
Fencing - Chain Link	15
Fencing - Wood	8
Files - Regular	15
Flooring - Carpet	5
Flooring - Ceramic	20
Flooring - Vinyl	10
Food Service Furniture	15

Asset	Depreciation Schedule (Years)
Guard Rails	15
Housekeeping Furniture	15
Intercom System	10
Landscaping	10
Lawn and Patio Furniture	5
Nurse Call System	10
Nurses' Counter - Built In	15
Nursing Service Furniture	15
Oxygen Tank, Motor, and Truck	8
Parking Lot Striping	2
Paving - Asphalt	8
Paving – Concrete	15
Photocopier - Large	5
Photocopier - Small	3
Pump - Infusion	10
Railings - Handrails (interior)	15
Refrigerator - Commercial	10
Scale	10
Shrubs and Lawns	5
Sofa	12
Table - Food Prep	15
Table - Overbed	15
Table - Wood	15
Telephone System	10
Television	5
Ventilator/Respiratory	10
VCR	5
Washing Machine - Linen, Large	15
Wheelchair	5
Work Station	10

Appendix E. Self-Insurance

Self-insurance means the provider has assumed the risk to protect itself against anticipated liabilities. Self-insurance can also be uninsured. To qualify as an allowable self-insurance plan, a contracted provider must have an agreement with an unrelated party that does not provide for the shifting of risk to the unrelated party designed to provide only administrative services to liquidate those liabilities and manage risks. Such administrative costs are allowable costs that should be reported in **Step 8.f.**

There may be situations in which there is a fine line between self-insurance and purchased or commercial insurance. This gray area is particularly true of "cost-plus" type arrangements. As long as there is at least some shifting of risk to the unrelated party, even if limited to provider bankruptcy or employee termination, the arrangement will not be considered self-insurance. Contributions to a special risk management fund or pool operated by a third party that assumes some risk and has an annual actuarial review are allowable and are not considered selfinsurance. Examples of such special risk management funds and pools include the Texas Council Risk Management Fund and the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool.

- Allowable self-insurance costs for contracted providers include claims-paid (cash basis) costs, paid coinsurance provisions and deductibles, and compensation paid to employees injured on the job where the contracted provider has received certificates of authority to self-insure from the Texas Workers' Compensation Commission.
- Contributions to the insurance fund or reserve that do not represent payments based on current liabilities and security deposits related to the Texas Workers Compensation Commission Certificate of Authority to Self-Insure are not allowable self-insurance costs.
- Self-insurance costs more than costs for similar, comparable coverage by purchased and commercial insurance premiums are subject to a cost ceiling. Documentation substantiating the cost of comparable coverage by purchased and commercial insurance premiums must be obtained and maintained as specified in 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(2)(B)(ix). Refer to 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(13)(E) for more information.

Cost Ceilings

For employee-related self-insurance (health, dental, worker's comp, etc.), the ceilings are either:

- Cost that would have been incurred if purchased through a commercial policy; or
- Cost equal to 10 percent of the payroll of employees eligible for coverage.

For non-employee-related self-insurance (vehicle, building, etc.), the ceiling is the cost that would have been incurred if purchased through a commercial policy.

The amount above the ceiling may be calculated and carried over to future periods in the following manner.

For the initial reporting period:

- 1. Sum the allowable purchased insurance costs and the paid self-insurance claims for the cost-reporting period.
- 2. Calculate the self-insurance cost ceiling for the reporting period.
- 3. Compare items 1 and 2. If item 1 exceeds item 2, the costs exceeding the ceiling may be carried forward and expensed in future cost-reporting periods.

For subsequent reporting periods:

- 1. Sum the allowable purchased insurance costs and the paid self-insurance claims for the cost-reporting period.
- 2. Calculate the self-insurance cost ceiling for the reporting period.
- 3. Compare items 1 and 2.
 - A. If item 1 exceeds item 2, the costs exceeding the ceiling may be carried forward and expensed in future cost-reporting periods.
 - B. If item 1 is less than item 2, add the excess carry-forward amounts from previous reporting periods until the calculated cost ceiling is met.

Documentation Requirements

Maintain documentation that supports the number of claims paid each year and any allowable costs to be carried forward to future cost-reporting periods.

For employee-related self-insurance, obtain each fiscal year's documentation to establish what premium costs would have been if commercial insurance for total coverage had been purchased **or** determine the ceiling based on 10 percent of the payroll for the employees eligible for receipt of the particular coverage/benefit.

For non-employee-related self-insurance, document the cost that would have been incurred if the item were fully insured. Documentation must include bids from two commercial carriers, and documented bids must be obtained at least once every three years.

Appendix F. Importing Data into STAIRS

For a smaller provider, the ability of STAIRS to maintain data from year to year will be a positive and time-saving process. It is also possible to import large quantities of asset data into STAIRS. Preparers must follow the instructions to prepare a file for upload exactly to do this. If the data to be imported is not correctly formatted, it will not import correctly, and the system will be unable to use it.

All instructions for importing depreciable assets are in a Word document at the bottom right of every page in STAIRS. The document is titled "Asset Import Instructions."

Appendix G. Trial Balance

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I
1 2	Provider Name		Cost Report	Number		Period	_		
2 3 4		Trial Bala	nce Or Fina	ncial Statement use	Adjustments (as applicable)	To Cost Report			
	Revenues:		xx.xx						
6	DAHS		XX.XX						
	MCO Amerigroup		XX.XX			XX.XX			
	MCO Molina MCO Superior		XX.XX XX.XX			XX.XX XX.XX			
-	Private Pay		XX.XX			XX.XX			
	Medicare		XX.XX			XX.XX	Depends Ho	w cost report	is change
12	Veterans Administration		XX.XX			XX.XX	Depends Ho	w cost report	is changed
13 14									
	Expenses:								
		xx.xx				xx.xx			
		XX.XX				XX.XX			
18	Employee Benefits-Attendants	XX.XX				XX.XX			
19 20		XX.XX XX.XX				XX.XX XX.XX			
20		XX.XX				XX.XX			
21 22	Dietician	XX.XX				XX.XX			
23	Food Service Personnel	XX.XX				XX.XX			
		XX.XX				XX.XX			
25		XX.XX XX.XX				XX.XX XX.XX			
		XX.XX				XX.XX			
28	Owner	XX.XX				XX.XX			
29	Other administrative Staff	XX.XX				XX.XX			
		XX.XX				XX.XX			
31 32		XX.XX XX.XX				XX.XX XX.XX			
		XX.XX				XX.XX			
		XX.XX				XX.XX			
35		XX.XX				XX.XX			
36 37									
		XX.XX				XX.XX			
		XX.XX XX.XX				XX.XX XX.XX			
40		XX.XX				XX.XX			
41		XX.XX				XX.XX			
42									
		XX.XX							
44 45	Telephone Utilities & Telecommunications Subtotal	XX.XX XX.XX				xx.xx			
46	otilities & relecontinuitications Subtotal	~~~~				~~~~			
47	Building/Equipment-Contracted Services and R&M	XX.XX				XX.XX			
48									
		XX.XX							
		XX.XX XX.XX							
	Office Supplies	XX.XX							
53	Cleaning	XX.XX							
54	Operation Supplies - Subtotal	XX.XX				XX.XX			
63	Staff Training/Seminars-Non Admin Staff	XX.XX				xx.xx			
	Staff Training/Seminars-Admin	XX.XX				XX.XX			
65	Insurance - Liability	XX.XX				XX.XX			
66	Travel	XX.XX				XX.XX			
67 68	Fees - Management	XX.XX				XX.XX			
	Accounting Fees	xx.xx							
70	Payroll Fees	XX.XX							
71 72	Fees - Contracted - Subtotal	XX.XX				xx.xx			
	License and Permits	XX.XX				XX.XX			
	Interest - Other Taxes - Texas Corporate Franchise Tax	XX.XX XX.XX				XX.XX XX.XX			
76	Taxes - Other (Personal Property Tax)	XX.XX				XX.XX		-	
77	Staff Medical Supplies, Activity Supplies, &	XX.XX				XX.XX			
78	Emergency Personal Care Supplies	XX.XX				XX.XX			
	Housekeeping	XX.XX				XX.XX			
	Food, Beverages, and Food Supplies	XX.XX				XX.XX			
	Contracted Food services Other Food and food Expenses	XX.XX XX.XX	-			XX.XX XX.XX	-	-	
	Advertising - Public Relations	XX.XX XX.XX				XX.XX			
84	Advertising - Hiring	XX.XX				XX.XX			
	Dues and Memberships	XX.XX				XX.XX			
	Other	XX.XX				XX.XX			

Appendix H. Definitions

Accrual Accounting Method – A method of accounting in which revenues are recorded in the period in which they are earned, and expenses are recorded in the period in which they are incurred. If a facility operates on a cash basis, it will be necessary to convert from cash to an accrual basis for cost-reporting **purposes**. Care must be taken to ensure that a proper cutoff of accounts receivable and accounts payable occurred at the beginning and end of the reporting period. Amounts earned but not received and amounts owed to employees and creditors but not paid should be included in the reporting period in which they were earned or incurred. Allowable expenses properly accrued during the cost-reporting period must be paid within 180 days after the fiscal year-end to remain allowable for cost-reporting purposes unless the provider is under bankruptcy protection and has obtained a written waiver from HHSC from the 180-day rule under 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(1). If accrued expenses are not paid within 180 days after the fiscal year-end, and HHSC has not approved a written exception to the 180-day rule, the cost is unallowable and should not be reported on the cost report. If the provider's cost report is submitted before the end of the 180 days, and the provider later determines that some accrued costs have not been paid within the required 180-day period, the preparer should submit a revised cost report with the unpaid accrued costs removed. See 1 TAC Section 355.105(b)(1) for more information.

Administration Costs – The share of allowable expenses necessary for the overall operation of the contracted provider's business that is either directly chargeable or properly allocable to this program. Administration costs include office costs and central office costs (i.e., shared administrative costs properly allocated to this program), if applicable. Administration costs are not direct care costs.

Allocation – A method of distributing costs on a pro-rata basis. For more information, see Cost Allocation Methods in the <u>General Instructions</u> section and the Cost Report Training materials. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(j) for more information.

Allowable and Unallowable Costs – "Allowable and unallowable costs, both direct and indirect, are defined to identify expenses that are reasonable and necessary to provide contracted client care and are consistent with federal and state laws and regulations" (1 TAC Section 355.102(a)). According to 1 TAC Section 355.102(f)(1):

Reasonable refers to the amount expended. The test of reasonableness includes the expectation that the provider seeks to minimize costs and that the amount expended does not exceed what a prudent and cost-conscious buyer pays for a given item or service. In determining the reasonableness of a given cost, the following are considered:

- The restraints or requirements imposed by arm's-length bargaining, (i.e., transactions with nonowners or other unrelated parties), federal and state laws and regulations, and contract terms and specifications.
- The action that a prudent person would take in similar circumstances, considering his responsibilities to the public, the government, his employees, clients, shareholders, and members and fulfilling the purpose for which the business was organized.

Beyond the cost's reasonability, an allowable cost must also be necessary. 1 TAC Section 355.102(f)(2) defines "necessary" below:

"Necessary" refers to the relationship of the direct or indirect cost incurred by a provider to provide contracted client care. Necessary costs are direct and indirect costs appropriate in developing and maintaining the required standard of operation for providing client care following the contract and state and federal regulations. In addition, to qualify as a necessary expense, a direct or indirect cost must meet all of the following requirements:

- the expenditure was not for personal or other activities not directly or indirectly related to the provision of contracted services;
- the cost does not appear as a specific unallowable cost in 1 TAC Section 355.103 of this title;
- if a direct cost, it bears a significant relationship to contracted client care. To qualify as significant, the elimination of the expenditure would have an adverse impact on client health, safety, or general well-being;
- the direct or indirect expense was incurred in purchasing materials, supplies, or services provided to clients or staff in the normal conduct of operations to provide contracted client care;
- the direct or indirect costs are not allocable to or included as a cost of any other program in either the current, a prior, or a future costreporting period;
- the costs are net of all applicable credits;

- allocated costs of each program are adequately substantiated; and
- the costs are not prohibited under other pertinent federal, state, or local laws or regulations.

"Unallowable costs are costs that are neither reasonable or necessary" and should not be reported on the Medicaid cost report (1 TAC Section 355.102(g)). Providers may incur these costs, but these costs cannot be considered part of HHSC's rate determination processes.

Amortization – The periodic reduction of an intangible asset's value over its useful life or the recovery of the intangible asset's cost over the useful life of the asset. Assets may include amortization of deferred financing charges on the financing or refinancing of the purchase of the building, building improvements, building fixed equipment, leasehold improvements, and land improvements. The amortization of goodwill is an unallowable cost. The amortization of a Medicaid contract's purchase price itself (as opposed to the physical facility's purchase price) is an unallowable cost. For additional information, see instructions for Step 8.e. and 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(10).

Applied Income – The portion of the daily payment rate paid by the individual in residential programs. HHSC determines how much the individual is to pay.

Attendant Care for Community – "An attendant is the unlicensed caregiver providing direct assistance to individuals with Activities of Daily Living (ADL) and Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)" (1 TAC Section 355.112(b)). "Attendants do not include the director, administrator, assistant director, assistant administrator, clerical and secretarial staff, professional staff, other administrative staff, licensed staff, attendant supervisors... or maintenance...staff" (1 TAC Section 355.112(b)(2)). See the TAC reference for additional details and exceptions.

Bad Debt – Unrecoverable revenues due to uncollectible accounts receivable. Bad debts are not reported on the Medicaid cost report. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(20)(M) for more information.

Building (Facility) Costs – Costs to be reported as Facility Costs. When allocating shared administrative costs (central office costs) based upon the total-cost-less-facility-cost allocation method, the building (facility) costs to be removed from the cost calculation include Lease/Rental of Building/Facility/Building Equipment; Insurance for those items; Utilities, Maintenance, and Contract Services of those items; Mortgage Interest; Ad Valorem Taxes; and Depreciation for

Building/Facility/Building Equipment/Land/Leasehold Improvements. Building costs must exclude any goodwill (see definition for Goodwill).

Business Component – A separate business entity; a state contract, program, or grant; or an operation separate from the contracted provider's contract that makes up part of the total group of entities related by common ownership or control (i.e., one part of the entire related organization such as Medicare, CACFP, etc.). Each separate contract with the state of Texas is usually considered a separate business componentandentity. Each component code within a program is considered a separate business component for the IID programs. See also Central Office.

Central Office – Any contracted provider who provides administrative services shared by two or more business components is considered to have a central office. For cost-reporting purposes, a "central office" exists if shared administrative functions require allocation across multiple businesses. Central office costs are also known as allocated shared administrative costs. A separate corporation or partnership could provide the shared administrative functions or be a separate department or accounting entity within the contracted entity accounting system. The shared administrative functions could be provided in their own building or colocated with one of the entities for which they provide administrative services (e.g., the shared administrative functions could be provided from spare office space within a programmatic location).

- If an organization consists of two or more contracted entities, business components, service delivery programs that are owned, leased, or controlled through any arrangement by the same business entity, that organization probably has administrative costs that benefit more than one of the contracted entities, business components, service delivery programs, requiring that the shared administrative costs be adequately allocated across the contracted entities/business components/service delivery programs benefiting from those administrative costs.
- Typical shared administrative costs may include costs related to the chief executive officer (CEO), chief financial officer (CFO), payroll department, personnel department, and any other administrative function that benefits more than one business component. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(7) for more information.

Charity Allowance – A reduction in normal charges due to the indigence of the resident or participant. This allowance is not a cost since the services rendered are already included in the contracted provider's costs.

Combined Entity – One or more commonly owned corporations or limited partnerships where identical persons control the general partner as the commonly owned corporation(s). It may involve an additional Controlling Entity, which owns all members of the combined entity.

Common Ownership – "Exists when an individual or individuals possess any ownership or equity in the contracted provider and the institution or organization serving the contracted provider." If a business entity provides goods or services to the provider and has common ownership with the provider, the business transactions between the two organizations are considered related-party transactions and must be adequately disclosed. Administrative costs shared between entities with common ownership must be adequately allocated and reported as central office costs (i.e., shared administrative costs). See the definition for Related-Party. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(1) for more information.

Compensation of Employees – "Compensation includes both cash and non-cash forms of compensation subject to federal payroll tax regulations. Compensation includes wages and salaries (including bonuses); payroll taxes and insurance; and benefits. Payroll taxes and insurance include Federal Insurance Contributions Act (old age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI) and Medicare hospital insurance); Unemployment Compensation Insurance; and Workers' Compensation Insurance." See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(1) for more information.

Compensation of Owners and Related Parties – "Compensation includes both cash and non-cash forms of compensation subject to federal payroll tax regulations. Compensation includes withdrawals from an owner's capital account; wages and salaries (including bonuses); payroll taxes and insurance; and benefits. Payroll taxes and insurance include Federal Insurance Contributions Act (old age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI) and Medicare hospital insurance); Unemployment Compensation Insurance; and Workers' Compensation Insurance." Compensation must be made in regular periodic payments, subject to payroll or self-employment taxes, and verifiable by adequate documentation maintained by the contracted provider. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(2) for more information.

Component Code – Specific to IID programs, this is a three-digit code assigned by HHSC that is specific to one contracted provider. It may cover one or multiple contracts held by that provider. This code is added to the end of a string that reads "0000H0xxx" for HCS and TxHmL and "0000I0xxx" for ICF/IID to identify the provider in certain HHSC PFD communications.

Contract Labor – Labor provided by non-staff individuals. Non-staff refers to personnel who provide services to the contracted provider intermittently, whose remuneration (i.e., fee or compensation) is not subject to employer payroll tax contributions (e.g., FICA/Medicare, FUTA, or SUTA), and who perform tasks routinely performed by employees. Contract labor does not include consultants.

Contract Management – See definition for Management Services.

Contracted Provider – See definition for Provider.

Contracted Staff – See definition for Contract Labor.

Contracting Entity – The business component Medicaid contracts with to provide the Medicaid services included in this cost report. See Instructions for Step 4.

Control – "Control exists if an individual or an organization has the power, directly or indirectly, to significantly influence or direct the actions or policies of an organization or institution." "...control includes any kind of control, whether or not it is legally enforceable and however it is exercised. It is the reality of the control which is decisive, not its form or the mode of its exercise. Organizations, whether proprietary or nonprofit, are related through control to their directors in common." See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(1) and 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(3) for more information.

Controlling Entity – The individual or organization that owns the contracting entity. Controlling entity does not refer to the provider's contracted management organization.

Courtesy Allowance – A reduction in normal charges granted as a courtesy to certain individuals, such as physicians or clergy. This allowance is not a cost since the costs of the services rendered are already included in the contracted provider's costs.

Cost Report Group Code – The number used to identify an individual cost report. HHSC PFD will group one or more contracts for each legal entity into a cost report depending on rate enhancement participation level (if applicable), cost-reporting period, and other factors and will assign the Cost Report Group Code. The Cost Report Group Code for IID providers will be the component code.

Depreciation Expense – The periodic reduction of the value of an asset over its useful life or the recovery of the asset's cost over the useful life of the asset. For

additional information, see Instructions for Step 8.e. See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(10) for more information.

Direct Care – Care provided by provider personnel (i.e., Attendants, RNs, LVNs, and Therapists) to directly carry out the individual plan of care.

Direct Cost – An allowable expense incurred by the provider specifically designed to provide services for this program. If a general ledger account contains costs (including expenses paid with federal funds) attributable to more than one program, the individual entries to that general ledger account that can be specifically "charged" to a program should be charged to that program (i.e., direct costed or directly charged). Those general ledger entries shared by one or more programs should be adequately allocated between those programs that benefited. If an employee performs direct care services for more than one program area (or organization or business component), it will be necessary to direct cost (i.e., directly charge) that employee's costs between programs based upon actual timesheets rather than using an allocation method. If an employee performs both direct care services and administrative services within one or more organizations and business components, it will be necessary to document the portion of that employee's costs applicable to the delivery of direct care services based upon daily timesheets; time studies are not an acceptable method for documenting direct care employees' costs. Direct costs include both salary-related costs (i.e., salaries, payroll taxes, employee benefits, and workers' compensation costs) and non-labor costs such as the employee's office space costs (e.g., facility costs related to the square footage occupied by the employee's work area) and departmental equipment (e.g., computer, desk, chair, bookcase) used by the employee in the performance of the employee's duties. See the definition for Direct Costing.

Direct Costing – A method of assigning costs to specific units, divisions, cost centers, departments, business components, or service delivery programs for which the expense was incurred. Costs incurred for a specific entity must be charged to that entity. Costs that must be direct costed include health insurance premiums, life insurance premiums, other employee benefits (e.g., employer-paid disability insurance, employer-paid retirement contributions, and employer-operated child day care for children of employees), and direct care staff salaries and wages. See the definition for Direct Cost.

Facility Costs – See the definition of Building Costs.

Goodwill – The value of the intangible assets of a business, especially as part of its purchase price. Goodwill is not an allowable cost on the cost report. See instructions for Step 8 for instructions on the removal of goodwill.

Legend Drug (prescription drug) – Any drug that requires an order from a practitioner (e.g., physician, dentist, nurse practitioner) before it may be dispensed by a pharmacist or any drug that may be delivered to a resident by a practitioner during the practitioner's practice.

Management Services – Services provided under contract between the contracted provider and a person or organization to provide for the operation of the contracted provider, including administration, staffing, maintenance, or delivery of resident/participant care services. Management services do not include contracts solely for maintenance, laundry, or food service. If the provider contracts with another entity for the management or operation of the program, the provider must report the specific direct services costs of that entity and not the amount for which the provider is contracted provider's central office must be reported as central office costs on the cost report." See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(6) and 1 TAC Section 355.457(b)(2)(A) for more information.

Medicaid-only Resident/Participant – Residents/participants who are eligible recipients of Medicaid vendor payments and who **are not eligible** for payments for ancillary services from other sources (such as Medicare or private insurance).

Necessary – "Refers to the relationship of the cost, direct or indirect, incurred by a provider to the provision of contracted care. Necessary costs are direct and indirect costs that are appropriate in developing and maintaining the required standard of operation for providing care for individuals in accordance with the contract and state and federal regulations." See TAC reference for additional requirements. See 1 TAC 355.102(f)(2) for more information.

Net Expenses – "Net expenses are gross expenses less any purchase discounts or returns and purchase allowances. Only net expenses should be reported on the cost report." See 1 TAC Section 355.102(k) and 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(18)(D) for more information.

Non-Medicaid Residents/Participants – Non-Medicaid residents and participants include, but are not limited to, private pay, private insurance, Veterans

Administration, QMB, Medicaid Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (MQMB), and Dual Eligible (Medicare/Medicaid) residents/participants.

Non-Reimbursed Service – Report any units where an individual received services, but any payer source did not reimburse the unit. This can include individuals served who lost Medicaid eligibility and were not reimbursed; thus, there is no associated revenue at the time.

Owner – "An individual (or individuals) or organization that possesses ownership or equity in the contracted provider organization or the supplying organization..." "A person who is a sole proprietor, partner, or corporate stockholder-employee owning any of the outstanding stock of the contracted provider is considered an owner," regardless of the percentage of ownership. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(2) and 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(2)(A)(i) for more information.

Private Pay – Report any units of service and revenue for services paid by another payer source. This can include private pay and private insurance. Do not report: Veterans Administration and QMB, STAR Kids, MDCP, PCS, or other Medicaid services. Do not include Medicare or federal government services or other business components not listed.

Provider – The individual or legal business entity contractually responsible for providing Medicaid services (i.e., the business component with which Medicaid contracts for providing the services to be reported in this cost report). Also known as a contracted provider. See the definitions for Component Code, Contracting Entity, and Cost Report Group.

Purchase Discounts – Discounts such as reductions in purchase prices resulting from prompt payment or quantity purchases, including trade, quantity, and cash discounts, result from the type of purchaser the contracted provider is (i.e., consumer, retailer, or wholesaler). Quantity discounts result from quantity purchasing. Cash discounts are reductions in purchase prices resulting from prompt payment. Reported costs must be reduced by these discounts before being reported on the accountability report. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(k) for more information.

Purchase Returns and Allowances – "Reductions in expenses resulting from returned merchandise or merchandise that is damaged, lost, or incorrectly billed." Expenses must be reduced by these returns and allowances before being reported on the cost report. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(k) for more information.

Reasonable – "Refers to the amount expended. The test of reasonableness includes the expectation that the provider seeks to minimize costs and that the amount expended does not exceed what a prudent and cost-conscious buyer pays for a given item or service." See TAC reference for additional considerations in determining reasonableness at 1 TAC Section 355.102(f)(1).

Refunds and Allowances – Reductions in revenue resulting from overcharges.

Reimbursement Methodology – Rules by which HHSC determines daily payment rates for services that are statewide and uniform by class of service and level of need.

Related – Related to a contracted provider means the contracted provider is associated or affiliated with, has control of, or is controlled by the organization furnishing services, equipment, facilities, leases, or supplies to a significant extent. See the definitions of Common Ownership, Control, and Related-Party at 1 TAC Section 355.102(i)(1) for more information.

Related-Party – A person or organization related to the contracted provider by blood/marriage, common ownership, or any association which permits either entity to exert power or influence, directly or indirectly, over the other. "In determining whether a related-party relationship exists with the contracted provider, the tests of common ownership and control are applied separately. Control exists where an individual or organization has the power, directly or indirectly, to significantly influence or direct the actions or policies of an organization or institution. If the elements of common ownership or control are not present in both organizations, the organizations are deemed not to be related. The existence of an immediate family relationship will create an irrefutable presumption of relatedness through control or attribution of ownership or equity interests where the significance tests are met. The following persons are considered immediate family for cost-reporting purposes: (A) husband and wife; (B) natural parent, child, and sibling; (C) adopted child and adoptive parent; (D) stepparent, stepchild, stepsister, and stepbrother; (E) father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law, son-in-law, sister-in-law, and daughter-in-law; (F) grandparent and grandchild; (G) uncles and aunts by blood or marriage; (H) nephews and nieces by blood or marriage, and (9) first cousins." Disclosure of related-party information is required for all allowable costs reported by the contracted provider.

Step 6 and **Step 8** of STAIRS both have sub-steps designed for reporting compensation of related parties (both wage and contract compensation) and

related-party transactions, including the purchase/lease of equipment, facilities, or supplies, and the purchase of services, including related-party loans (i.e., lending services). See also the definitions of Common Ownership, Control, Related, and Related-Party Transactions. See also the Cost Report Training materials. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i) for more information.

Related-Party Transactions – The purchase/lease of buildings, facilities, services, equipment, goods, or supplies from the contracted provider's central office, an individual related to the provider by common ownership or control, or an organization related to the provider by common ownership or control. Allowable expenses in related-party transactions are reported on the cost report at the cost to the related-party. However, such costs must not exceed the price of comparable services, equipment, facilities, or supplies that could be purchased/leased elsewhere in an arms-length transaction. See 1 TAC Section 355.102(i) for more information.

Resident – Any individual residing in a residential Medicaid program facility.

Resident Day – Services for one resident for one day. The day the resident is admitted is counted as a day of service. The day the resident is discharged is not counted as a day of service. A resident day is also known as a day of service and is the unit of service for a residential Medicaid program.

Revenue Refunds – Reductions in revenue resulting from overcharges.

Safety Program – An ongoing, well-defined program for the reduction/prevention of employee injuries. The costs to administer such a program may include the development/purchase and maintenance of a training program and safety officer/consultant costs. Salaries and wages for staff administering the safety program must be based on the hours worked on the safety program (from actual timesheets or time studies). These safety program costs should be reported as Administration Costs.

Self-insurance – See <u>Appendix E</u> and 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(13)(B) for more information.

Startup Costs – "Are those reasonable and necessary preparation costs incurred by a provider in the period of developing the provider's ability to deliver services. Startup costs can be incurred prior to the beginning of a newly-formed business and/or prior to the beginning of a new contract or program for an existing business. Allowable startup costs include, but are not limited to, employee salaries, utilities, rent, insurance, employee training costs, and any other allowable costs incident to the startup period. Startup costs do not include capital purchases, which are purchased assets meeting the criteria for depreciation," as described in the Cost Determination Process rules. "Any costs that are properly identifiable as organization costs or construction costs must be appropriately classified as such and excluded from startup costs. Allowable startup costs should be amortized over a period of not less than 60 consecutive months. If the business component or corporation never commences actual operations, or if the new contract/program never delivers services, the startup costs are unallowable." See 1 TAC Section 355.103(b)(20)(D) for more information.

Vendor Hold – HHSC rules specify that Medicaid payments from HHSC may be withheld from contracted providers in specific situations, as described in 1 TAC Section 355.111.

Workers' Compensation Costs – For cost-reporting purposes, the costs accrued for workers' compensation coverage (such as commercial insurance premiums and the medical bills paid on behalf of an injured employee) are allowable. Costs to administer a safety program for the reduction/prevention of employee injuries are not workers' compensation costs; instead, these costs should be reported as Administration Costs. See the definition of Safety Program for more information.

Appendix I. Schedule D and E

Schedule D1: Building Lease Information

If you lease your nursing facility building, you must complete Schedule D1 and attach a copy of the lease agreement(s) in effect during your cost-reporting period. A copy of the lease agreement must be attached to **each** year's cost report and properly cross-referenced: submission of the lease agreement with a prior year's cost report does not exempt a facility from the requirement to submit a copy of the agreement with the current cost report Schedules and attachments. The lease agreement must be signed by all interested parties and include all sections and attachments.

If the name of the leased facility as listed on the lease is different from the name of the facility as listed on the cover page of the automated cost report, please provide a written explanation for the difference.

Item 1 (Type of Ownership of Lessor Entity): If your lessor entity's ownership type is not listed in item 1 (e.g., a trust), please indicate the type of ownership by writing it in.

Item 2 (Lessor Entity Identification): Complete all lines. Note that this year, we have added space for the contact person's name, title, and phone and fax number with the lessor entity.

Item 4 (Lessor Entity Owners): This year, in addition to name and title, you are required to provide the percent ownership for each individual with 5% or more ownership interest in the lessor entity. If the lessor ownership type is a trust, list each beneficiary of the trust with 5% or more interest in the trust.

Note: If indicated "Yes" on Step 8a (Was the nursing facility building leased during the cost-reporting period?) and/or reported a cost on Step 8f (Rent / Lease - Building and Building Equipment Program Admin & Operations), you must complete Schedule D.

If two or more leases were in effect during your cost-reporting period, you must complete a separate Schedule D for each lease and provide a table showing the time period each lease was in effect.

Schedule D2: Central Office/Shared Administration Building Lease Information

See the instructions above for Schedule D1. It is not required to submit a copy of the central office/shared administration building lease with the cost report Schedules and attachments unless the lease is with a related party individual/organization. Central office leased building costs should be reported in Step 8f Rent / Lease - Building and Building Equipment_Central Office.

Schedule E: Contract Management Information

If the facility received contracted facility management services (as defined in the Definitions section of these instructions), Schedule E must be completed, and a copy of the management agreement(s) in effect during your cost-reporting period must be uploaded to STAIRS. A copy of the management agreement must be uploaded with each year's cost report and properly cross-referenced: submission of the agreement with a prior year's cost report does not exempt a facility from the requirement to submit a copy of the management agreement with the current cost report Schedules and attachments. All interested parties must sign the management agreement and include all sections and attachments. If there is no written management agreement, attach and cross-reference a written explanation for why this is so.

Item 1 (Type of Ownership of Managing Entity): If the type of ownership of your managing entity is not a listed option in item 1 (e.g., a trust), please indicate the type of ownership by writing it in.

Item 2 (Managing Entity Identification): Complete all lines. Note that this year, we have added space for the name, title, and phone and fax number of a contact person with the managing entity.

Item 3 (Related Party Information): Indicate Yes or No.

Item 4 (Managing Entity Owners): Please note that this year, in addition to name and title, are required to provide the percent ownership for each individual with 5% or more ownership interest in the managing entity. If the managing entity ownership type is a trust, list each beneficiary of the trust with 5% or more interest in the trust.

Note: If the provider answered "Yes" to" Do you have any contracted management costs to report?" on Step 6a and/or reported a cost for "Fees - Management Contract" on Step 8f, the provider must complete Schedule E. The provider must complete Schedule E for both nonrelated

party and related party management agreements. Related party management expenses must be reported at the cost to the related party as central office expenses. The costs are separately reported by cost category, as in Step 7 (Payroll Taxes) and Step 8f. Central Office costs may not be collapsed into a single item.

If two or more management agreements were in effect during your costreporting period, you must complete a separate Schedule E for each management agreement and provide a table showing the time period each agreement was in effect.

	SCHEDULE	9-Digit Contract#
Texas Nursing Facility	E	

CONTRACT MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

NOTE: If the provider receives contracted facility management services, complete this schedule and UPLOAD A COPY OF THE SIGNED MANAGEMENT CONTRACT. Cost reports submitted without a copy of the signed management contract will be considered incomplete and may be returned for proper completion and resubmission.

1. Type of ownership of Managing Entity: (Checkonly one of the following)

Proprietary or Profit		Nonprofit	
1. Sole Owner	4. LimitedLiability Company	7. Owned or affiliated with religious or ganization	
2. Partnership	5. S" Corporation	8. Not owned or affiliated with religious organization	
3. Limited Partnership	6. Corporation	9. Governm ental Entity	

2. Managing Entity Identification

Name of M anaging Entity				
Address (street or P.O. Box, city, state, 9-digit zip):				
Name of Contact Person	Contact Person's Title			
Contact's Phone Number (including area code)	Contact's FAX Number (including area code)			

4. For Managing Entity, give the name of the sole owner or the names of the following which have 5% or more ownership interest: partners or joint ventures in a partnership; general partner and limited partners in a limited partnership; officers, directors and s tockholders in a corporation. An ownership interest can be direct or indirect. Attach additional schedules, if needed.

Name	Title	% Owners h i p			
Name	Title	% Owners hip			
Name	Title	% Owners h i p			
Name	Title	% Owners hip			
Name	Title	% Owners hip			
1 value	1100	70 Owness nip			
Name	Title	% Owners h i p			
ATTACH A COPY OF SIGNED MANAGEMENT CONTRACT Attachment#:					

Schedule E

Yes